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FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
BOARD OF PRISON COMMISSIONERS
OF
MASSACHUSETTS,

INCLUDING THE REPORTS OF THE

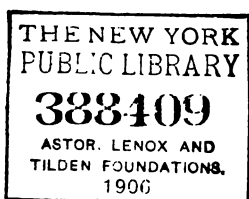
WARDEN OF THE STATE PRISON,
SUPERINTENDENT OF THE MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY, AND
SUPERINTENDENT OF THE REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1905.

JANUARY, 1906.



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APPROVED BY
THE STATE BOARD OF PUBLICATION.

NOTE ON THE CONTENTS.

This document begins with a general report of the Prison Commissioners, which briefly summarizes the ordinary affairs, and includes a special report on the imprisonment of women. This part of the report also embraces such recommendations and suggestions as it seems desirable to bring to the attention of the General Court.

The subdivisions containing the details of this document are briefly summarized as follows :—

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The statistics relating particularly to the State Prison and reformatories are included in the respective reports of the warden and superintendents. Statistics that are common to all prisons will be found in the general tables. The index contains a reference to every separate topic of the report.



BOARD OF PRISON COMMISSIONERS,
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON.

FREDERICK G. PETTIGROVE, *Chairman,*

MARGARET P. RUSSELL,

MARY V. O'CALLAGHAN,

HENRY PARKMAN,

ARTHUR H. WELLMAN,

Commissioners.

Secretary,

J. WARREN BAILEY.

List of State and County Prisons.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

NAME OF PRISON.	Location and P. O. Address.	Name and Title of Principal Officer.	Annual Salary.
State Prison,	Boston; P. O., Charles- town.	Benjamin F. Bridges, Warden.	\$4,000 00
Massachusetts Reformatory, . .	Concord; P. O., Concord Junction.	Charles S. Hart, Superin- tendent.	3,500 00
Reformatory Prison for Women, .	Sherborn; P. O., South Framlingham.	Mrs. Frances A. Morton, Superintendent.	2,000 00
State Farm,	Bridgewater; P. O., State Farm.	Hollis M. Blackstone, Superintendent.	3,000 00
Temporary Industrial Camp for Pris- oners.	Rutland; P. O., West Rutland.	William A. Witham, Superintendent.	1,800 00

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

COUNTY.	Location and P. O. Address.	Name of Keeper or Master.	Annual Salary.
Barnstable,	Barnstable,	George H. Cash, . . .	\$600 00
Berkshire,	Pittsfield,	John Nicholson, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Bristol,	New Bedford, . . .	J. Arthur Taylor, . . .	2,000 00
	Taunton,*	I. Granville Carrier, . .	900 00
Dukes County,	Edgartown,*	Eben D. Earle,	200 00
Essex,	Ipswich,†	Howard G. Lane, . . .	1,200 00
	Lawrence,	Charles A. Stillings, . .	1,300 00
	Newburyport,* . . .	Charles L. Ayers, . . .	1,200 00
	Salem,	Sam'l A. Johnson, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Franklin,	Greenfield,	Charles S. Richardson, . .	1,000 00
Hampden,	Springfield,	Embury P. Clark, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Hampshire,	Northampton, . . .	Jairus E. Clark, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Middlesex,	Cambridge; P. O., East Cambridge.	John R. Fairbairn, Sheriff,	1,000 00
	Lowell,*	Alvah S. Baker,	1,500 00
Nantucket,	Nantucket,	Frederick F. Parker, . .	50 00
Norfolk,	Dedham,	Samuel H. Capen, Sheriff,	1,000 00
Plymouth,	Plymouth,	Henry S. Porter, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
Suffolk,	Boston; Charles Street,*	Fred H. Seavey, Sheriff, .	1,000 00
	Boston; Deer Island, Boston Harbor.†	James R. Gerrish, . . .	2,500 00
	Fitchburg,	B. D. Dwinell,	1,400 00
Worcester,	Worcester,	R. H. Chamberlain, Sheriff,	1,000 00

NOTE. — Places marked with a * are jails only; those marked with a † are houses of correction only. All others have a jail and house of correction combined. In every case the keeper or master is provided with a residence free of rent, and in a few instances the other living expenses are paid by the county.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, January, 1906.

To the Honorable the Senate and the House of Representatives in General Court assembled:

The fifth annual report of the Board of Prison Commissioners is respectfully submitted herewith. The details of this report cover the year beginning Oct. 1, 1904, and ending Sept. 30, 1905. In the various parts of the report there will be found itemized information concerning the condition of the prisons, commitments, sentences, etc., with the required statistics as to arrests, probation and criminal prosecutions, together with a general account of the industries.

The whole number of sentences to all prisons was 28,545; this is 1,149 less than last year, and but 1,079 more than the number in the census year of 1895. The population of the State has grown about 20 per cent. in ten years, but the prison statistics show a diminution in the total commitments for crimes against the person, only a slight increase for crimes against property, and if the offence of drunkenness were omitted there would also be a large reduction in the number for crimes against public order. In 1895 there were 1,936 commitments for crimes against the person; in 1905 there were only 1,402. For crimes against property in 1895 there were 3,045 persons committed, and in 1905 there were 3,149,—an increase of 104 only. For crimes against public order, exclusive of the commitments for drunkenness, there was a large reduction; the whole number of commitments in 1895 for all crimes of this class, excepting drunkenness, was 4,112, and in 1905 the number of such commitments was only 3,346.

The prison population on Sept. 30, 1905, was 6,415; this is smaller by 475 than last year and 1,213 less than were held in custody ten years ago. The State Prison had a larger number of inmates than in 1895, but the Massachusetts Reformatory had 159 less, and the Reformatory Prison for Women, 147 less. The other places, including the State Farm and county prisons, had 1,050 less than in 1895.

State Prison.

The number of prisoners in the State Prison on September 30 was 843, being 29 less than at the close of the preceding year. The population still exceeds the number of single cells, but it has not been necessary to keep a number of prisoners in a dormitory, because the large rooms in the separate imprisonment building can readily accommodate two prisoners. By the exercise of care in the assignment of the prisoners who are to occupy the large cells together, the warden has avoided any annoyance or disturbance of discipline on that account.

It was found necessary last summer to strengthen the chapel floor, because an examination by experts disclosed a defect that might develop into a serious weakness if not immediately remedied. The small expense of this work was paid out of the general appropriation.

As far as the statutes will permit, and the limited facilities of the prison will allow, the prisoners have been well employed; and the industries are in good financial condition. Within a short time repairs will be needed on the shop buildings, and it is suggested that authority may be granted to use part of the industries fund for that purpose, and for making the special repairs on the houses as recommended by the warden.

Six prisoners have been sentenced to the State Prison for the third time during the year, but none of them were indicted and sentenced under the habitual criminal act. During the year, 4 prisoners held as habitual criminals have been released by the Governor and Council, and there now remain in custody 9 such prisoners, who have served severally from one year and a half to fifteen years.

Under an act passed in 1894 and amended in 1895, the commissioners have power to release by unanimous vote of all the members of the Board a prisoner who has served two-thirds of his sentence as shortened by deductions for good conduct. This applies only to prisoners sentenced for crimes committed prior to Jan. 1, 1896, when the maximum and minimum law took effect and established other conditions for the release. During the year 10 prisoners have been released by virtue of the parole law, which is now contained in section 114 of chapter 225 of the Revised Laws. There are left in the prison only a few prisoners who are subject to the terms of

this law, and some of them, having long sentences, will not become eligible for several years.

Ever since the establishment of the State Prison, the physician and surgeon there has received but a nominal salary, as he has always continued in private practice. The rules have never required his constant attendance, but only that, in addition to the daily visit named by the statutes, he should respond immediately to any special call from the prison. There has never been any legislation proposed to change this condition; but a literal reading of the Revised Laws would bring a physician hereafter appointed under the general prohibition against outside business for officers appointed by the warden. This restriction does not apply to the present physician because he holds his office under the old law. But it will be impossible to secure the services of a competent physician in case of a vacancy unless this restriction is removed or the salary is largely increased. It is recommended that section 17 of chapter 223 of the Revised Laws be amended by excepting the physician and surgeon from its provisions.

Massachusetts Reformatory.

At the Massachusetts Reformatory on Sept. 30, 1905, there were 852 prisoners, a reduction of 102 as compared with the preceding year. The buildings give sufficient accommodation for a much larger number of prisoners than are now at the place, and the cell-house and all administration departments are in good condition. Some repairs have been made on the wall this year, but no other special expenditures are required on the prison proper at the present time. The superintendent suggests that the means for the disposal of the sewage could be greatly improved by the addition of extra pumps and other appliances, at an estimated cost of \$5,500; and it is recommended that this sum be granted for that purpose. His recommendation for the installation of electric light fixtures in the houses occupied by the subordinate officers is also approved; it is not proposed that the electric light shall be supplied at the expense of the State, but that each tenant shall purchase the light from an outside plant.

The trade schools have become an exceedingly valuable part of the reformatory work, and the law in reference to making goods for public use has made it possible to derive a small income from the work of these schools as a partial offset to the expense of maintain-

ing them. All the iron beds needed for institutions use can now be made here in a branch of the school that was established two years ago. Much of the office furniture can also be supplied, but it has not been found advisable so far to make other kinds of furniture to any extent by hand work.

In the report of last year there was an explanation of the method of releasing prisoners on permit by the commissioners, and it may be useful to state briefly the practice in regard to the return of prisoners who violate the terms of the permit. Whenever it comes to the knowledge of the commissioners that a prisoner has been convicted of any crime punishable by imprisonment, his permit is promptly revoked and he is returned to the reformatory or transferred to some other prison, to be held on his reformatory sentence. In cases where no conviction has taken place the permit is not revoked without a careful examination. Prisoners who are delinquent in reporting as required by the conditions of the release are looked up by an agent. In most cases it appears that the failure to report is due entirely to carelessness, but if it appears that a prisoner has violated any other conditions of his release, his permit is revoked at once, and he is returned to imprisonment. The commissioners keep as much trace of prisoners who are at liberty from the reformatory as is possible with the small force at their disposal. Some improvement in this respect has been secured during the year by enlisting the co-operation of the probation officers, many of whom have expressed a willingness to receive and transmit the reports which the prisoners are required to send to the Prison Commissioners. Some of the officers have shown a great interest in this matter and have carefully verified the statements sent by the prisoners. It is the intention to develop this plan of co-operation as far as it can be done without unduly adding to the duties of the probation officers.

When the reformatory was established, in 1884, it was provided that prisoners might be removed thereto from the State Prison, but that they should not be given permits to be at liberty without the consent of the Governor and Council. This provision has been retained in section 117 of chapter 225 of the Revised Laws. A prisoner sentenced to the State Prison under the maximum and minimum law passed in 1895 may earn, by good conduct, the right to be released at the expiration of the minimum term of his sentence. If, however, such a prisoner is removed to the Massachusetts

Reformatory he cannot be released under the letter of the law without the consent of the Governor and Council. It is suggested that the law should now be changed so that a prisoner thus transferred shall be entitled to his release at the expiration of the minimum term if his conduct record is perfect.

Reformatory Prison for Women.

The number of prisoners remaining in custody on Sept. 30, 1905, was 189, only 1 less than at the close of the preceding year. It is needless to give details concerning the commitments to this prison, as that subject is quite fully dealt with in the special report printed herewith.

In the superintendent's report there is a suggestion that the sum of \$5,000 is needed to make certain repairs for the purpose of keeping the buildings in good condition, and it is recommended that this amount be granted for the purposes specified by the superintendent.

By chapter 29 of the Resolves of 1898 the commissioners were authorized to dispose of a small piece of land belonging to the prison, which is situated on Herbert street, South Framingham, and is not needed for the purposes of the reformatory. The only offer received for the land at that time was rejected by the commissioners, and authority to sell it has lapsed. There is reason to believe that it could now be disposed of, and it is recommended that the commissioners be permitted to sell it by public auction.

Under existing laws, when disease breaks out in a jail or other prison a removal may be made to any suitable place; when a prisoner in a jail, house of correction or workhouse is suffering from a disease which is dangerous to other prisoners he may be removed to a hospital by direction of the board of health; upon the certificate of the physician of a prison any prisoner not held for a capital crime may be placed in a hospital for surgical treatment or operation; and in certain cases a woman in a house of correction who is about to be confined may be placed in a workhouse. These provisions, however, do not cover all the instances where it occasionally seems desirable to make a removal to another place. It is suggested that the law on this subject should be broadened to include any cases of illness when it seems desirable to take a prisoner out of the prison for the sake of treatment. It is also recommended that the commissioners may be authorized to place in a hospital any prisoner in

the Reformatory Prison for Women who is about to be confined. The last recommendation is not made for securing suitable treatment, because that prison is always provided with the requisite skill and facilities for the proper care of such a case; but the change is urged out of consideration for the innocent.

Imprisonment of Women.

The General Court of 1905 passed a resolve reading as follows:—

Resolved, That the board of prison commissioners is instructed to investigate the advisability of amending the law relative to the commitment of female prisoners convicted of minor offences, and also the advisability of amending the law so as to require the more complete separation of females convicted of minor offences from those confined for other offences. The board shall embody in its next annual report such recommendations in the premises as it may deem advisable.

The general law as to the sentences of women is in section 16 of chapter 220 of the Revised Laws, as amended by chapter 224 of the Acts of 1904, and this provides that a female convict of whatever age may be sentenced to imprisonment in a jail or house of correction, or the Reformatory Prison for Women. There are sections also which authorize imprisonment in the State Farm of women convicted of certain offences. It is substantially correct to say that for all misdemeanors women may be sentenced to the State Farm, to the Reformatory Prison for Women or to any jail or house of correction; while for felony they may be sent to any of these places excepting the State Farm.

Prisoners may be removed to the reformatory from all the jails and houses of correction and from the State Farm; but the commissioners do not transfer to Sherborn any woman who has a shorter sentence than one year, because it is not deemed advisable to bring into a closer association prisoners serving for the same offences and having terms of imprisonment varying from a few months to five years. If all sentences were indeterminate it might be practicable to classify prisoners according to offences.

The form of sentence to the Reformatory Prison for Women is now indeterminate, and prisoners committed under that system may be held not more than two years for misdemeanor, and not more

than five years for felony. Prisoners sentenced to the State Farm may be held one year if sent for drunkenness, or two years if sent for other offences.

The whole number of women committed to all the prisons in the Commonwealth for the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, was 3,010. Of this number 215 were committed to the Reformatory Prison for Women. Of the 2,672 sent to the jails and houses of correction, 1,309 were committed to Deer Island alone, 35 of those committed to Sherborn were sentenced for felony, and of the large number sent to the jails and houses of correction only 36 received sentences of one year or more. A very large proportion of the women were sentenced for drunkenness, the number for that offence being 2,230. As to the number remaining at the close of the year, which indicates the character of the prison population better than the statistics of commitments, it should be noted that in the Reformatory Prison for Women on September 30 there were 27 prisoners held for offences against the person and property, while in the jails and houses of correction, including long and short sentences alike, there were only 42. In the Reformatory Prison for Women 75 were held for drunkenness, in the State Farm 63, and in the jails and houses of correction 291. Two of the women held for manslaughter and murder were at Sherborn and 2 in the jails and houses of correction.

The statistics for the last five years show that about 20 per cent. of the reformatory commitments were of women who had served sentences in that place before; but this high percentage is due entirely to the recommitments for drunkenness. For example, last year there were 30 women committed to Sherborn for offences against person and property, and of these only 3 had been in the prison before. As a rule the women who go to prison for drunkenness are older than those sentenced for other offences, and generally have passed an age when they would readily take impressions from their younger associates.

Many of the women committed for drunkenness have already served sentences for that or another offence, and some of those committed for the first time have been before the court, and either put on probation or otherwise disposed of without a sentence. Under the present liberal provisions of the probation law there is little chance of a first offender going to Sherborn. The judges, as a rule, deal leniently with these offenders, and they do not im-

pose sentences except in aggravated cases, or upon the earnest importunity of relatives that imprisonment should be tried because all other attempts at correction have failed.

Concerning the changes in the law that may be necessary to secure a classification of prisoners, it seems that the most practicable step to take in the beginning is to provide that no women shall be sentenced to houses of correction for felony. In many of them there is no suitable provision for the employment of prisoners who are to remain a long time, whereas in the Reformatory Prison for Women there is constant occupation for all the prisoners. It is recommended that all women convicted of felony shall be punished by imprisonment in the Reformatory Prison for Women. This would eliminate from the houses of correction a few women who serve long terms. If this were done it would also be advisable to forbid a sentence to the Reformatory Prison for Women on a first conviction of misdemeanor. To a certain extent this would secure a classification of prisoners according to their criminal characters; that is to say, no woman convicted of a first misdemeanor would be compelled to associate with persons convicted of serious crimes. This classification is not always correct, nor would it be largely effective. Prisoners cannot be classified by ages nor by offences in such a way as to avoid incongruous conditions. If it were possible to have full knowledge as to the character of these prisoners they might be separated into more suitable groups.

But the plan of putting all cases of felony into Sherborn, and prohibiting the imprisonment at that place on the first conviction of a minor offence, would accomplish something in the way of better separation. It hardly seems practicable to make any other regulation by statute, but some additional protection against the evils of association might be obtained by a different arrangement of the buildings at the Reformatory Prison for Women. It is not deemed advisable to recommend such a large expenditure at Sherborn, at the present time, as would be required for the general adoption of the cottage plan. It might be well, however, to expend a small sum for the purpose of converting the open spaces, which at one time were used for recreation rooms, into separate cells, as contemplated by the original plan. This can readily be done at small expense because the foundations for the party walls were laid when the prison was constructed. Whenever a general classification is put into effect there will be a large addition to the

expense for maintenance ; more officers would be needed, and as the prisoners must be maintained in all respects in different departments, entirely apart from each other, the place could not be as economically managed as at present ; moreover, it would be impracticable to establish two workrooms for the principal industry, and that work would be available for only one class of prisoners.

If there is any general desire to consider the adoption of the cottage system for this prison an excellent example of buildings constructed on that plan, and of an institution managed under that system, can be seen at the State Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster. The inmates there, however, differ in age from the persons who go to the Reformatory Prison for Women ; and in order to observe how far an experiment with this system had progressed at the reformatory for women in New York, the chairman made a visit to that place early in January. The cottage system is used for the first grade ; 26 prisoners and 2 officers are in each cottage. The second-grade prisoners are kept in prison cells ; a few rooms are occupied by 2 prisoners. The third or punishment grade has a separate building. Prisoners are received for all offences, and the age limit is from fifteen to thirty years. In the cottages of the first grade all the domestic work for that class is performed. They are thus trained to live in association with each other, and the incident of housekeeping must have a more or less refining influence upon them. These cottages, however, are of recent origin. The first prison buildings were constructed with close cells, having no opening to the outer air. The experiment has not been under operation many years, but the superintendent at Bedford gives many strong reasons in favor of the cottage plan for all prisoners, and it would seem that the only objection to that plan must be on the ground of additional expense.

To change the Sherborn prison to make it like Bedford would be expensive ; and to make it into an institution where the cottage system should be used exclusively would mean an entire reconstruction of the buildings, and there would be an exceedingly large addition to the annual expenditure.

Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners.

During the first months of the year only a few prisoners were held at the camp, but since January 1 there has been a good working force kept here all the time. A fair-sized tract of land has been

cleared and made ready for cultivation, and good crops have been raised, considering the unfavorable weather at the close of the season, which affected all farming operations in that vicinity. So much work has been required to make over the old buildings and prepare the new for occupancy that the clearing and reclaiming of land has not received as much attention as will be given to it hereafter. The last report presented an account of the dormitory erected by outside labor and of the domestic building built by the prisoners. The old farmhouse, that was greatly dilapidated when the State took the land, has been made over entirely this year by the labor of the prisoners, and is now a comfortable dwelling-house. In addition to this building work a number of prisoners have been engaged upon the hospital prison for consumptives, and it will be necessary to employ a larger number next year for the purpose of completing that establishment. It is not proposed to make any expensive or elaborate buildings, either for the camp or hospital, and when modern appliances are put in they are adopted from motives of economy only. As far as primitive means can serve they will be continued. An abundance of field stone on the place has made it possible to do some work that would have been impracticable if it had been necessary to buy that material. This kind of construction is not only economical as far as the building processes are concerned, but it affords useful occupation for the prisoners.

Hospital for Consumptive Prisoners.

The hospital prison for consumptives, authorized by an act of last year, is now under construction, and one dormitory will be ready for occupancy within a few months. The first building will contain an open ward with space for 25 beds. There will be 12 small rooms for such cases as need to be secluded, either for special treatment or for security. The building will also have a room for clothing, etc.

The building now nearing completion, which is described on the plan as the east dormitory, is framed in wood, with the outside walls boarded and covered with iron. The inside will be suitably protected and finished with sheet iron or cement plaster on metal. The walls will have a sanitary finish approved by hospital authorities. The windows are to be guarded and the wards separated by iron screens. It is intended to make a sleeping platform outside the building and to securely guard it so that any prisoner may remain

in the open air at night if the physician directs such treatment. As the floors are to be of wood it was necessary to make a very substantial foundation, which could not be pierced by any attempts to escape if a man should have an opportunity to cut through the flooring. The buildings will rest upon a base of field stone laid in cement; and if it should ever be desirable to replace the present structure of wood by one of brick or stone, a sufficient substructure for a building of any weight is already provided.

It is proposed to add, as rapidly as possible, an administration building, with ample space for a laboratory, dispensary, physician's office, bathrooms, and all needed domestic departments; and to provide another dormitory building, which shall afford an opportunity for the safe keeping and treatment of consumptives in all stages of the disease. The original act provides that removals shall be made on the certificate of the prison physician, but it is suggested that it might be well to authorize the designation of an expert to act in conjunction with the prison physician in deciding as to what prisoners are proper subjects for removal to the hospital. The act establishing the hospital places the inmates of it in the custody of the superintendent of the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners. As these establishments are to be combined under one management they might properly be designated by one comprehensive title; and it is recommended that the place shall be known as the "Prison Camp and Hospital," a name that will sufficiently indicate the purposes of both branches.

The appropriation of \$25,000 granted last year will erect the two dormitories and the administration building and furnish them, but it seems desirable that there should be electric light in all parts of the place. It would greatly add to the convenience of administration in both places, also, if water could be laid on in the buildings, and a system of drainage provided. It is therefore recommended that the commissioners be authorized to expend the sum of \$5,000 from the prison industries fund for electric lighting, water supply and disposal of sewage.

Aiding Discharged Female Prisoners.

In the report of last year attention was called to the inadequacy of the appropriation for aiding discharged female prisoners. The sum would be sufficient if it were not expected that a portion of it

should be assigned to the Temporary Home at Dedham ; but if any substantial assistance is to be afforded to that institution, the appropriation must be increased. This was demonstrated last year, but no change was made in the amount. The General Court did, however, pass an act which contemplates that a still larger part of the appropriation shall be diverted to the assistance of charitable institutions ; the law was amended so that it now includes the Temporary Home for Discharged Female Prisoners and other similar institutions. It is suggested that if assistance of any value is to be given to these places a substantial addition must be made to the appropriation. Perhaps it would be better to make a direct grant for the aid of these places, basing the allowance upon the amount of support given annually by the respective institutions to discharged prisoners and to persons charged with crime whose cases have been disposed of without sentence.

Aid to Discharged Prisoners.

As a rule it is probable that the county prisons give as much assistance to discharged prisoners as would seem to be useful under all the circumstances, but the frequent applications for assistance at the Prison Commissioners' office by prisoners who have been recently discharged from the jails and houses of correction, in some cases by men who are undoubtedly worthy of help, leads to the belief that it may be wise to consider the question of allowing a larger sum to be expended for this purpose, at the discretion of the officers in charge of the prisons.

Identification of Criminals.

An act of 1905 relative to the identification of criminals requires the prison officers to make records of certain prisoners and to send them to the office of the Prison Commissioners, who shall appoint an agent to take care of that work. No appropriation was made for the agent's expenses, and he has therefore not been appointed. The estimates of the commissioners for next year include an item for the salary and expenses of the agent. It is respectfully suggested that this law would be improved if the restrictions to cases of felony were removed, and it should be applied to all offenders alike, as it could be without the least risk of subjecting a person to danger excepting from his own wrong-doing. Perhaps it would be better if this work

were done under the direction of the district police department, where there is already one office established for the identification of criminals; but whether it remains with the Prison Commissioners or is transferred to the district police, provision should be made for the employment of a competent agent, who could give instruction in the various methods of identification now authorized by law.

Removal of Prisoners.

In 1904 there were 285 removals made by order of the commissioners, and in 1905 the number of these removals was 418. This large addition exhausted the appropriation before the end of the year, and a few removals were paid for out of the contingent funds of the respective institutions. An increased appropriation has been requested, but even if that is granted it is not likely that it will suffice to pay the expense of removing all the prisoners after the hospital prison is established at Rutland. It is recommended that to avoid any deficiency in this matter special removals made at the request of other authorities shall be paid for by the prison from which the prisoner is taken. An unusual number of these requests were received in 1905, and if they continue in the same degree the appropriation will be inadequate again. In this connection it is suggested that the law of 1903 should be revised so that only the bills for such removals as are ordered by the commissioners shall require their approval.

Change in Fiscal Year.

Attention is called to the difficulty of complying with the law of last year, which established a fiscal year for all departments. It would simply be an impossibility to present this report earlier than March if the year for the returns upon which it is based should be changed from the 30th of September to the 30th of November, and we respectfully recommend that this report be granted the same exemption that was applied to the insurance department when this subject was under consideration last year. For all purposes of information it would seem to be quite as useful to continue the statistics and financial statements for the year ending September 30 as to change it to the later and more inconvenient date.

Estimates.

In accordance with an act of 1905, which provides that the appropriations shall be made for eleven months, as the fiscal year is hereafter to begin on December 1, the following amounts have been requested for the support of the prisons: —

It is estimated that the sum of \$74,250 will be required for the salaries of the officers at the State Prison next year, and that \$74,137 will be needed for the expenses.

The estimates for the Massachusetts Reformatory are \$76,450 for salaries of officers, \$23,833 for instructors, teachers, etc., and \$99,367 for other expenses.

For the Reformatory Prison for Women the estimates are as follows: salaries, \$22,900; other expenses, \$29,400.

The Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners cannot be maintained for a smaller amount than was used last year, and a proportionate part of \$17,500 has been requested. The hospital prison will be opened some time in 1906, and it is recommended that the commissioners be authorized to expend from the industries fund such a sum as may be needed for its maintenance during the remainder of the year.

Respectfully submitted,

FREDERICK G. PETTIGROVE,
MARGARET P. RUSSELL,
HENRY PARKMAN,
MARY V. O'CALLAGHAN,
ARTHUR H. WELLMAN,

Prison Commissioners.

J. WARREN BAILEY,
Secretary.

STATE PRISON.

BOSTON (post-office address, CHARLESTOWN, MASS.).

WARDEN'S REPORT.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 7, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I respectfully submit to you the annual financial and statistical report of the State Prison.

Nothing unusual has happened to mark the year as different from those of the past. Expenses in maintenance have been slightly curtailed; per capita increase in average population over last year was eighteen. Industries have been fairly prosperous, making a gain over the previous year, and enabling us to deposit in the treasury from our collections nearly fifty thousand dollars in excess of expenditures.

After careful consideration, it was thought advisable to have the experts on insanity make a careful examination of prisoners whose conduct for a long time had been such as to raise a strong doubt in our minds as to their responsibility for their acts, and the result was that quite a large per cent. of those examined were found to have mental trouble, and were recommended to the Governor by the experts for transfer to the State Asylum for Insane Criminals at Bridgewater for treatment. In consequence of their reports twenty-seven were transferred during the year. The greatest caution was exercised to avoid deception, some of these men having been kept under observation for a considerable length of time and subjected to long and repeated examinations. The records of many of these men having been so bad while in prison, lead us to believe that they were mentally unsound when received. I feel strongly that when such cases are determined they should have expert treatment, rather than to continue under prison discipline.

I commend the officers and employees of the institution for their faithful efforts.

I recommend the following appropriations as necessary for the proper maintenance of the prison property and population for the eleven months ending Nov. 30, 1906: officers' salaries, \$74,250; repairs, \$6,413; provisions, \$32,084; bedding and clothing, \$6,875; education, \$913; discharged prisoners, \$682; fuel and lights, \$11,550; water, \$4,400; contingent, incidental and traveling expenses, \$11,220; total, \$148,387. I also recommend \$2,000 for improvements on houses occupied by officers.

Being very grateful for your continued encouragement, I am,

Your obedient servant,

B. F. BRIDGES,

Warden.

Names of Officers of the State Prison, Date of Appointment, Rank, Annual Salary and Amount received during the Year.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Amount Received.
Bridges, Benjamin F.,	March, 1893,	Warden,	\$4,000 00	\$4,000 00
Allen, Nathan D.,	Nov., 1894,	Deputy warden, .	2,000 00	2,000 00
Darling, Edward A.,	Aug., 1895,	Clerk,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Barnes, John W. F.,	Jan., 1881,	Chaplain,	2,000 00	2,000 00
McLaughlin, Joseph I.,	June, 1891,	Physician,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Greenough, Granville E.,	April, 1903,	Engineer,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Evans, George A.,	Sept., 1904,	Assistant engineer, .	1,000 00	1,000 00
Detheridge, Fred W.,	April, 1902,	Electrician,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fraser, Alexander,	May, 1898,	Turnkey,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fuller, Joseph,	Nov., 1866,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
McDonald, George,	June, 1878,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Piper, James H.,	July, 1868,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Aldrich, Charles E.,	April, 1885,	Watchman,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Anderson, Stephen E.,	Aug., 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Benjamin, Frank E.,	May, 1882,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Buswell, Warren H.,	July, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Cass, Michael J.,	May, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Caswell, Levi L.,	July, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Chellis, Herbert E.,	June, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Clarke, William F.,	Dec., 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Crockett, Pembroke S.,	Feb., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Darling, Robert L.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Day, Arad E.,	Oct., 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Devens, Thomas W.,	May, 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Donovan, Thomas H.,	June, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Douglas, James S.,	July, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Drake, Frank H.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Durgin, Asa L.,	Jan., 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fraser, Peter G.,	Aug., 1883,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Goodwin, Frank W.,	July, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Gwinn, James W.,	Aug., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hemenway, Merrick,	May, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hewitt, Fred E.,	Feb., 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Howard, Willis J.,	Aug., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hunting, Herbert W.,	Nov., 1866,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Hyde, Edwin O.,	May, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00

Names of Officers of the State Prison, etc. — Concluded.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Amount Received.
Lyman, Harry S.,	May, 1881,	Watchman,	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00
McFarland, Sylvester,	Jan., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Morley, Joseph A.,	Jan., 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Oates, John H.,	June, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
O'Connell, Michael C.,*	June, 1878,	"	1,200 00	1,000 00
Preston, Thomas,	April, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Sleeper, Eugene B.,	May, 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Stevens, Benjamin,	Jan., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Taft, Frank W.,	Nov., 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Taylor, Dwight B.,	May, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Temple, Philip H.,	Nov., 1897,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Townsend, John H.,	Aug., 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Witham, Edmund H.,	April, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Witham, Wood A.,	Aug., 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
York, Virgil D.,	Jan., 1882,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Rogers, Charles E.,	Dec., 1898,	"	{ 1,200 00 } 1,000 00	1,168 44
Taft, Jesse G.,	Sept., 1899,	"	{ 1,200 00 } 1,000 00	1,016 67
Sanborn, Willie B.,	April, 1904,	"	{ 1,200 00 } 800 00	966 67
Temple, Charles S.,	March, 1903,	"	{ 1,200 00 } 800 00	† 1,266 67
Ball, Reno W.,	Nov., 1900,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Haynes, William F.,	April, 1901,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
McLeod, Alexander J.,	April, 1901,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Stevens, Eugene C.,	Nov., 1900,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Godendorf, Herman,	May, 1902,	"	{ 1,000 00 } 800 00	875 28
Hill, Roscoe C.,	March, 1903,	"	800 00	800 00
Loring, Edward W.,	Aug., 1904,	Ass't watchman,	{ 800 00 } 750 00	787 50
Downing, Michael J.,	Sept., 1904,	" "	{ 800 00 } 700 00	755 10
Wood, Walter L.,	Aug., 1904,	" "	{ 800 00 } 700 00	762 49
				\$78,993 82

* Resigned.

† Includes increase of salary from August, 1904.

Details of Expenditure for State Prison Industries during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Box,	\$4,490 05	\$1,468 42	\$29 95	\$5,988 42
Brush,	8,287 74	2,336 88	44 95	10,669 57
Cloth and clothing,	32,946 23	3,273 70	516 18	36,736 11
Hand-made shoe,	19,310 25	2,005 29	278 67	21,594 21
Harness,	15,940 11	2,927 67	55 87	18,923 65
Hosiery,	3,403 38	1,234 19	164 41	4,801 98
Shoe,	222,420 82	10,073 81	3,381 81	235,876 44
Trunk,	6,428 75	1,334 21	47 21	7,810 17
Totals,	\$313,227 33	\$24,654 17	\$4,519 05	\$342,400 55

Details of Inventory of Stock on Hand for State Prison Industries Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Box,	\$994 85	\$275 00	\$1,269 85
Brush,	4,957 87	300 00	5,257 87
Cloth and clothing,	20,376 00	3,427 16	23,803 16
Hand-made shoe,	6,582 69	1,358 41	7,941 10
Harness,	9,680 49	789 19	10,469 68
Hosiery,	2,755 78	1,505 99	4,261 77
Shoe,	27,945 72	7,054 28	*35,000 00
Trunk,	5,341 91	219 00	5,560 91
Totals,	\$78,635 31	\$14,929 03	\$93,564 34

* The exact inventory of the shoe industry, after deducting the usual 10 per cent. for depreciation in the value of the tools and implements, was \$35,697.43. A special discount of \$697.43 was then made on the whole valuation.

Statistics of Prisoners.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1904,	872
Received under warrants from the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905,	175
Returned by order of Prison Commissioners (revocation of permit),	4
Returned by revocation of executive permit,	1
Returned from State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	2
	<hr/> 182

Whole number in the year, 1,054

Discharged between Oct. 1, 1904, and Sept. 30, 1905:—

By expiration of shortened sentence (chapter 225, section 113, Revised Laws),	2
By expiration of shortened sentence, United States Statutes,	2
By expiration of minimum sentence,	144
Died,	5
Pardoned,	15
Released by permit (habitual criminals, chapter 225, section 116, Revised Laws),	4
Released by parole (chapter 225, section 114, Revised Laws),	10
Removed to State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	27
Removed to Massachusetts Reformatory,	2
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Number remaining Sept. 30, 1905, 843

Largest number at any time during the year,	872
Smallest number at any time during the year,	837
Average daily number during the year,	852

Daily Average for Each Month.

October, 1904, 866	April, 1905, 850
November, 1904, 863	May, 1905, 847
December, 1904, 857	June, 1905, 846
January, 1905, 855	July, 1905, 845
February, 1905, 857	August, 1905, 841
March, 1905, 855	September, 1905, 844

Sentences of Prisoners received Last Year.

For 2½ to 3 years, 1	For 6 to 10 years, 2
2½ to 3½ years, 5	7 to 8 years, 2
2½ to 4 years, 6	7 to 9 years, 1
2½ to 4½ years, 1	7 to 10 years, 7
3 to 3½ years, 1	7½ to 10 years, 1
3 to 4 years, 13	8 to 10 years, 4
3 to 4½ years, 1	8 to 12 years, 1
3 to 5 years, 27	9 to 11 years, 1
3 to 6 years, 3	10 to 12 years, 2
3½ to 4½ years, 1	10 to 15 years, 2
3½ to 5 years, 4	12 to 15 years, 1
3½ to 6 years, 1	12 to 17 years, 1
4 to 5 years, 9	15 to 20 years, 3
4 to 6 years, 9	20 to 25 years, 1
4 to 7 years, 10	25 to 28 years, 1
4 to 8 years, 6	
5 to 7 years, 14	Total under maximum and minimum sentences, 162
5 to 8 years, 3	
5 to 9 years, 1	For 3½ years, U. S. prisoner, 1
5 to 10 years, 3	6½ years, U. S. prisoner, 2
5½ to 7½ years, 1	Life, 10
6 to 6½ years, 1	
6 to 7 years, 1	Total under definite sen- tences, 13
6 to 8 years, 9	
6 to 9 years, 1	

Sentences of prisoners now in the prison expire as follows:—

In 1906, 5	In 1918, 3
1907, 7	1920, 3
1908, 1	1922, 1
1909, 1	
1910, 4	35
1911, 4	
1913, 1	Maximum and minimum, 736
1914, 1	Life, 72
1915, 2	
1916, 2	Total, 843

Crimes and Former Commitments of Prisoners received in the Year.

CRIMES.*	WHOLE NUMBER OF PRISONERS	FORMER COMMITMENTS.				Number who had served Former Sentences.
		State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Jail or House of Correction.	State Prison in Other States.	
Abortion,	2	-	-	-	-	-
Abuse of female child,	3	-	-	-	-	-
Abuse of female children,	1	-	-	1	-	1
Accessory before the fact to crime of abortion,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Accessory before the fact to crime of corrupting a juror.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Accessory before the fact to setting fire to and burning a building.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Assault with intent to carnally abuse, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-
Assault with intent to commit sodomy, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-
Assault with intent to murder,	7	-	-	-	-	-
Assault with intent to rape,	7	-	-	19	-	1
Assault with intent to rob,	1	-	-	4	-	1
Assault with intent to rob, armed,	2	-	-	-	-	-
Assault and robbery,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Attempt to break and enter a dwelling-house with intent to commit larceny.	1	1	2	1	1	1
Breaking and entering,	26	12	15	56	-	21
Breaking and entering barn with intent to commit arson.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Breaking and entering post-office,	1	-	1	-	1	1
Breaking and entering with intent to commit rape.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Breaking and entering. Assault and battery,	1	-	-	-	1	1
Breaking and entering. Common and notorious thief.	1	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering. Having burglars' tools in his possession.	1	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering and larceny,	23	10	13	38	4	19
Breaking and entering and larceny and attempt to break and enter.	1	-	-	2	-	1
Breaking and entering and larceny. Carnal abuse of female child.	1	-	2	1	-	1
Carnal abuse, adultery,	1	-	-	1	-	1
Causing counterfeit coin to be made, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-
Common and notorious thief,	6	-	2	5	1	3
Forgery and uttering,	4	1	4	2	2	4
Forgery and uttering and larceny,	2	2	1	-	1	2
Having in possession burglarious implements,	3	-	-	-	2	1
Hiring persons to set fire to a building to defraud an insurance company.	1	-	-	-	-	-
Larceny,	9	-	1	5	-	2

* These crimes are described in the exact terms that are used in the warrants of commitment.

Crimes and Former Commitments of Prisoners, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	WHOLE NUMBER OF PRISONERS.	FORMER COMMITMENTS.				Number who had served Former Sentences.
		State Prison.	Massachu- setts Re- formatory.	Jail or House of Correc- tion.	State Prison in Other States.	
Larceny from a conveyance,	1	-	2	4	-	1
Larceny from the person,	2	-	2	3	1	2
Larceny from the person and attempt to com- mit larceny from the person.	2	-	-	-	2	2
Larceny in a building,	2	1	2	20	-	2
Larceny and larceny in a building,	1	-	-	3	-	1
Making counterfeit money,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Manslaughter,	8	-	-	1	1	2
Murder in second degree,	9	2	-	-	-	1
Perjury,	3	-	1	1	-	2
Perjury and forgery,	1	-	-	1	-	1
Polygamy,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Rape,	7	-	-	9	1	3
Rape and incest,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Receiving stolen goods,	2	1	-	2	-	1
Robbery,	10	1	5	18	-	7
Robbery. Assault to murder,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Statutory rape,	1	-	-	-	-	-
Unnatural and lascivious act,	1	-	-	1	-	1
Uttering forged checks and orders,	3	-	-	-	2	2
Uttering forged checks and orders for money with intent to defraud.	1	-	-	-	2	1
Uttering forged instruments,	1	-	2	1	-	1
Totals,	175	31	55	201	22	93

Of 843 prisoners now in prison, 129 are recommitments, viz.: —

For the second time,	88
For the third time,	31
For the fourth time,	6
For the fifth time,	4
Total,	129

Details concerning Prisoners committed in the Year to the State Prison for the Third Time.

Prison Number.	When Sentenced.	From what County.	Term of Sentence.	Crime.	Age.	Where Born.	When Discharged.
12043	Sept. 21, 1896,	Suffolk, .	Years. 2½-5	Forgery and uttering,	-	N. S.,	Mar. 21, 1899.
12565	June 12, 1899,	Suffolk, .	5-7	Forgery,	-	-	June 11, 1904.
13546	Feb. 16, 1905,	Suffolk, .	3-5	Forgery and uttering and larceny, . . .	31		
11797	July 15, 1895,	Suffolk, .	3½	Robbery,	-	Maine,	Nov. 1, 1898.
12951	Oct. 28, 1901,	Middlesex, .	2½-4	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	-	May 10, 1904.
13586	May 22, 1905,	Worcester, .	Life,	Murder in second degree,	33		
10988	Oct. 14, 1890,	Essex, .	3	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	Mass.,	May 23, 1893.
11849	Nov. 11, 1895,	Middlesex, .	5	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	-	Jan. 15, 1900.
13587	May 23, 1905,	Essex, .	4-6	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	45		
11292	June 13, 1892,	Middlesex, .	3 } 6 } 3 }	Breaking and entering. Breaking and entering,	-	Mass.,	June 18, 1897.
12685	Jan. 29, 1900,	Essex, .	4½-5	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	-	July 29, 1904.
13598	June 13, 1905,	Middlesex, .	4-8	Breaking and entering,	35		
12163	April 12, 1897,	Suffolk, .	4-5	Breaking and entering,	-	N. Y.,	Sept. 12, 1901.
12963	Nov. 11, 1901,	Suffolk, .	3-4	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	-	Jan. 27, 1905.
13623	Aug. 16, 1905,	Suffolk, .	4-8	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	29		
12272	Oct. 29, 1897,	Middlesex, .	2½-3	Breaking and entering and larceny, . .	-	R. I.,	Oct. 29, 1900.
12854	Feb. 12, 1901,	Bristol, .	3-4½	Committing an unnatural and lascivious act,	-	-	July 7, 1904.
13632	Sept. 11, 1905,	Middlesex, .	3-4	Breaking and entering,	41		

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

The following report of the medical department is respectfully presented : —

Patients admitted to the hospital during the year,	83
Days' residence in hospital,	4,817
Out-patients (total daily applicants),	5,206
Men excused from labor for a day,	1,543
Patients in hospital Sept. 30, 1905,	12

DEATHS.

12924, G — W —, Dec. 14, 1904, Arterio-sclerosis. Chronic nephritis.
 12983, F — M — C, May 8, 1905, Heart disease.
 10484, E — F — K —, June 27, 1905, Angina pectoris.
 9732, N — J — P —, July 3, 1905, Pulmonary tuberculosis.
 12704, T — F —, July 28, 1905, Hemiplegia. Acute pneumonia.

HOSPITAL CASES.

Medical.

Angina pectoris,	1	Monomania,	2
Bronchitis, chronic,	2	Morphinism,	1
Catarrh, chronic gastric,	2	Nephritis, chronic,	2
Catarrh, gastro-intestinal,	1	Neurasthenia,	1
Colitis, mucous,	2	Observation,	4
Debility,	1	Pleurisy, heart disease,	1
Grip,	2	Pleurisy, with effusion,	3
Heart disease,	1	Pneumonia, acute,	1
Hemiplegia,	1	Rheumatism, acute,	1
Hemoptysis,	2	Spinal sclerosis,	1
Insanity,	2	Syphilis,	4
Insanity, delusional,	5	Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	4
Iodism,	1	Typhoid fever,	7
Malingeringer,	1	Ulcer, gastric,	1

HOSPITAL CASES — *Concluded.*

<i>Surgical.</i>	
Abscess, tubercular, 1	Lymphangitis, 1
Circumcision, 1	Osteo-myelitis (tubercular), . . 2
Cystitis, 1	Perineal section, 1
Erysipelas, facial, 3	Teeth extracted (ether), . . . 1
Fracture, metacarpal, 1	Tonsilitis, 4
Fracture, tibia and fibula, . . . 1	Ulcer, leg, 1
Hemorrhoids, 3	Wounds, incised, 3
Keratitis phlyctenular, 1	Wounds, multiple, 1

There were five deaths, of which two occurred suddenly from heart disease outside of the hospital. At the suggestion of the Prison Commissioners a searching examination was made by Drs. H. R. Stedman, I. H. Hazelton and myself into the mental status of the prison population, and as a result twenty-seven of the prisoners were transferred to the asylum for criminal insane at Bridgewater. A number of these cases were suspected as being mentally unsound at the time of their commitment, which more extended observation confirmed. Two who were sent to the asylum in former years were returned as having recovered. Seven cases of typhoid fever occurring in different parts of the prison, but whose source could not definitely be determined, were promptly admitted to the hospital for isolation and treatment.

Yours respectfully,

JOSEPH I. McLAUGHLIN,

Prison Physician.

Oct. 2, 1905.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

The State Prison was first opened and occupied in November, 1805, a pile of granite and iron. Alterations and additions have followed, until its original appearance is almost wholly lost. Recently a gentleman interested in prisons, making a tour of it, remarked that "The growth of the prison idea for a century is expressed here in this establishment."

At first the punitive idea alone was maintained. Successive changes, however, standing as degrees of expression in its history, finally bring out the idea of recovery and reformation. Repression and hardship are displaced by helpful opportunity and encouragement, and from being simply a convict, the prisoner is now a man in whom may be aroused or restored the mind that will outgrow all the evil that has made him a prisoner.

The experiences of our prison history have developed a régime which, though severely handicapped by conditions of the institution, stands for the recovery and readjustment of the prisoner to acceptable citizenship. Discipline, instruction, secular and religious, with exemplary illustrations, are presented and relied upon for the achievement of this end in the prisoner's history. This is the prize set for each inmate of the prison, which he is encouraged to work for with tools and books until he wins.

The services in the chapel all occur in the forenoon of each Sunday, as follows: mass, 8.30; Sunday-school, 9.30; general service, 10.30. Rev. A. D. Malley has conducted the Catholic services, and attended to calls for his care in all fidelity, and in a spirit worthy of his cause, in favor of the best order of life and conduct for the prison and the prisoner's manhood. With the exception of the Sunday-school, the chapel services have been so attended as sometimes to tax to its limit the capacity of the chapel.

The general service has been greatly aided by members of the

Ashman family, Rev. D. H. Tribou, chaplain, U. S. N., Mrs. M. B. Booth, Rev. S. Stanley Searing, N. E. Reed, Esqr., Miss F. B. Adams, evangelist, who has also assisted in the Saturday afternoon prayer meetings, Mrs. Blanche B. Radcliffe and Miss Josephine R. Upham, who has been the prison pianist for the year. Hon. B. C. Clark has been an efficient worker in benevolent lines in the prison in behalf of all good-will and well-doing.

The prayer meeting has been held, as formerly, in the school-room on Saturday afternoons, during the hour of liberty in the yard. It has been a source of encouragement and help to better living, and a saving hope to men who have sought it.

Rev. S. Stanley Searing has stately visited the prison each month, to minister to those of his faith, who have now become a company of nearly forty, whose devotion to instruction and the truth he has given them makes an impression in the prison of no mean value in favor of right, purity and obedience to the Master who calls them.

The presence of thoughtful, godly people as visitors to men in the prison is a blessing in the interest of peace and good-will. So also is the presence and message of true friendship.

The Scriptures, as a whole or in parts, are furnished in twenty languages, and to all who desire them. If books of proper character in the foreign tongues could also be had, much unrest and feverish suffering might be avoided. The Moody Institute supplies books in the Scandinavian dialects, and also all we call for in English which they publish.

The Hebrews in the prison have enjoyed the presence and ministry of their own rabbis and teachers in the festival services of the seasons of Passover and New Year. Much care has been taken to secure for them books in Yiddish that they can read.

The prison orchestra has continued to be the hope and dependence of the song service of the chapel. With their assistance, our hymns are a ministry of satisfaction and comfort, where without the orchestra they would be lost.

The "Mentor," now in its sixth year, is still supplied to all readers in the prison each month. Of quarto size, from 40 to 60 pages, as occasion requires, it is still produced on the mimeograph, and holds its place in the thought of the prison, to quicken, invigorate and give method to habits of reading and study. The one who

from the first has done all the stylus work for the paper suddenly died in the office a few months since, — a shock and surprise to the prison. A comparatively newly arrived prisoner was given the stylus, and the paper, without interruption of appearance or usefulness, has made its regular appearance. It is still the product of prisoners alone, both as to matter and its production.

The Teachers' Association includes all teachers of either school and editors of the "Mentor." It is allowed an hour and a half each Wednesday afternoon to hold a meeting, under parliamentary rules, for self-improvement in discussion, reading essays and other prepared papers and articles of interest to them as teachers, in the prison schools or otherwise. They are furnished the reading of many of the best magazines and papers which can be supplied. These are passed also to students and friends of the school life in the prison, and it may be to the binder for further use through the library. The presence of this body in the prison, with its work and example, is a constant stimulus to the more profitable use of time and labor in favor of absolute gain in resources for a desirable future.

The school for beginners meets four afternoons each week for one hour, in the interest of those who cannot read or write. The results accomplished are surprising in the fitting of illiterate men for life's duties. As soon as a member of the school is able to read a newspaper, write, spell and cipher in elementary arithmetic, he must give place to one who cannot; for men are waiting for the possible places, as there is not room for all at once. The school contains about 40 scholars and 9 teachers. Its graduates may join the school of correspondence as they become sufficiently able in writing.

It can still be said that the graduates of this school do not return to prison for a second term. It can also be said of some of them that before coming to prison they were owners of houses, stores, lands and business, and still could not read or write.

The correspondence school has nearly 140 scholars and 29 teachers, who have from 1 to 23 scholars in their several classes, in twelve lines of studies.

Several students work independently of either school, and in some instances have the kindly help of practical men of their fellow prisoners, who are allowed occasions for such work.

Study is wholly voluntary, but if it is taken up with a will, all the ways of help are open to the student. As a rule, study is held to be an advantage, both for the present and the future, and it is true in nearly every case that life begins to have new resources when it is taken up, whatever department it may be in, and to do something well is the beginning of new hope. If work in the shop allows it, something to read or to study is taken along.

Each prisoner obeying all the rules may write one letter each month, and on each third month two, or sixteen each year. The number written for the year has been 8,297. Such men can receive all mail of proper character sent to them; letters so received have numbered 19,919.

As gifts from publishers, we get 75 copies of the "Youth's Companion," and the prison pays for the same number, and thereby gives us 150 copies of a delightfully profitable weekly paper. Through Mrs. M. B. Booth we receive 100 copies weekly of the "Volunteers' Gazette," a deservedly popular paper in the prison. The prison purchases 50 copies weekly of "Sabbath Reading," a truly good and unsectarian paper, acceptable and useful. The "Life Boat" and the "War Cry" also come as gifts from the publishers, much to the satisfaction of readers. The "Parish Visitor," 25 copies monthly, the "Christian Advocate," 10 copies weekly, the "Zion's Herald," 10 copies weekly, the "Union Signal," 10 copies weekly, "Dumb Animals," 10 copies monthly, "Mariners' Advocate," 10 copies, are also gifts from the publishers, and are all eagerly sought. Occasional gifts of "Christian Herald" are received, as also 10 copies weekly from a friend. These, as all other stated publications coming to the use of the prison, are greatly enjoyed, and serve as supplementary to the library to meet the constant call of the prisoners.

From various persons, clubs and societies large lots of excellent reading are also derived. Gifts and subscriptions to secular newspapers, weekly, amount to 492, and to magazine and monthly publications, about 500 per month.

After being well read in the prison, copies of "Youth's Companion," "Volunteers' Gazette" and the "Parish Visitor" have been sent to other institutions, as follows: Lyman School for Boys, 2,350 copies; State Industrial School for Girls, 1,180; Reformatory Prison for Women, 2,350; House of Reformation, Rainsford Island, 3,446; House of Correction, New Bedford, 765.

The library has been a lively centre of interest to the mental existence of the prisoners, although quite disappointing at times because of the lack of new books and catalogues. The main library contains 7,866 volumes, and the annex 697, making a total of 8,563 books in use. The total issues have been 33,254, or nearly forty volumes to each reader. The average number of inmates for the year has been 852. School and text books are not included in these figures. The issues of books may be classified as follows: fiction, 7,218; travels and adventure, 5,018; bound periodicals or magazines, 4,190; history, 2,865; biography, 3,090; general literature, 2,510; classic and scientific, 1,495; religious, 1,073. Volumes lost numbered 12; added, 65; bound, 459; covered, 1,108. Books in foreign languages, teaching plainly the common duties of American citizens, might keep many safe from prison, or getting into the courts even.

The hospital has proved a refuge for many, and a happy recovery from many painful or distressing experiences, while death has claimed a few.

To bring in what of light or cheer has been possible, Miss Upham, the prison pianist, has secured the presence of nearly all the singers and instrumentalists who have been in the chapel for the hospital also, and all have gladly given songs and music to "the shut-ins," who have greatly appreciated being remembered, and the messages in music brought to them.

The removal of so many of the insane or mentally unsound from our community the past year has been a most gratifying relief. The prison seems, considering its other inmates, the specially unfortunate home for that class of men.

The officers, and the instructors so closely associated with them in the daily care of the prisoners, carry the welfare of the prison community so largely in their hands that it is impossible to forget the vitality of their influence, or to fail in sympathy for them under the heavy responsibilities they bear. Nor can it be forgotten that, in proportion to their belief in the possibility of recovery or reconstruction for the men in their care, vital opportunities for doing them some good will occur, helping to lift the daily burden here, and to fill our atmosphere with a determination to do well, rather than indifferently, and the compensations of high purpose will ennoble the daily duty. They are the wall of defence for all of good that can be planned for the prison.

The eight holidays of the year are made noticeable, not only by freedom of the yard in the forenoon, but also on those occurring in the winter months by entertainments in the chapel, which are often sources of great pleasure.

All moneys at the disposal of prisoners can be spent for the purchase of such items of personal comfort and advantage as are allowed, and the subscriptions to papers and magazines as permitted, or the purchase of books, all of which ways are tried to the great satisfaction of wise choice makers. Some of the best moral estimates of personal conduct and life have been made on the reception of friendly remembrances.

In proportion as the human ennobling things, good friendship possess the lives of men in prison, the chaplain and officers of the prison have opportunity to do them good in the highest moral sense; but when they are burdened with annoyances and suffering, especially if needless, they are to the degree of that misery impervious to moral and purifying reflections. It is a joyful thing to notice the trend of prison life here in that respect.

In a spirit of thankfulness to all concerned in the work of the chaplain, or who have in any way assisted good life in the prison, this report is gratefully submitted.

JOHN W. F. BARNES,

Chaplain.

OCTOBER, 1905.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

CONCORD (post-office address, CONCORD JUNCTION, MASS.).

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

CONCORD, Oct. 2, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

The twenty-first annual report of the Massachusetts Reformatory for the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, is herewith respectfully submitted.

In the accompanying statistical tables may be found in analyzed and itemized forms an account of the finances and movement of the population of the reformatory for the institution year, from Oct. 1, 1904, to Sept. 30, 1905.

The appropriation for the maintenance of the reformatory for the calendar year of 1905 was \$216,300, of which \$163,534.45 have been expended. At the time of the last report, \$50,923.89 remained unexpended from the appropriation for 1904, of which the expenditures for the balance of that year were \$50,451.88, so that the total amount used for the reformatory maintenance during the institution year ending Sept. 30, 1905, was \$213,986.33. Deducting from this gross sum the amount received from rents and sales, \$6,079.25, and profits as shown by the statement of industries, \$15,099.82, the net cost of the reformatory for the institution year has been \$192,807.26. Of the amount appropriated for 1905, \$52,765.55 remains unexpended for completing the financial year, which it is expected will be sufficient.

The average population of the reformatory for the year was 898, making the gross individual daily cost \$0.653 and the net individual daily cost \$0.588.

Of the special appropriation provided for by chapter 72, Resolves of 1904, for furnishing new boilers and new roof on boiler house,

there remained unexpended on Oct. 1, 1904, \$11,635.24. This balance has been nearly expended in the year under review, the new boilers installed and the work completed.

Chapter 45 of the Resolves of 1905 provided a special appropriation of \$6,000 for painting and repairing, of which \$2,550.40 have thus far been expended, and the work is still under way.

In conformity with the provisions of chapter 211 of the Acts of 1905, an estimate of the expenditures for the maintenance of the reformatory is submitted for the eleven months from Jan. 1, 1906, to Nov. 30, 1906, instead of a full calendar year, as follows:—

Salaries and wages:—		
Officers,	\$76,450 00	
Instructors, teachers and other employees,	23,833 00	
		\$100,283 00
Current expenses:—		
Food,	\$35,658 00	
Clothing and clothing material,	14,667 00	
Heat, light and power,	17,417 00	
Repairs and improvements,	9,167 00	
Furnishings,	3,208 00	
Farm, stable and grounds,	3,667 00	
Miscellaneous:—		
Stationery and office supplies,	458 00	
Water,	3,208 00	
Medical supplies,	458 00	
Trade and evening schools,	3,667 00	
Incidental, contingent and travelling expenses,	7,792 00	
		99,367 00
Total,		\$199,650 00

The total commitments to the reformatory since its establishment have been 14,878. Of these, 13,178 were sentenced directly from the courts, while 982 were removed here from other institutions by order of the Prison Commissioners and 669 were returned for violation of permit. The number received from all other sources is 49.

The releases during the same period have been 14,026. Of these, 12,277 have been released upon permits by the Prison Commission, 1,059 upon expiration of sentences, 316 have been transferred to other institutions and 374 have been released by pardon, escape, death, etc.

The number of prisoners committed by the courts during the present year was 550; 23 have been returned by order of the

Prison Commissioners (revocation of permit), while also, by order of the Prison Commissioners, there have been removed here: 2 from the State Prison; 18 from the State Farm; 21 from jails and houses of correction; 22 from the Lyman School for Boys; 1 from the House of Reformation. One has been returned from the State Asylum for Insane Criminals and 1 has been returned from escape.

The total number released during the year was 741. Of these, there were released upon permits issued by the Prison Commissioners, 631; upon expiration of sentence, 69; by removal to other prisons, 21; by executive pardon, 11; by writ of habeas corpus, 1; by escape, 1; by death, 7.

During the year the inmates have been constantly employed upon instructive and productive work, and good order and discipline have been maintained. The classes of the evening school of letters and the day school of trades teaching have furnished opportunities to those confined here to progress in those directions which tend to make them self-supporting citizens in the outside world.

Their religious welfare has been earnestly cared for by the chaplain of the reformatory, Rev. William J. Batt, and by Rev. Mortimer E. Twomey, rector of St. Bernard's parish of Concord, and his curates, to all of whom belong the appreciation and thanks of the administration for their constant and zealous endeavors in behalf of the reformatory population.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I respectfully recommend that a special appropriation be asked of the Legislature to provide additional means for the disposal of the reformatory sewage. The tract of land which has been of use as a place of disposal is limited in area, and in the twenty-five years of its use has become saturated with sewage matter, making it at times, especially during the hot weather, quite offensive, not only in the institution, but in the dwelling-houses near by. There is no mechanical difficulty in pumping this sewage to the "upper farm," so called, which is distant from habitation and where it would be of great value, not only for irrigation, but for the fertilization of dry and now unproductive land which could thereby be made fertile and productive. I estimate the cost of gates and mechanical fixtures for carrying out this plan at \$5,500.

I also recommend that an appropriation be asked for installing electrical fixtures in the reformatory houses. There are thirty-two tenements, and I estimate the cost of putting in the fixtures at about \$75 per tenement. The light itself would not be supplied by the reformatory plant but by the town plant, and at the expense of the tenant using the current. My recommendation is simply for the installation of the fixtures.

I estimate the cost of this work, with external connections, at \$2,500.

The superintendent desires to cordially convey to the deputy superintendent and all the officers and employees connected with the reformatory his thanks for their constant co-operation with him in the work of the year just past.

To the chairman and other members of the Prison Commission, for their kindly consideration, support and attentive interest in the reformatory, I desire to express my thanks and acknowledgment.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES S. HART,
Superintendent.

Names of Officers of the Massachusetts Reformatory, Date of Appointment, Rank, Annual Salary and Amount received during the Year.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Amount Received.
Charles S. Hart,	Dec. 1, 1903,	Superintendent,	\$3,500 00	\$3,500 00
Percy W. Allen,	Jan. 1, 1904,	Deputy supt.,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Charles W. Wales,	Jan. 1, 1904,	Clerk,	2,000 00	2,000 00
William J. Batt,	May 13, 1885,	Chaplain,	2,000 00	2,000 00
Theodore Chamberlin,	Feb. 1, 1899,	Physician,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Peter H. Bullock,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Engineer,	1,500 00	1,500 00
Robert W. Browning,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Turnkey,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Walter S. Leland,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George V. Ball,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Willard A. Parsons,	Nov. 3, 1891,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frank H. Burrill,	Dec. 20, 1884,	Watchman,	1,200 00	1,200 00
Amos M. Elmes,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
B. Frank Howe,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John Bordinan,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John H. Loring,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Calvin S. Robinson,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William H. Wood,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Kenneth T. McKenzie,	Dec. 20, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Daniel N. Barrett,	Dec. 26, 1884,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William Chaplin,	Feb. 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John L. Bruce,	Feb. 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Wayne W. Blossom,	Mar. 6, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Henry H. Qua,	Mar. 30, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George W. Young,	Mar. 31, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Fred W. Gale,	May 1, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Daniel A. Lakin,	Oct. 31, 1885,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Josiah H. Chase,	Jan. 1, 1886,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Herbert L. Greene,	Mar. 7, 1886,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Elmer E. Shattuck,	May 9, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frank H. Watson,	May 13, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George W. Bourne,	June 1, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John D. Wilson,	Sept. 22, 1887,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George F. Knowles,	Jan. 26, 1888,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Alberto E. Payson,	Oct. 1, 1888,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
S. Thompson Blood,	Jan. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,400 00
Milo B. Stearns,*	Jan. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	700 00
Edgar H. Hatch,	May 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Alonzo Joy,	Aug. 1, 1889,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George M. Bowker,	May 1, 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Charles T. Judge,	Oct. 27, 1890,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John V. Chapman,	Sept. 1, 1891,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Franklin E. Emery,	Aug. 10, 1892,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Walter A. Wright,	July 1, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
David L. Ball,	July 4, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
James R. Lawrence,	July 7, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Ellis J. S. Miller,	July 11, 1893,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William A. Curley,	Jan. 24, 1894,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Patrick Prendergast,	April 24, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Robert Neff,	April 30, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John P. Allen,	May 6, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Frederick W. Reed,	May 6, 1895,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Wiener Park,†	April 13, 1896,	"	1,200 00	790 00
John Bowers,	April 20, 1896,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Patrick Rowen,	April 22, 1896,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
George W. Blake,	Feb. 16, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
Charles H. Sweney,	Feb. 21, 1899,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
J. Frank Fuller,	Feb. 19, 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
James N. Chase,	July 12, 1900,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
William Jenness,	Mar. 5, 1898,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John J. Connorton,	July 1, 1899,	"	1,200 00	1,050 00
Cornelius X. O'Connell,	May 2, 1904,	"	1,200 00	1,200 00
John D. Sylvester,	April 1, 1905,	"	1,200 00	600 00
Marshall E. Wright,	Jan. 1, 1900,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Leon M. Harris,	Jan. 1, 1902,	"	1,000 00	1,000 00
Charles A. Kendall,	April 27, 1902,	"	1,000 00	885 50
Anson M. Hix,	May 17, 1904,	"	800 00	807 78

* Absent on sick leave from May 1, 1905.

† Absent on sick leave from March 1 to July 4, 1905.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Expenditure for Maintenance.

DEPARTMENTS.	Amounts.
Salaries and wages,	\$107,201 69
Food,	35,928 72
Clothing and clothing material,	16,597 21
Furnishings,	2,578 90
Heat, light and power,	19,565 83
Repairs and improvements,	9,295 36
Farm, stable and grounds,	6,321 79
Miscellaneous: —	
Stationery and office supplies,	\$1,152 26
Water,	3,818 56
Medical supplies,	646 22
Trade and evening schools,	1,274 24
Incidental, contingent and travelling expenses,	9,605 55
	16,496 83
Total,	*\$213,986 33

* The receipts on account of maintenance for rent of houses, board of United States prisoners, etc., amounted to \$6,079.25.

Farm Account.

To inventory, Oct. 1, 1904,	\$32,693 09	By inventory, Sept. 30, 1905,	\$32,119 24
hay and grain,	3,380 45	milk raised,	5,208 34
tools,	147 67	produce raised,	2,195 67
veterinary services and labor,	177 00	pork raised,	1,576 83
blacksmithing,	278 40		
paid for cattle,	418 00		
seeds and fertilizers,	1,596 38		
harness repairs,	136 75		
carriages, wagons and repairs,	91 73		
sundries,	95 41		
balance,	2,085 20		
Total,	\$41,100 08	Total,	\$41,100 08

Financial Statement of Massachusetts Reformatory Industries for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	Dr.			Cr.			Gain.	
	Oct. 1, 1904.		Paid during Year.	Total Debits.	Receipts.	SEPT. 30, 1905.		
	Stock on Hand.	Out-standing Accounts.				Out-standing Accounts.		Stock on Hand.
Chair caning,	-	\$85 74	-	\$85 74	\$1,506 21	\$92 97	-	\$1,599 18
Cloth,	\$74,819 86	8,761 30	\$67,832 96	141,414 12	63,852 42	9,046 17	\$72,071 36	146,468 95
Printing,	189 40	210 75	60 23	460 38	395 81	208 25	174 47	778 53
Rattan chair,	1,175 35	5,761 43	-	6,936 78	-	5,761 43	1,175 35	6,936 78
Rush chair,	-	543 90	-	543 90	-	543 90	-	543 90
Shoe,	26,861 87	194 88	164,964 04	192,020 79	171,833 33	321 93	24,428 61	196,583 87
Sundries,	12,435 02	1,744 80	7,096 62	21,326 44	8,258 07	1,909 61	11,711 77	21,879 46
Wood chair,	566 96	2,068 90	33,595 76	36,231 62	36,260 65	2,635 03	433 25	39,328 93
Totals,	\$116,098 46	\$19,371 70	\$263,549 61	\$399,019 77	\$282,106 49	\$21,418 29	\$110,594 81	\$414,119 59
								\$1,513 44
								5,064 83
								318 15
								-
								-
								4,563 08
								563 01
								3,097 31
								\$15,099 82

RECAPITULATION.

Dr.	Cr.		
	Received during the year,		Balance,
	Oct. 1, 1904,	Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1904,	
Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1904,	\$116,098 46	19,371 70	\$282,106 49
Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1904,	19,371 70	263,549 61	21,418 29
Paid during the year,	\$399,019 77	15,099 82	110,594 81
Balance,	\$414,119 59		\$414,119 59

*Details of **Expenditure** for Massachusetts Reformatory Industries during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Cloth,	\$42,862 37	\$9,039 66	\$5,930 93	\$57,832 96
Printing,	60 23	—	—	60 23
Shoe,	149,767 04	14,029 98	1,167 02	164,964 04
Sundries,	5,439 03	1,200 00	457 59	7,096 62
Wood chair,	29,708 58	3,887 18	—	33,595 76
Totals,	\$227,837 25	\$28,156 82	\$7,555 54	\$263,549 61

*Details of Inventory of **Stock on Hand** for Industries of Massachusetts Reformatory Sept. 30, 1905.*

INDUSTRIES.	Materials.	Tools and Implements.	Totals.
Cloth,	\$60,076 88	\$12,594 48	\$72,671 36
Printing,	—	174 47	174 47
Rattan chair,	—	1,175 35	1,175 35
Shoe,	21,043 27	3,385 34	24,428 61
Sundries,	9,080 77	2,631 00	11,711 77
Wood chair,	433 25	—	433 25
Totals,	\$90,634 17	\$19,960 64	\$110,594 81

Statistics of Prisoners.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1904,	954
Received under warrants from the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905,	550
Returned by order of Prison Commissioners (revocation of permit),	23
Removed from State Prison,	2
Removed from State Farm,	18
Removed from jails and houses of correction,	21
Removed from House of Reformation,	1
Removed from Lyman School for Boys,	22
Returned from State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	1
Returned from escape,	1
	<hr/> 639
Whole number in the year,	1,593

Discharged between Oct. 1, 1904, and Sept. 30, 1905:—

By expiration of sentence,	69
By permit,	681
Removed to State Farm,	1
Removed to houses of correction,	10
Removed to State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	8
Removed to State Hospital,	2
Died,	7
Pardoned,	11
Escaped,	1
Habeas corpus,	1
	<hr/> 741
Number remaining Sept. 30, 1905,	852

Average daily number during the year, 898

Daily Average for Each Month.

October, 1904, 943	April, 1905, 903
November, 1904, 943	May, 1905, 878
December, 1904, 933	June, 1905, 888
January, 1905, 924	July, 1905, 872
February, 1905, 906	August, 1905, 839
March, 1905, 902	September, 1905, 845

Sentences of Prisoners committed in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

Remainder of sentence (returned by Prison Commissioners, revocation of permit),	23
Indeterminate sentence, limited to two years,	157
Indeterminate sentence, limited to five years,	397
Definite sentence (transfers and definite sentences by courts),	39
Minority (transferred from Lyman School for Boys and House of Reformation),	23
Total,	<hr/> 639

Crimes and Ages of Prisoners sentenced to the Massachusetts Reformatory in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26 to 30.	31 to 40.	Totals.
<i>1.—Against the Person.</i>														
Assault,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Assault to rape,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault to rob,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4
Assault and battery,	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	7
Railroad train, attempt to wreck,	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rape,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Robbery,	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	5
Totals,	-	3	2	4	2	4	3	1	-	-	3	1	-	23
<i>2.—Against Property.</i>														
Arson,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Breaking and entering, and attempt,	3	6	16	11	13	6	6	6	7	4	3	4	2	87
Breaking and entering post-office,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering and larceny,	2	6	8	7	6	6	5	3	4	2	2	5	1	57
Breaking and entering and larceny in post-office,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Burning a building,	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Common and notorious thief,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
Cutting mail bag,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Defacing a building,	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Defrauding boarding-house keeper,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
False pretences,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Larceny, and attempt,	6	17	27	26	28	12	22	10	7	9	7	13	11	195
Larceny from a conveyance,	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Larceny from the person,	-	3	-	2	1	-	2	2	-	1	-	-	1	12
Larceny from the realty,	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
Larceny in a building,	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	3	-	9
Receiving stolen goods,	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	-	2	1	9
Stealing letters from U. S. mail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Willfully drawing water from mill pond,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Totals,	13	37	53	47	54	25	40	26	21	17	13	28	17	391
<i>3.—Against Public Order, etc.</i>														
Adultery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Altering money order,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Begging,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Disturbing the peace,	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
Drunkenness,	-	-	2	4	2	9	1	4	1	3	3	10	*3	42
Forgery and uttering,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	7
Idle and disorderly,	1	1	7	5	2	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	19
Indecent exposure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Perjury,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2
Stubbornness,	2	15	15	8	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42
Tramps,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Vagrants,	-	3	4	4	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	16
Totals,	3	19	29	22	9	11	3	6	3	5	5	17	4	136

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person,	-	3	2	4	2	4	3	1	-	-	3	1	-	23
2.—Against property,	13	37	53	47	54	25	40	26	21	17	13	28	17	391
3.—Against public order, etc.,	3	19	29	22	9	11	3	6	3	5	5	17	4	136
Totals,	16	59	84	73	65	40	46	33	24	22	21	46	21	550

* Includes one prisoner 53 years old.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

CONCORD, Sept. 30, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I herewith respectfully present the twenty-first annual report of the medical department of the Massachusetts Reformatory : —

Number of patients admitted to hospital during year,	645
Whole number of days' residence in hospital,	10,640
Average residence of each patient,	16 days
Number of patients removed to State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	8
Number of patients removed to State Hospital at Tewksbury,	2
Applications for treatment in daily line,	9,163
Daily average applications,	25

DEATHS.

- 19037, F — K —, Nov. 14, 1904, General tuberculosis.
 19368, T — E — C —, Dec. 24, 1904, Hanging.
 11456, D — K —, Jan. 14, 1905, Acute tuberculosis.
 19846, F — J — O —, Mar. 26, 1905, Acute alcoholism.
 19351, G — O —, May 1, 1905, Valvular heart disease and pulmonary tuberculosis.
 19274, G — H —, May 16, 1905, Pulmonary tuberculosis.
 19863, A — B —, June 12, 1905, Septicæmia.

HOSPITAL CASES.

Medical.

Alcoholism,	5	Diphtheria,	2
Asthma,	1	Ephemeral fever,	7
Bronchitis,	3	Epilepsy,	4
Cephalalgia,	3	Heart, diseases of,	2
Colds,	33	Indigestion,	7
Colic,	19	Influenza,	44
Constipation,	4	Insane,	8
Debility,	3	Malaria,	7
Diarrhœa,	22	Malingeringer,	3

HOSPITAL CASES — *Concluded.**Medical* — *Concluded.*

Morphine habit,	1	Quinsy,	9
Nephritis,	3	Rheumatism,	12
Neuralgia of various regions,	11	Syncope,	4
Neuritis, multiple,	1	Syphilis,	16
Observation,	10	Tonsillitis,	171
Pleurisy, dry,	1	Tuberculosis, pulmonary,	6
Pleurisy, with purulent effusion,	1	Miscellaneous,	16

Surgical.

Abscess of various regions,	20	Furuncles,	16
Amputation of finger,	6	Hemorrhoids,	2
Appendicitis,	5	Hernia,	1
Burns,	3	Retention of urine,	1
Carbuncles,	4	Scabies,	39
Cervical adenitis,	1	Skin diseases,	13
Circumcision,	2	Sprains of various regions,	21
Contusions,	9	Synovitis of knee,	9
Dislocation of elbow and finger,	2	Ulcer of leg,	6
Ear, diseases of,	10	Vaccination,	3
Erysipelas,	1	Wounds of various regions,	11
Eye, diseases of,	9	Miscellaneous,	8
Fractures of various regions,	8		

Respectfully,

THEODORE CHAMBERLIN, M.D.,

Physician.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

SHERBORN (post-office address, SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, MASS.).

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 2, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I have the honor to submit the twenty-eighth annual report of the Reformatory Prison for Women.

The order and discipline of the prison, as heretofore, have been kept at a high mark during the past year.

There seems little to report to your honorable Board, who, from your frequent visits, are quite familiar with the work as a whole, and with what we are trying to accomplish for the women who are sent us for safe keeping, for protection from themselves and of society at large.

The minds of many of the women who are now being committed to the prison are in a very weak condition, bordering on insanity, so nearly so that in several instances recently, almost immediately after commitment, it became necessary to call on the State expert on insanity for advice. Each one of the several cases reported and examined was promptly recommended for removal to a proper asylum for special treatment.

With the shortened time that comes with the indeterminate sentence, one serious problem which has confronted us for years has solved itself, — the nursery is closed, and has been for several weeks. One by one a mother and her baby have gone home, and rarely is a mother with her baby sent in ; to-day we have only two babies, and one of these will be taken home in a few days. Innocent children should never have forced upon them the terrible burden to carry through life, — their babyhood begun and spent in prison.

I recommend the following appropriations for the maintenance of the institution for the eleven months ending Nov. 30, 1906 :—

Salaries,	\$22,900 00
Subsistence,	\$6,000 00
Clothing and bedding,	1,400 00
Furniture and furnishings,	1,400 00
Hospital cases,	450 00
Books and printing,	275 00
Fuel,	5,500 00
Lights,	125 00
Engineer's department,	1,400 00
Laundry,	450 00
General repairs,	1,800 00
Agriculture,	4,600 00
Stable and barns,	4,600 00
Miscellaneous,	1,400 00
	<hr/>
	29,400 00
Total,	<hr/> \$52,300 00

It has been a long time since any general repairs have been made on the institution or the buildings on the grounds. The tenement houses need to be newly shingled, not later than the coming spring. The soap house needs a general renewing with brick walls and cement floor. The windows throughout the building are very loose, and thereby a great loss of heat is sustained; wood work inside needs painting. I respectfully ask for \$5,000 to meet the expense of the needed repairs.

The health of the women has been so carefully watched by the physician that we have had but little sickness of a serious nature; but this does not in any particular lessen the importance of an up-to-date small hospital building. In the event of a new building, we would be able to use our present hospital wing solely for the many abnormal cases we have sent us, — old and infirm women, the chronic cases that require the attention of a nurse day and night and who can never enter into the regular routine of prison discipline, and also the increasing class of degenerates.

The sanitary condition of the prison has never been better than the past year; cleanliness and watchful care are apparent in every department, reflecting credit in every instance upon the officer in charge, which is always appreciated in the same spirit with which it is given.

The good work done on the farm shows in the abundant yield of all kinds of products and fruits; had not the same disease attacked our potatoes as is in evidence east and west alike, we would have been obliged to use every available space to store our crop. We need more commodious quarters for our increasing stock. From this source we receive material aid in the maintenance of our large family. This has been previously noted.

The work indoors as well as outside has been well conducted and cheerfully performed, almost without a complaint.

The hospital garden has supplemented the physician's efforts to renew health and awaken new life, and, in consequence, we hope new resolves for future lifework will come to every heart, watching the sure progress of nature. The moral, educational and religious instructions are carefully and untiringly watched and stimulated, and encouragement given daily without ceasing.

The books, papers and magazines which are so generously contributed by friends from time to time are always thankfully received and eagerly read by the women. The package of "Youth's Companion" papers, sent regularly by Warden Bridges, is read and passed on till only fragments remain.

Our friends, at home and from abroad, who have visited us during the year, have left with us words of wisdom, and given instructive entertainment which will long be remembered, and we pray may be stepping-stones to a brighter and better life. I cordially invite and will welcome a continuance of these helpful visits.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANCES A. MORTON,
Superintendent.

Names of Officers of the Reformatory Prison for Women, Date of Appointment, Rank, Annual Salary and Amount received during the Year.

NAME.	Date of Appointment.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Amount Received.
Frances A. Morton,	Dec., 1899,	Superintendent, . .	\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00
Frances W. Potter,	Nov., 1896,	Physician,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Emily L. Herndon,	Dec., 1900,	Chaplain,	1,000 00	1,000 00
Ira G. Macbrien,*	Oct., 1904,	Deputy supt., . . .	1,000 00	333 34
Lizzie O. Averill,	Mar., 1905,	" "	1,000 00	567 20
Susan P. Brooks,	May, 1884,	Clerk,	800 00	800 00
Lena R. Ballou,	Aug., 1891,	Matron,	400 00	400 00
Sarah P. Kibbe,	July, 1901,	" "	400 00	400 00
Jennie Mackie,	Aug., 1902,	" "	400 00	400 00
Ada L. Batchelor,*	Feb., 1899,	" "	400 00	343 33
Gertrude Brannen,*	Oct., 1879,	" "	400 00	133 33
C. Louise Starratt,	Sept., 1899,	Deputy matron, . .	350 00	350 00
Mary R. Fitch,	Mar., 1893,	" "	350 00	331 53
Augusta T. Martin,	May, 1896,	" "	350 00	338 33
Helen B. Masters,	Oct., 1894,	Assistant matron, .	300 00	300 00
Mary L. Partridge,	May, 1897,	" "	300 00	300 00
Julia R. Thompson,	Feb., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Albina F. Ayres,	Aug., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Elizabeth E. Grant,	Dec., 1899,	" "	300 00	300 00
Susie C. Stanley,	Nov., 1901,	" "	300 00	300 00
Estelle Redington,	Mar., 1903,	" "	300 00	300 00
Alice J. Hayes,	April, 1902,	" "	300 00	194 16
Jessie B. Rittenhouse,*	Oct., 1904,	" "	300 00	206 67
Hattie B. Morton,*	June, 1903,	" "	300 00	60 83
Mary Mackenzie,*	July, 1905,	" "	300 00	75 00
Emma M. Warner,*	May, 1905,	" "	300 00	75 00
Helen G. Brannen,*	Jan., 1894,	" "	300 00	80 00
Selissa P. Dunham,*	Aug., 1905,	" "	300 00	50 00
Louise I. Colby,*	Oct., 1904,	" "	300 00	137 50
Amelia B. Fisher,*	Feb., 1905,	" "	300 00	80 83
Amy W. Perkins,	- - -	Employee,	240 00	80 00
Carrie E. Whitney,	Aug., 1905,	Assistant matron, .	300 00	50 00
Agnes J. Seates,*	- - -	Employee,	240 00	60 00
Anna L. Snow,*	Aug., 1905,	Assistant matron, .	300 00	50 00
Lucilla K. Spencer,*	- - -	Employee,	240 00	20 00
G. Henry Putnam,	Oct., 1904,	" "	240 00	22 67
Harlan J. Davis,	Nov., 1904,	" "	240 00	120 00
Charles G. Parker,	May, 1905,	" "	240 00	74 67
Charles H. Leland,	May, 1890,	Engineer,	1,200 00	1,200 00
George A. Damon,	Oct., 1898,	Fireman,	700 00	700 00
Willard J. Turner,	April, 1898,	" "	50 per mo.	600 00
Irvine Mank,	July, 1901,	" "	50 "	600 00
Frank G. Proctor,	Dec., 1901,	" "	50 "	600 00
George L. Works,	Nov., 1900,	Stableman,	60 "	720 00
Charles E. Hall,	May, 1901,	Carpenter,	75 "	900 00
J. Hendry Flett,	Jan., 1896,	Employee,	70 "	840 00
George Philmeter,	May, 1899,	Watchman,	2 per day	730 00
William Lambertson,	June, 1899,	" "	2 "	730 00
Joseph H. Saunders,	Feb., 1900,	Foreman,	1,000 00	1,000 00
William L. Sheridan,	Feb., 1901,	Farmer,	55 per mo.	660 00
Orrin F. Stone,	July, 1901,	" "	50 "	600 00
Erman A. Tremere,	April, 1901,	" "	50 "	600 00
Bernard C. Adams,	Nov., 1899,	" "	50 "	600 00
Joseph H. Wheeler,*	Nov., 1901,	" "	50 "	600 00
	Dec., 1904,	" "	50 "	500 00
	July, 1905,	" "	50 "	150 00
	May, 1892,	" "	50	132 26
				\$24,396 65

* Resigned.

Expenditures for Maintenance.

Salaries,	\$24,396 65
Subsistence,	\$5,897 87
Clothing and bedding,	1,870 67
Furniture and furnishings,	927 68
Hospital,	551 82
Books, printing, etc.,	244 34
Fuel,	5,763 45
Lights,	61 22
Engineer's department,	915 58
Laundry,	231 78
General repairs,	2,028 00
Agriculture,	4,624 28
Stable and barns,	5,912 50
Miscellaneous,	1,956 57
	<hr/>
	30,985 76
	<hr/>
Total,	\$55,382 41

Income from Small Sales.

Sale of milk and cream,	\$290 15
eggs,	207 98
fruit and vegetables,	99 03
pigs and calves,	723 55
wood,	167 38
beef, pork, etc.,	91 42
rags and junk,	55 09
barrels,	30 00
Rent of electric lights,	19 50
	<hr/>
Total,	\$1,684 10

Among the farm products for the year may be mentioned the following: 1,230 bushels of potatoes, 213 bushels of turnips, 700 bushels of beets, 2,900 heads of cabbage, 1,050 bunches of celery, 400 melons, 4 tons squash, 4,265 dozens of eggs, 205,000 quarts of milk, 2,589 pounds of dressed poultry, 275 tons hay, etc.

Part of the products were consumed in the prison, and part sold, as noted in preceding statement.

Financial Statement of Industries of the Reformatory Prison for Women for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	DR.					CR.			Gain.	
	OCT. 1, 1904.		PAID DURING THE YEAR.			Receipts.	SEPT. 30, 1905.			
	Stock on Hand.	Outstand- ing Accounts.	Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Imple- ments.		Total Debits.	Out- standing Accounts.		Stock on Hand.
Dairy,	-	-	\$25 65	\$300 00	-	\$325 65	\$2,084 37	-	\$2,084 37	\$1,758 72
Laundry,	-	-	109 81	400 00	\$14 95	524 76	5,109 02	-	5,109 02	4,584 26
Sewing,	\$1,492 46	\$471 75	2,123 78	272 68	10 47	2,406 93	3,323 98	\$8 50	\$1,170 18	131 52
Shirts,	9,237 58	4,945 13	27,728 55	3,826 60	89 79	31,644 94	29,468 52	2,463 93	17,445 94	3,750 74
Totals,	\$10,730 04	\$5,416 88	\$29,987 79	\$4,799 28	\$115 21	\$34,902 28	\$39,985 89	\$2,472 43	\$13,816 12	\$10,225 24

RECAPITULATION.

DR.		CR.	
Stock on hand Oct. 1, 1904,	\$10,730 04	Received during the year,	\$39,936 89
Outstanding accounts Oct. 1, 1904,	5,416 88	Outstanding accounts Sept. 30, 1905,	2,472 43
Paid during the year,	34,902 28	Stock on hand Sept. 30, 1905,	18,816 12
Balance,	\$51,049 20		
	10,225 24		
	\$61,274 44		\$61,274 44

Statistics of Prisoners.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1904,	190
Received under warrants from the courts during the year ending Sept.	
30, 1905,	215
Returned by order of Prison Commissioners (revocation of permit),	22
Removed from State Industrial School for Girls,	6
Removed from jails and houses of correction,	6
Removed from State Farm,	2
Returned from insane hospital,	1
	— 252
	—
Whole number in the year,	442
Discharged between Oct. 1, 1904, and Sept. 30, 1905:—	
By expiration of sentence,	2
By shortened sentence,	3
By permit,	230
Removed to State Hospital,	2
Removed to State Industrial School for Girls,	2
Removed to insane hospital,	11
Pardoned,	3
	— 253
Number remaining Sept. 30, 1905,	189
Average daily number in custody,	186

Infants.

Number of infants admitted with mothers,	2
Number of infants born in the prison,	9
Number of infants died,	1
Number of infants remaining Sept. 30, 1905,	2

Crimes and Ages of Prisoners sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	17	18	19	20	21 to 25.	26 to 30.	31 to 40.	41 to 50.	51 to 60.	61 to 70.	Totals.
<i>1.—Against the Person.</i>											
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	3
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Manslaughter,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	3
Totals,	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	7
<i>2.—Against Property.</i>											
Common and notorious thief,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	3	3	-	3	4	5	4	-	-	-	22
Totals,	3	3	-	3	4	6	4	-	-	-	23
<i>3.—Against Public Order, etc.</i>											
Adultery,	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	4
Common night walker,	3	1	2	5	7	9	3	-	-	-	30
Disorderly house, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Disturbing the peace,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Drunkenness,	-	-	-	2	15	20	31	10	4	1	83
Fornication,	3	-	-	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	10
Idle and disorderly,	2	2	7	3	12	1	3	1	1	-	32
Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
Lewdness,	-	2	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	5
Stubbornness,	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Vagrants,	1	2	1	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	12
Totals,	14	7	10	14	43	36	44	11	5	1	185

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person,	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	7
2.—Against property,	3	3	-	3	4	6	4	-	-	-	23
3.—Against public order, etc.,	14	7	10	14	43	36	44	11	5	1	185
Totals,	17	10	10	17	50	45	48	12	5	1	215

NOTE.—There was one definite sentence, one year for larceny.

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 2, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

The following is the twenty-eighth annual report of the medical department of the Reformatory Prison for Women : —

Daily average of prisoners,	186
Daily average having medicine, outside of hospital,	20
Daily average of sick in rooms,	1
Daily average on sick call,	11
Number transferred to hospital for insane,	11

HOSPITAL CASES.

Medical.

Anæmia,	1	Heat exhaustion, :	1
Asthma,	1	Menorrhagia,	3
Cocainism,	1	Migraine,	1
Constipation,	3	Morphinism,	2
Croup,	1	Nephritis,	1
Cystitis,	1	Neuralgia,	1
Delirium tremens,	3	Pleurisy (with effusion),	2
Dilated heart,	2	Pruritis,	1
Dysmenorrhœa,	2	Syphilis,	8
Furunculosis,	1	Tonsillitis,	1
Gastritis,	1	Tuberculosis,	2

Surgical.

Abscess (alveolar),	4	Gonorrhœa,	4
Abscess (labial),	1	Iritis,	1
Adenitis,	2	Malingering,	1
Bruise,	1	Psoriasis,	1
Carcinoma,	2	Scabies,	3
Conjunctivitis,	1	Septic finger,	1
Eczema,	2	Tinea circinata,	3
Erythema nodosum,	2	Trachoma,	1

HOSPITAL CASES — *Concluded.*

<i>Obstetrical.</i>	
Labors, 10	Miscarriages, 1

No prisoner has died during the year. One baby was stillborn, and one premature infant has died.

Of the eleven prisoners transferred to hospitals for insane, more than half gave unmistakable evidence upon their entrance of their weak mental condition. It is most unfortunate for such cases, and for the prison that receives them, that their condition was not recognized at the time of trial, that their commitment might at once be made to the proper institution provided by the State for their care and treatment.

Respectfully,

FRANCES W. POTTER, M.D.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

SHERBORN, Oct. 2, 1905.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

I herewith respectfully submit my fifth annual report.

The Sabbath services have been held in the usual order. Mass is at 7 o'clock, conducted by Father Garrahan of South Framingham, who is untiring in his efforts here. At 8.30 o'clock the women again assemble for the Protestant service. Singing, led by the prison choir, a responsive service and a plain gospel message, is the usual order of service. I have spoken several successive Sundays of "The Women of the Bible," and have endeavored, in bringing these Scripture characters to their notice, to awaken admiration for the noble women of the sacred past; to enforce the great lessons of morality and religion, and to create a thirst for the study of the Old Testament Scripture.

In the Sabbath school, at 1 o'clock, the "International Lesson" is studied. The general tone of this service is informal; questions are asked, the blackboard is used, and the precious truths are applied. Following this session is a Protestant class in the school-room. At 6 o'clock the busy day closes with a praise service, conducted in various ways. Thus our Sabbaths here have been spent with a view to prepare all for the Sabbath which will have no end.

Though the Sunday services may seem to constitute the chief part of my work, they are only some of the many opportunities that come to me to lead those who find no rest here to the great Source of rest, — the Savior of the world.

Personal interviews with the women on their arrival at the institution, regular visits to the hospital, also special ones, earnest talks with those who from time to time have requested to see me, and with those whom I thought to help by coming in contact with them personally, have occupied all the time that could be spared from the preparation of the Sunday services, from the school and library work.

These personal conferences I have come to regard as of prime importance, for they give me an opportunity for closer touch and better acquaintance with the women, as they tell me of their sad experiences, their troubles, their hopes and fears, their needs; and through them, not infrequently, avenues of approach to the heart are opened that otherwise might be permanently closed. From these conferences there has been much to assure me that many are aspiring toward a better, a higher and a nobler life, and purpose in their hearts to do right. I am further assured of this from the many letters I receive from those who have gone from these walls determined to live good, moral lives, and have thus far succeeded.

I would not close this report of the religious part of my work without acknowledging our indebtedness to Rev. C. H. Daniels, D.D., and Rev. C. A. Merrill, of South Framingham, Rev. F. Hutchinson of Framingham and Rev. Paris T. Farwell of Wellesley Hills, who responded so cordially to the invitation to address the women the Sundays during my absence in July.

Rev. C. H. Daniels, D.D., has kindly offered his services several times during the past year; and Rev. F. E. Emrich, D.D., secretary of the Massachusetts Congregational Home Missionary Society, never fails to visit us and bring words of good cheer when he is in this vicinity. Could these kind friends hear how gratefully their names are spoken by the women, and the oft-expressed wish to hear them again, they would feel amply rewarded for the efforts made in their behalf. We are also deeply grateful to those kind friends who came with their respective pastors and furnished music for the Sabbath services.

Aside from religion, and in existing conditions, the library is a strong influence for good. The reading of pure books and current literature cannot fail toward helping on the work of reformation.

The general library contains 1,438 volumes; the hospital library, 409. Having the supervision of this department, I exercise great care in selecting books for those who leave their course of reading with me, with a view of opening for them new lines of thought, and awakening in them a desire for good, wholesome literature. I also carefully regard their mental capacity, and select for them books that are not beyond their comprehension. Distribution of books has been regular, grade I receiving two volumes a week, grade II

one volume. We are supplied with religious papers and magazines by kind friends, and these are distributed every Saturday evening.

Special attention has been paid to our school work. The number enrolled in the day school was 81. Of these, 29 were illiterates. Many nationalities were represented, of which the French predominated. The school was closed during my absence in July, and both day and night school were reopened the first Monday in August. The women are all very earnest in their school work. They range in age from eighteen to fifty-seven. It is really pitiful to see the efforts put forth by some of the older women. I always encourage such, even when I know they will not be able to more than master the primer and to write their names. Rarely does a woman ask to be excused from attending school. Many who have patiently applied themselves have developed the ability to read, write and figure; and they warmly express their appreciation of the school privileges afforded them here.

We start the new year with an earnest hope that with the added experience of the past year the future may be one of greater usefulness.

Respectfully,

EMILY L. HERNDON,
Chaplain.

THE JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

There are 5 separate jails, 2 separate houses of correction, and 14 other county prisons, each having a jail and house of correction combined. In the paragraphs below any changes or improvements in these prisons since the last report are briefly described. The facts concerning the details of expenditures for maintenance and the receipts from various sources, including the earnings, are set out in tabulated statements immediately following the text.

The Prison Commissioners have a general supervision over the county prisons, and control the industries. They are required to inspect them at stated intervals, and to make rules for the government and discipline. The expenses of the jails and houses of correction are estimated by the county commissioners, and annual appropriations are authorized by the General Court.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Barnstable.

This is a small prison with 22 cells, and never has many prisoners. On September 30 there remained in custody 13; this was 7 more than were held at the close of last year. There is no work at this place excepting that of taking care of the prison and the small lot of land connected with it. The water tower erected last year at a small expense has been quite satisfactory in furnishing a water supply, but it has put an end to the only hard labor ever done here, which consisted of pumping water by hand into the tank at the top of the court house.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Pittsfield.

On September 30 there were 79 prisoners in custody, exactly the same number as remained at the close of the preceding year. There are 129 cells. The work here consists of making heels, this being one of the two prisons in the State where that kind of work is done.

During the year there has been a change in the management. Sheriff Fuller died in January, and in March John Nicholson was appointed sheriff.* The accounts of the late sheriff were found to be in an unsettled condition upon his decease, and they have not yet been adjusted; litigation upon the matter is now pending.

There have recently been some improvements made in these buildings, and a further improvement in the way of sanitary precautions could be made by discontinuing the present bath-room in the women's department and providing another room on the floor above, where proper light and ventilation could be secured.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at New Bedford.

This prison had 188 prisoners at the end of the year, 4 less than last year. The number of cells is 372. At this place there is employment provided for all the prisoners who are able to work; the industry consists of making leather-board, etc., a form of work that is well suited to the capacities of many of the inmates, who would be unable to engage in work requiring more skill. The buildings are in good repair, and no need of special expenditures has been found during the year.

Jail at Taunton.

At the end of the year there were 48 prisoners in custody, 2 less than last year. The number of cells is 66. Not all the prisoners are under sentence, nor are all the sentenced prisoners able to do much work. Upon a recent visit, the keeper informed the chairman that at times there was difficulty in finding prisoners to do the needed domestic work about the institution. The only special repairs consist of painting the buildings. The jail is well kept, and shows constant care.

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Jail at Edgartown.

No visit has been made to this place during the year. On September 30 there were no prisoners in custody. The keeper reports a small amount expended for ordinary repairs during the year. There are 12 cells in the jail, which is well built, and of sufficient size for the use of this small county.

* At the election in November Mr. Nicholson was chosen to fill the unexpired term.

ESSEX COUNTY.

House of Correction at Ipswich.

On September 30 there were 48 prisoners in custody here, 6 more than at the end of last year. Nearly all these prisoners were transferred from other prisons in the county. There is no regular industry at this place, and, as the prison is used mainly for the old and infirm, it would not be practicable to establish one. The master, however, has found a considerable number of men who can do more or less work, and has kept them well employed in caring for the buildings and cultivating the land. A good crop of vegetables has been raised, which materially reduces the outlay for subsistence. Although there is only a small number of prisoners, there are 183 separate cells. Many of these, however, are too small for the humane confinement of prisoners who have any considerable time to serve. These could easily be enlarged by taking out alternate partitions; this work could be done by prisoners at very small expense, and would furnish occupation for some of the prisoners who would otherwise be kept in idleness. The only extraordinary expense reported by the master is the expenditure of \$1,500 for a barn for the storage of hay, farm machinery, etc.

Jail and House of Correction at Lawrence.

On September 30 this prison had 144 inmates, against 118 at the close of the preceding year. The number of cells is 120, not enough for the separate accommodation of the prisoners, but 60 of the cells are made for two beds, and are occupied in that way nearly all the time. The industry consists of caning chairs; some of the prisoners are at work about the premises. Some repairs have been made during the year, at an expense of \$632. These repairs consisted of putting in some windows, concreting, and new roofing the shop. When the chairman visited this place, recently, in company with the sheriff of the county, the master stated that in the north wing there seems to be some defect in construction which impairs the ventilation, and it is recommended that a small appropriation be granted to remove the difficulty. The master is of the opinion that this can be readily done at a small outlay. The prison is now to be painted and thoroughly cleansed, and it would be well, at the same time, to make a thorough examination of the ventilation in all parts of the *prison*.

Jail at Newburyport.

This is a very small prison, having only 9 prisoners at the close of the year, although there is a capacity of 42 cells. The buildings are well adapted to the purposes of a jail, and are always clean and well kept. The keeper reports an expenditure of about \$750 for repairs and furnishings during the year.

Jail and House of Correction at Salem.

On September 30 there were 138 prisoners in custody, 9 more than last year. The number of separate cells is 138, and as a rule they are all occupied. There is no opportunity for any considerable enlargement of the cell room at this place, but it has been proposed to remove the boilers to an outside building, and thereby make room for a rearrangement about the prison that would improve the convenience of administration. One other suggested change is the extension of the gallery floor of the women's corridor so as to make a complete separation from the parts of the prison occupied by the men. About \$550 have been expended for repairs this year. The only industry here is that of caning chairs, but during parts of the year this work has not been available, owing to the lack of material.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Greenfield.

Only 30 prisoners were in this prison at the end of the year, against 49 last year. There are 80 cells. The industry at this place consists of caning chairs, and a good deal of work is found in cultivating the lot of land connected with the prison; besides, there is a small ledge of sand-stone, from which some material is obtained for grading and repairing the roads about the premises.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Springfield.

There were 203 prisoners here on September 30; last year the number was 191. The prison has 256 separate cells. The industry at this place consists of making umbrellas by the piece, — a kind of work that has been quite satisfactory, and well suited to most of the prisoners. Late in August there appeared some cases of typhoid fever at this prison, and 7 inmates, 6 men and 1 woman, were re-

moved to the Springfield Hospital for treatment. All recovered except one man, who died soon after his sentence had expired. The sanitary arrangements have been thoroughly examined, and such changes as seemed advisable have been made in them. The master reports no extraordinary expenditures for repairs; the expense of keeping the buildings in repair amounted to \$2,258.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Northampton.

At the close of the year there were 56 prisoners, a larger number than last year, when only 46 were held. The number of separate cells is 88. The work here consists of caning chairs and keeping the grounds and buildings in repair. The buildings have been thoroughly cleansed and painted inside, and the place has been very much improved in appearance and in its sanitary condition.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Cambridge.

There were 299 prisoners in custody on September 30, being 30 more than last year. There are 510 separate cells. This is one of the few places where public-account work is carried on. The industries consist of making brushes, mats and brooms, but only a comparatively small number of the prisoners are employed in each department. This is a well-kept prison, and many ingenious arrangements have been made, under the direction of the sheriff, to utilize the limited space that is available for prison work. No extraordinary repairs have been made during the year, but the sheriff reports that the expense of keeping the buildings in repair was \$11,275.

Jail at Lowell.

There were 100 prisoners in custody here at the end of the year; last year the number was 111. There are 102 separate cells, but, as a considerable proportion of these are in the women's department, and nearly all the prisoners are men, it is not possible to give each prisoner a separate cell. Many of the cells in the men's prison were made for two occupants, and they are so used at the present time. When this prison was built, it was so designed that the cell block may be extended without difficulty. The end wall can be readily removed and additional cells built without disturbing any existing

rooms. This is the only jail in the State where any work is provided for the inmates; the industry here consists of sorting cotton waste, which is done on public account. The expenditure for keeping the buildings in repair amounted to \$2,744.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Nantucket.

This place has not been visited during the year, as it has been substantially unoccupied since the last report. No unusual expenses have been incurred in recent years, although some time ago considerable money was spent in repairing the old wooden building which is designated a house of correction. The master and keeper reports 11 cells, but only 4 of them would offer any restraint to a man who was put into the jail against his will. It is reported that the sum of \$55 has been expended for repairs during the year.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Dedham.

This prison shows a largely increased number of inmates, there being 104 in custody on September 30, whereas at the close of the preceding year there were only 65. The number of separate cells is 118, but as a great many of these are on the women's side, and unoccupied, the men's department is crowded, and it is necessary to put two prisoners in a cell. The industry at this place is making heels. The appearance of the buildings has been greatly improved by some changes in recent years, and the prison is always clean and orderly. The only expense for repairs is the expenditure of \$210 for slating.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Plymouth.

On September 30 this place had 72 prisoners, against 87 in the preceding year. The number of separate cells is 92. The regular work here consists of caning chairs, and some additional employment has also been found on land of the prison and other county premises near by. The county has, within a short time, acquired a lot of land in the rear of the prison buildings; this lot will be used to enlarge the jail yard and to provide some houses for the officers. A new brick wall will be built in place of the board fence that now

encloses the place. No extraordinary expenditures have been made during the year; the ordinary repairs on the buildings amounted to \$835.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Jail at Boston.

This jail had 241 prisoners at the close of the year, 18 more than last year. Nearly all the prisoners are awaiting trial; only a few are sentenced, and these are kept well employed in caring for the buildings. This is one of the largest jails in the State, and one of the best. The new prison for women is a model in construction, although it would have been better if it could have been extended over more ground, instead of being carried into the air; the form of it, however, was a necessity, in view of the restricted area of the jail lot. This place is provided with all suitable and proper appliances for caring for the prisoners, and the cells are large and well ventilated. The number of separate cells is 292. One excellent feature of the arrangement is the small building near the gate which contains the padded cells for the restriction and isolation of prisoners suffering from delirium on their commitment. The only extraordinary expense during the year has been made for a new hot water boiler, which, with the ordinary repairs on buildings, cost \$750.

House of Correction at Deer Island.

The population at this place on September 30 was 1,274, this being 519 less than remained at the end of last year. There are 1,677 cells. The work here consists mainly of caring for the buildings and cultivating the land. Stone-cutting, however, is an established industry, and many of the prisoners work at it during suitable weather, although, as the population consists largely of a class that is neither industrious nor teachable, it is not always easy to find many workmen who have skill, or who are capable of acquiring it. Although the established industries furnish occupation to only a small proportion of the prisoners, there is good employment in a variety of work that is found in keeping the land and buildings of this large institution in good condition. In comparing prison statistics with other states, it should be borne in mind that, although this prison is designated as a house of correction, it receives relatively few prisoners from places outside of Boston; and to all intents and purposes it corresponds with a house of industry or

workhouse, such as is found in many large cities elsewhere. During the year the new steamer "Monitor" has been put in commission, to take the place of the "J. Putnam Bradlee," that for many years made the trips between the main land and the islands of Boston harbor where the city institutions are established. The new boat was constructed under the direction of the penal institutions commissioner, and is maintained by his department. It should be noted that this boat was built well within the appropriation, and for a much less amount than the original estimate.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Jail and House of Correction at Fitchburg.

On September 30 there remained in custody at this place 118 prisoners, 6 more than at the close of last year. The number of separate cells is 170, and as no women are committed here, the full number of cells is available at all times. The cells are of good size and well ventilated. The work consists of caning chairs and mending webbing for chair seats. There is also some work on the land, which last year, under cultivation by the prisoners, produced a fair crop of vegetables. The food at this place is carefully prepared and cleanly served. The prison is economically managed, and shows care in all the details. Only a few minor repairs have been made during the year, at an expense of about \$450.

Jail and House of Correction at Worcester.

At the end of the year there were 193 prisoners in custody, against 219 at the close of the preceding year. The number of separate cells is 324. This prison is under the immediate direction of the sheriff of the county, who takes special care that all the prisoners who are able to work are kept employed at chair caning, which is the only industry available at this place. In recent years this prison has been changed and improved in many respects, and among the departments is a well-equipped hospital. This is seldom occupied, however, by any prisoners except those who need immediate treatment at the time of their commitment to prison. There have been no extraordinary repairs, but the sheriff reports an expenditure of about \$2,000 for painting, and other items for keeping the buildings in good condition.

Expenditures for Maintenance of Jails and Houses of Correction in Detail for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

PRISONS.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Salaries of Officers, including Chaplains.	Provisions.	Clothing.	Beds and Bedding.	Medicines and Medical Supplies.	Fuel and Lights.	Instruction of Prisoners, not including Chaplains.	Expenses for Reading Matter.	Allowed to Discharged Prisoners.	All Other Purposes.	Total Amount expended.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	12	\$960 00	\$1,785 82	\$87 36	-	\$24 00	\$39 46	-	-	\$27 30	\$66 72	\$3,020 16
Boston Jail,	219	29,450 00	14,165 81	1,713 31	\$952 18	256 30	5,317 87	-	\$207 63	8 00	3,877 46	55,928 56
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	354	34,288 22	24,643 80	7,833 30	1,141 87	559 18	*14,591 28	\$65 43	78 15	293 00	6,103 62	89,562 85
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	91	8,064 48	3,562 20	646 66	126 68	112 40	-	-	-	47 45	2,242 08	14,801 05
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,369	85,807 69	71,552 19	11,488 13	2,421 53	2,185 47	15,269 23	-	185 53	760 71	17,427 31	178,997 79
Edgartown Jail,	-	200 00	17 00	-	-	-	35 70	-	-	-	-	252 70
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	101	8,379 07	3,128 79	275 07	34 30	99 86	1,351 68	-	100 00	217 96	3,209 65	16,796 83
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	42	4,679 32	1,390 28	345 96	50 12	45 78	1,477 14	-	2 00	18 65	2,103 63	10,112 88
Ipswich House of Correction,	53	5,742 26	2,087 47	420 25	-	68 69	2,368 24	-	-	155 34	3,432 53	14,154 78
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	145	7,354 71	8,134 32	981 48	-	253 75	2,569 96	2 52	-	249 10	3,417 46	22,963 30
Lowell Jail,	105	9,233 65	4,367 83	289 17	154 80	367 27	1,944 11	-	-	106 10	1,364 46	18,327 39
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	-	50 00	87 00	90	8 34	-	5 14	-	-	-	67 58	213 96
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	199	21,436 08	10,165 93	1,442 74	46 58	296 98	3,125 73	-	27 90	93 67	3,435 62	40,071 23
Newburyport Jail,	10	2,894 56	839 37	1120 62	-	23 46	542 01	-	-	1 25	757 11	5,178 38
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	46	4,028 39	3,203 38	299 75	157 95	59 01	1,389 13	-	-	5 00	1,451 85	10,594 46
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	74	7,900 74	5,004 09	66 61	66 61	694 17	2,676 07	-	-	98 40	1,890 14	21,860 76
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	76	8,400 00	4,510 38	260 48	28 41	115 53	4,035 11	25 00	-	37 28	1,287 84	16,365 03
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	144	8,611 68	6,020 95	695 23	301 24	395 85	2,648 78	-	-	499 13	2,865 79	21,869 05
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	201	11,433 36	7,567 00	590 71	250 69	143 93	4,281 42	-	-	219 31	6,115 08	30,581 50
Taunton Jail,	40	5,970 00	2,171 03	19 42	29 46	48 97	1,400 39	-	-	90 90	746 58	10,476 15
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	220	13,760 00	7,266 09	805 12	230 13	231 74	5,784 22	-	90 68	431 44	4,373 76	32,376 18
Totals,	3,500	\$249,644 21	\$182,170 33	\$29,319 20	\$5,995 39	\$5,952 34	\$70,632 67	\$92 95	\$691 80	\$3,304 39	\$66,107 27	\$613,911 14

* Fuel and lights are furnished for the county buildings.

† County commissioners expended \$8,672.04 for fuel and lights which are furnished in connection with the court house.

‡ Includes also beds and bedding.

*Expenditures, Receipts and Cost of Support in Jails and Houses of Correction for the Year ending
Sept. 30, 1905.*

PRISONS.	EXPENDITURES.			RECEIPTS, EXCLUSIVE OF PAYMENTS OF FINES AND EXPENSES.			Average Num- ber of Prison- ers.	COST FOR EACH PRISONER.	
	Salaries and Wages.	Other Expenses.	Totals.	Earnings from Industries.	From Other Sources.	Totals.		Gross.	Net.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	\$980 00	\$2,080 16	\$3,020 16	-	\$174 63	\$174 63	12	\$251 08	\$237 13
Boston Jail,	29,450 00	26,478 56	55,928 56	-	1,469 52	1,469 52	219	266 38	248 07
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	34,238 22	56,274 63	89,562 85	-	19,862 67	19,862 67	854	268 00	194 89
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	8,064 48	6,788 57	14,801 05	\$1,497 68	243 58	1,741 26	91	162 66	143 51
Deer Island House of Correction,	56,807 69	121,290 10	178,097 79	7,966 71	3,187 72	11,104 43	1,369	180 09	121 98
Edgartown Jail,	200 00	52 70	252 70	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	8,379 07	8,417 31	16,796 38	2,766 31	1,021 27	3,787 58	101	166 30	128 80
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	4,679 32	5,433 56	10,112 88	1,274 12	625 38	1,899 50	42	240 78	193 56
Ipswich House of Correction,	5,742 26	8,412 52	14,154 78	-	470 73	470 73	53	267 07	258 19
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	7,354 71	15,608 59	22,963 30	542 30	248 06	790 36	143	160 68	154 06
Lowell Jail,	9,233 65	9,093 74	18,327 39	1,015 09	237 81	1,252 90	106	172 90	161 08
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	50 00	163 96	213 96	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	21,436 08	18,635 15	40,071 23	5,026 61	375 06	5,401 67	199	201 36	174 23
Newburyport Jail,	2,894 56	2,233 82	5,128 38	-	-	-	10	517 84	517 84
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	4,028 39	6,666 07	10,694 46	976 88	463 93	1,440 81	46	230 81	198 99
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	7,990 74	13,466 02	21,366 76	86 03	77 15	163 18	74	288 74	286 53
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	8,400 00	8,265 03	16,665 03	840 51	20 21	860 72	166	219 28	207 96
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	8,611 68	13,267 97	21,869 65	1,799 92	933 14	2,733 06	144	161 87	132 86
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	11,433 36	19,148 14	30,581 50	2,066 17	967 19	3,043 36	201	152 15	137 01
Taunton Jail,	8,970 00	4,506 16	13,476 16	-	160 08	160 08	40	261 90	257 90
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	13,760 00	19,116 18	32,876 18	3,816 55	321 69	4,138 24	220	149 44	180 63
Totals,	\$249,644 21	\$364,266 93	\$613,911 14	\$29,694 88	\$30,799 81	\$60,494 69	3,500	\$176 40	\$168 12

AVERAGE COST OF PRISONERS.

The average net cost for maintenance per capita during the past year in the State Prison was \$130.27; in the Massachusetts Reformatory, \$214.71; and in the Reformatory Prison for Women, \$233.73. In the preceding table the expenditures, receipts and average net cost of maintenance of prisoners in each jail and house of correction are set forth. In making a comparison, it should be remembered that in the management of the different institutions a variety of conditions prevail, such as products from the land, stock on hand, etc.; added to this is the fact that, with other conditions being equal, the larger prisons always present the better showing.

FINES AND EXPENSES.

Number committed for Non-payment of Fines and Expenses, and Amount received.

PRISONS.	Number committed for Non-payment of Fines and Expenses.	Number who paid Fines and Expenses.	Amount received for Fines and Expenses.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction, . . .	19	7	\$250 00
Boston Jail,	538	215	2,715 00
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction, . . .	916	282	2,643 00
Dedham Jail and House of Correction, . . .	202	89	1,169 00
Deer Island House of Correction,	4,608	694	5,543 60
Edgartown Jail,	-	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction, . . .	296	60	743 00
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	40	6	91 00
Ipswich House of Correction,	18	9	125 00
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction, . . .	696	130	766 45
Lowell Jail,	1,000	272	1,441 50
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction, . . .	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction, . .	787	140	1,663 10
Newburyport Jail,	42	3	65 00
Northampton Jail and House of Correction, . .	118	65	565 00
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	367	60	558 25
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction, . . .	299	42	600 00
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	803	114	1,243 00
Springfield Jail and House of Correction, . . .	1,272	190	1,627 00
Taunton Jail,	563	123	914 00
Worcester Jail and House of Correction, . . .	1,001	228	2,616 00
Totals,	13,585	2,729	*\$25,338 90

* This applies only to fines paid to the masters and keepers.

Showing Number of Prisoners committed and discharged in Each Jail and House of Correction in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

PRISONS.	Number of Prisoners Oct. 1, 1904.	Committed from Courts during the Year.	Returned for Violation of Permit.	Removed from Other Prisons.	Returned from Escape.	Returned from Insane Asylum.	Total Number in Prison during the Year.	Released on Permit or Otherwise Discharged.	Died.	Escaped.	Pardoned.	Removed to Insane Asylum.	Removed to Other Prisons.	Total Number Discharged during the Year.	Number in Custody Sept. 30, 1905.	Average Number in Jails and Houses of Correction.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	9	63	1	1	1	1	69	56	1	1	1	1	1	56	13	12
Boston Jail,	223	6,663	8	179	1	1	6,887	6,644	4	1	1	3	134	6,646	241	219
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	269	2,853	8	179	1	1	3,284	2,982	4	1	1	3	134	2,985	299	354
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	66	649	1	1	1	1	714	1,398	1	1	1	2	9	610	104	11
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,763	9,794	51	21	1	1	11,660	10,272	18	2	7	2	87	10,386	1,274	1,369
Dorchester Jail,	112	732	1	82	1	1	926	779	2	1	1	1	24	808	118	101
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	49	143	1	313	1	1	195	160	2	1	1	1	1	163	30	42
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	42	185	1	313	1	1	448	387	1	1	1	1	1	390	45	53
Ipswich House of Correction,	116	1,360	1	38	1	1	1,506	1,306	1	1	1	1	1	1,362	144	143
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	111	1,669	1	11	1	1	1,686	1,466	1	1	1	2	53	1,662	100	106
Lowell Jail,	192	1,420	1	56	1	1	1,670	1,419	1	1	1	1	56	1,482	188	199
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	7	127	1	34	1	1	148	135	1	1	1	1	1	139	9	10
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	46	383	1	34	2	1	431	371	1	1	1	1	3	378	56	46
Newburyport Jail,	70	667	1	1	1	1	731	691	1	1	1	1	3	699	79	74
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	37	667	1	2	1	1	748	664	1	1	1	1	3	667	72	74
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	129	1,651	3	46	1	1	1,830	1,537	3	1	1	9	344	1,692	138	144
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	191	2,551	3	1	1	1	2,746	2,561	3	1	1	1	7	2,643	203	201
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	60	819	1	51	1	1	926	807	1	1	1	1	23	932	48	40
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	219	2,312	2	34	1	1	2,567	2,243	2	1	1	5	124	2,374	193	220
Taunton Jail,	219	2,312	2	34	1	1	2,567	2,243	2	1	1	5	124	2,374	193	220
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	3,788	34,570	71	874	4	1	39,208	34,888	35	11	13	36	908	35,931	3,357	3,500
Totals,	5,788	34,570	71	874	4	1	39,208	34,888	35	11	13	36	908	35,931	3,357	3,500

* Includes one returned from Eye and Ear Infirmary.

† Includes one removed to Eye and Ear Infirmary.

‡ Includes one transferred to Suffolk county on habeas corpus.

§ Pardoned by the President.

|| Includes two returned from Lowell Hospital.

** Includes three removed to Lowell Hospital.

†† Includes one sent to court on habeas corpus.

‡‡ Includes one released on writ of habeas corpus.

STATISTICS OF PRISONERS.

Statement showing the Number of Prisoners received and discharged in All Prisons, with the Removals to and from the Prisons included in this Report, for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

Number of prisoners Oct. 1, 1904,	6,890
Received under warrants from the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905,	37,878
Returned for violation of permit,	533
Received from other institutions,*	29
Removed from : —	
State Prison,	2
Massachusetts Reformatory,	10
Reformatory Prison for Women,	—
State Farm,	122
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	23
Jails and houses of correction,	967
Reform schools,	29
Returned from : —	
State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	6
Escape,	12
	39,611
Released on permit or otherwise discharged,	38,681
Removed to : —	
Massachusetts Reformatory,	64
Reformatory Prison for Women,	14
State Farm,	8
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	194
Jails and houses of correction,	875
Reform school,	2
State Asylum for Insane Criminals,	103
State Hospital,	7
Died,	61
Escaped,	35
Pardoned by Governor,	41
Pardoned by President,	1
	40,086
Number in custody Sept. 30, 1905,	6,415
Average number in prison,	6,514

* Includes 22 from the Lyman School for Boys, 1 from the House of Reformation and 8 from the State Industrial School for Girls; 2 were removed to the State Industrial School for Girls.

The statement set forth on the preceding page contains the number of commitments to and releases from all the prisons in the State during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905. Largely, the number committed are received directly from the courts; but it will be noticed that a considerable number are transferred from other prisons, or returned for a violation of the conditions of their permit. As compared with last year, the number committed by the courts is 954 less. The increased number of removals from the jails, houses of correction and State Farm is due to the fact that it has been found that a larger number of prisoners could be used to advantage at the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners at Rutland. The total number of commitments to all the prisons in the State was 39,611, as against 40,268 last year. The statistics which follow relate to sentenced prisoners only:—

*Commitments to Jails, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the
Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Expen- ses.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — Against the person, . . .	238	11	43	1	3	1	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	276	11	287
2. — Against property, . . .	232	19	59	5	18	12	7	1	12	1	—	—	—	—	319	26	345
3. — Against public order, etc.	1,690	161	615	172	19	11	5	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	2,331	844	2,675
Totals,	2,160	191	717	177	40	13	14	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	2,926	361	3,307

Commitments to Houses of Correction, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.														
	Fine and Expen- ses.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — Against the person, . .	420	18	370	14	108	29	45	—	25	—	16	—	1	—	1,020
2. — Against property, . . .	716	27	875	52	286	17	179	7	96	1	42	1	2	—	2,301
3. — Against public order, etc.	9,882	718	5,981	1,246	493	160	78	27	18	—	7	—	—	—	18,610
Totals,	11,018	763	7,226	1,312	887	330	302	34	139	1	65	1	3	—	21,931

Commitments to Jails and Houses of Correction, by Sentences and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	SENTENCES.														
	Fine and Expen- ses.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
1.—Against the person, .	648	29	413	14	111	3	47	—	25	—	16	—	1	—	1,261
2.—Against property, .	948	46	934	57	304	19	186	7	99	1	42	1	2	—	46
3.—Against public order, etc.	11,572	879	6,596	1,418	512	171	83	27	20	—	7	—	—	—	1,307
Totals,	13,168	954	7,943	1,489	927	193	316	34	144	1	65	1	3	—	2,646

Commitments to Jails and Houses of Correction, from Counties, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COUNTIES.	Popula- tion by Census of 1905.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		
		M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	26,831	3	—	3	8	—	8	13	2	15	24	2	26
Berkshire,	98,330	31	—	31	55	—	55	500	26	526	586	26	612
Bristol,	299,257	150	8	158	167	4	171	1,470	271	1,741	1,787	283	2,070
Dukes County,	4,551	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
Essex,	381,181	181	7	188	301	11	312	1,964	273	2,237	2,446	291	2,737
Franklin,	43,362	5	—	5	13	—	13	89	8	97	107	8	115
Hampden,	196,013	83	3	86	168	9	177	1,616	189	1,805	1,867	201	2,068
Hampshire,	62,227	10	—	10	11	—	11	221	8	229	242	8	250
Middlesex,	608,499	142	2	144	311	11	322	2,623	277	2,900	3,076	290	3,366
Nantucket,	2,930	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Norfolk,	167,537	36	2	38	73	3	76	372	16	388	481	21	502
Plymouth,	127,932	19	1	20	49	2	51	419	13	432	487	16	503
Suffolk,	652,362	514	21	535	1,192	88	1,280	7,763	1,347	9,110	9,469	1,456	10,925
Worcester,	362,668	87	2	89	166	3	169	1,737	65	1,802	1,990	70	2,060
Totals,	3,003,680	1,261	46	1,307	2,515	131	2,646	18,790	2,495	21,285	22,566	2,672	25,238

Commitments to the State Farm, by Crimes and Sex of Prisoners, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

[Sentences are indeterminate.]

CRIMES.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	CRIMES.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Assault and battery, . .	1	—	1	Tramps,	76	—	76
Begging,	2	—	2	Vagabonds,	9	—	9
Drunkenness,	1,896	115	2,011	Vagrants,	224	6	232
Escape,	2	—	2	Totals,	2,244	123	2,367
Idle and disorderly, . .	29	1	30				
Lewdness,	2	1	3				
Refusing to labor after food and lodging at almshouse,	1	—	1				

Sentences of Prisoners committed to the Jails and Houses of Correction in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

PRISONS.		SENTENCES.															
		Fines and Ex.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	Tot.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	10	1	1	5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	96
Boston Jail,	518	68	86	112	23	112	23	47	2	22	10	1	1	1	1	771	918
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	972	23	123	53	118	4	35	14	7	10	1	1	1	1	1	1,889	1,953
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	266	10	152	6	10	4	116	116	12	61	1	1	1	1	1	481	502
Deer Island House of Correction,	4,532	263	3,529	918	431	114	114	116	12	61	1	37	1	1	1	8,668	10,067
Edgartown Jail,	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	298	1	190	13	3	13	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	518	518
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	42	1	29	23	3	23	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	107	113
Ipswich House of Correction,	37	1	61	4	18	1	2	2	2	5	1	1	1	1	1	188	194
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	537	94	376	86	18	17	20	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,010	1,099
Lowell Jail,	915	100	252	79	19	10	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,187	1,378
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	727	162	258	68	41	9	31	3	3	8	1	1	1	1	1	1,089	1,311
Newburyport Jail,	42	1	43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	86	86
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	113	1	102	4	16	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	242	260
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	349	12	216	1	19	7	9	2	2	18	2	2	2	2	2	482	522
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	232	4	168	9	9	2	9	9	9	3	1	1	1	1	1	487	522
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	796	41	387	50	39	3	18	2	18	18	1	1	1	1	1	1,932	2,060
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	1,164	112	942	31	40	3	8	2	10	10	3	3	3	3	3	1,867	2,068
Taunton Jail,	347	30	317	11	17	1	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	1	718	769
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	977	41	402	13	68	7	20	4	4	5	1	1	1	1	1	1,472	1,542
Totals,	13,168	954	7,943	1,489	927	193	316	34	144	1	65	1	3	1	1	22,566	25,238

Showing Crimes and Sentences of Male and Female Prisoners

CRIMES.		SENTENCES.			
		Fine and Ex- penses.		Less than 6 Months.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.					
1	Abandoning child, and abetting,	-	1	-	-
2	Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-
3	Assault,	53	3	56	2
4	Assault, felonious,	-	-	2	-
5	Assault, indecent,	2	-	5	-
6	Assault on officer,	23	1	37	2
7	Assault with dangerous weapon,	9	1	25	5
8	Assault and battery,	527	23	282	5
9	Carnal abuse,	-	-	-	-
10	Conspiracy,	-	-	-	-
11	Libel,	-	-	1	-
12	Manslaughter,	-	-	-	-
13	Mayhem,	-	-	-	-
14	Murder in second degree,	-	-	-	-
15	Railroad train, attempt to wreck,	-	-	-	-
16	Rape, and attempt,	-	-	-	-
17	Robbery,	-	-	-	-
18	Threats,	23	-	4	-
19	Throwing missiles,	11	-	1	-
20	Totals,	648	29	413	14
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.					
21	Arson,	-	-	-	-
22	Breaking and entering, and attempt,	6	-	5	-
23	Breaking and entering post-office,	-	-	-	-
24	Breaking and entering and larceny,	-	-	2	-
25	Breaking glass,	35	4	14	1
26	Burglarious implements, having, in possession,	-	-	-	-
27	Burglary,	-	-	-	-
28	Burning a building, and accessory,	-	-	-	-
29	Burning merchandise, intent to defraud,	-	-	-	-
30	Cheating and defrauding,	2	-	2	-
31	Common and notorious thief,	-	-	-	-
32	Concealing or selling mortgaged or leased property,	1	-	4	-
33	Concealing personal property,	1	-	-	-
34	Cutting mail bag,	-	-	-	-
35	Defacing slot machine,	1	-	-	-
36	Defrauding boarding-house or inn-keeper,	11	-	1	-
37	Defrauding stable keeper,	1	-	-	-
38	Destroying or defacing personal property,	3	-	1	-
39	Embezzlement,	-	-	1	-
40	Evading fare,	69	-	-	-
41	Extortion,	-	-	-	-
42	False pretences,	2	-	-	-
43	Fraudulent conveyance of property,	3	-	1	-
44	Hiring persons to set fire to a building to defraud an insurance company,	-	-	-	-
45	Injuring tree,	1	-	-	-
46	Larceny, and attempt,	614	40	781	45
47	Larceny from a conveyance,	-	-	5	-
48	Larceny from the person, and attempt,	5	-	37	9
49	Larceny from the reality,	-	-	18	-
50	Larceny in a building,	-	-	10	-
51	Larceny on high seas,	-	-	2	-
52	Malicious mischief,	42	2	17	2
53	Obtaining goods falsely,	-	-	1	-
54	Posting bills on building without consent of owner,	1	-	-	-
55	Receiving stolen goods,	8	-	14	-
56	Refusing to labor after food and lodging at almshouse,	-	-	2	-
57	Stealing a ride,	2	-	1	-
58	Stealing letters from U. S. mail,	-	-	-	-

committed to All Prisons in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

SENTENCES.												
6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 3 Years.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Indeterminate.		Aggregates.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	4	3	-	4	4
21	-	16	-	4	-	-	-	12	-	6	-	6
-	-	7	-	3	-	-	-	24	-	152	5	157
5	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	36
4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	22
18	1	13	-	5	-	-	-	4	-	65	3	68
54	2	15	-	1	-	-	-	8	1	74	7	81
1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	887	31	918
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	3	10	3	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	-	9
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	15	-	15
-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	†16	-	20	-	20
6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	33
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12
111	3	72	-	16	-	1	-	88	7	1,349	53	1,402
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	-	3
21	-	80	-	19	-	1	-	119	-	251	-	251
-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
13	-	35	-	7	-	1	-	78	-	136	-	136
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	5	55
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	3
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	8	-	8
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
-	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	7	1	12	1	13
1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	13	-	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	-	69
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
226	15	98	7	9	1	-	-	204	21	1,932	129	2,061
4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	13	-	13
21	3	19	2	2	-	-	-	16	-	100	14	114
3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	26	-	26
7	1	22	-	1	-	-	-	12	-	52	1	53
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	62	4	66
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
4	-	16	-	1	-	-	-	11	-	54	-	54
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2

* Sentenced for life.

† Includes one sentenced for life.

Showing Crimes and Sentences of Male and Female

CRIMES.		SENTENCES.			
		Fine and Ex- penses.		Less than 6 Months.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY — Concluded.					
1	Taking and opening letter containing valuable inclosure,	-	-	1	-
2	Trespass,	124	-	2	-
3	Unlawfully breaking telegraph wires,	1	-	-	-
4	Unlawful taking,	6	-	9	-
5	Unlawful use of horse and team,	9	-	3	-
6	Wilfully drawing water from mill pond,	-	-	-	-
7	Totals,	948	46	934	57
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.					
8	Abortion, and accessory,	-	-	-	-
9	Accessory before the fact to crime of corrupting a juror,	-	-	-	-
10	Adultery,	1	-	5	5
11	Affray,	6	-	2	-
12	Altering money order,	-	-	-	-
13	Bastardy,	2	-	-	-
14	Bathing laws, violating,	2	-	-	-
15	Begging,	-	-	1	-
16	Bonfires, making,	7	-	1	-
17	Caucus and election laws, violating,	-	-	4	-
18	Cigarettes, selling, to minors,	1	-	-	-
19	City ordinance or town by-laws, violating,	73	1	-	-
20	Civil service laws, violating,	-	-	4	-
21	Common night walker,	-	2	-	60
22	Common nuisance, keeping,	3	-	-	2
23	Common raller and brawler,	-	-	1	2
24	Contempt of court,	7	2	23	3
25	Counterfeit money, making and passing,	1	-	-	-
26	Cruelty to animals,	16	-	6	-
27	Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested,	7	-	3	-
28	Disorderly house, keeping,	13	6	19	14
29	Disorderly in public conveyance,	27	-	6	1
30	Distributing hand bills in street,	1	-	-	-
31	Disturbing a meeting,	6	1	1	-
32	Disturbing the peace,	290	31	87	17
33	Dog, keeping, unlicensed,	6	-	-	-
34	Drunkenness,	10,419	688	5,704	1,200
35	Escape,	-	-	5	-
36	False affidavit, making,	-	-	1	-
37	False answers, giving, to registrar,	-	-	1	-
38	False fire-alarm, giving,	3	-	-	-
39	False nomination papers, filing,	-	-	1	-
40	False oath, taking,	-	-	6	-
41	False statement, making,	2	-	-	-
42	Fire-arms, discharging, in street,	1	-	-	-
43	Fish and game laws, violating,	10	-	1	-
44	Forgery and uttering,	-	-	2	-
45	Fornication,	69	113	12	24
46	Gaming, and present at,	56	-	-	-
47	Giving liquor to prisoner,	2	-	-	-
48	Health laws, violating,	4	-	-	-
49	House of ill fame, keeping,	1	-	1	1
50	Idle and disorderly,	19	3	62	49
51	Indecent exposure,	6	-	33	1
52	Inn-keeper, unlicensed,	1	-	-	-
53	Internal revenue laws, violating,	-	-	1	-
54	Junk dealer, unlicensed,	8	-	-	-
55	Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	2	4
56	Lewdness,	15	10	19	14
57	Liquor laws, violating,	74	7	38	11
58	Liquor, transporting, illegally,	1	-	-	-
59	Lobster laws, violating,	1	-	-	-
60	Loitering around railroad station,	30	-	-	-

Prisoners committed to All Prisons, etc. — Continued.

SENTENCES.												
6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 3 Years.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Indeterminate.		Aggregates.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126	-	126
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	16
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
304	19	294	9	43	1	7	-	465	22	2,995	154	3,149
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
16	4	19	14	-	-	-	-	1	4	42	27	69
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	4	-	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
5	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	1	74
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	100	100
1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	5	39
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	3
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25
3	7	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	10	-	10
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	29	66
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	1	34
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
337	137	20	7	-	-	-	-	3	1	386	49	435
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,938	198	18,418	2,230	20,648
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	8	-	8
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
2	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	11	-	11
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	-	35
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	81	147	228
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	56
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	33	6	3	9
-	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	186	90	226
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	50	1	51
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
7	4	12	3	1	-	-	-	-	2	8	-	8
4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	13	35
3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	40	31	71
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	19	134
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	30

Showing Crimes and Sentences of Male and Female

CRIMES.		SENTENCES.			
		Fine and Ex- penses.		Less than 6 Months.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Concluded.					
1	Lottering in street,	5	-	-	-
2	Lord's Day, violating,	19	-	-	-
3	Lottery, and advertising,	1	-	-	-
4	Milk laws, violating,	1	-	-	-
5	Motor vehicle laws, violating,	1	-	-	-
6	Neglect of family,	101	-	108	-
7	Obscene books and pictures, having and selling,	1	1	1	-
8	Obscenity,	5	2	-	-
9	Obstructing correspondence of another,	-	-	1	-
10	Obtaining and using fraudulent certificate of citizenship,	-	-	2	-
11	Officer, obstructing,	-	-	2	-
12	Opium laws, violating,	-	1	-	-
13	Park rules, violating,	10	-	-	-
14	Pauper laws, violating,	-	-	1	-
15	Pawnbroker, unlicensed,	-	-	1	-
16	Peddling, unlicensed,	25	-	3	-
17	Perjury,	-	-	8	-
18	Perjury and forgery,	-	-	-	-
19	Physician, unregistered,	1	1	-	-
20	Polygamy,	-	-	-	-
21	Profanity,	21	3	-	-
22	Railroad, obstructing,	3	-	-	-
23	Refusing to aid officer,	1	-	-	-
24	Rescue,	5	1	1	-
25	School laws, violating,	-	1	-	-
26	Seduction,	-	-	-	-
27	Solemnizing marriage without authority,	-	-	1	-
28	Stubbornness,	-	-	5	-
29	Tramps,	-	-	20	-
30	Unlawful attempt to land alien,	-	-	1	-
31	Unnatural and lascivious act,	-	-	1	-
32	U. S. mail, using, in scheme to defraud,	-	-	-	-
33	Vagabonds,	-	-	27	-
34	Vagrants,	21	5	366	12
35	Walking on railroad,	160	-	-	-
36	Wilfully wearing button of G. A. R.,	1	-	-	-
37	Totals,	11,572	879	6,596	1,418

RECAPITULATION.

38	1. — Against the person,	648	29	413	14
39	2. — Against property,	948	46	934	57
40	3. — Against public order, etc,	11,572	879	6,596	1,418
41	Totals,	13,168	954	7,943	1,489

Prisoners committed to All Prisons, etc. — Concluded.

SENTENCES.												
6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 3 Years.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Indeterminate.		Aggregates.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
										5		5
										19		19
										1		1
										1		1
										1		1
										1		1
25										229		229
2		1								5		5
										5		5
										1		1
										5		5
		2								2		2
										10		10
										1		1
										1		1
										1		1
										1		1
										28		28
6		4		1				5		24		24
								1		1		1
										1		1
		9						1		10		10
										21	3	24
										3		3
										1		1
										7	1	8
1											1	1
											1	1
				1						1		1
										1		1
								42	5	47	6	53
45	1	1						77		143		143
										1		1
2		2		3				1		9		9
		1								1		1
6								9		42		42
23	3							242	18	652	38	690
										160		160
										1		1
512	171	104	27	7	-	2	-	2,398	308	21,191	2,803	23,994

RECAPITULATION.

111	3	72	-	16	-	1	-	88	7	1,849	53	1,402	38
304	19	294	9	43	1	7	-	465	22	2,995	164	3,140	39
512	171	104	27	7	-	2	-	2,398	308	21,191	2,803	23,994	40
927	193	470	36	66	1	10	-	2,951	337	25,585	3,010	28,545	41

Showing the Number of Male and Female Prisoners committed under Sentence to All Prisons in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.												
Abandoning child, . . .	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Abetting in abandoning child.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	1
Abuse of female child, . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	5	-	5
Abuse of female children, .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault,	-	2	-	-	-	-	150	5	155	152	5	157
Assault, indecent, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	22	-	-	22
Assault on officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	65	3	68	65	3	68
Assault with intent to abuse female child.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Assault with intent to carnally abuse.	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Assault with intent to commit sodomy.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Assault with intent to murder.	7	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	12	-	12
Assault with intent to rape.	7	1	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	13	-	13
Assault with intent to rob.	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	3
Assault with intent to rob, armed.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Assault with dangerous weapon.	-	4	-	-	-	-	70	7	77	74	7	81
Assault and battery, . . .	-	7	1	1	-	1	879	30	909	887	31	918
Assault and robbery, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Carnal abuse,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Carnal abuse, adultery, . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Conspiracy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Libel,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Manslaughter,	8	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	2	10	5	13
Mayhem,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Murder in second degree, . .	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9
Railroad train, attempt to wreck.	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape, and attempt,	7	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	12	-	12
Rape and incest,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape, statutory,	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2
Robbery,	10	5	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	19	-	19
Robbery, assault to murder.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Threats,	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	33	33	-	33
Throwing missiles,	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12	12	-	12
Totals,	64	23	7	1	-	1	1,261	46	1,307	1,349	53	1,402
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.												
Accessory before the fact to setting fire to and burning a building.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Arson,	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	3
Attempt to break and enter a dwelling-house, intent to commit larceny.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering, and attempt.	26	87	-	-	-	-	123	-	123	236	-	236
Breaking and entering post-office.	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Breaking and entering, armed, and putting in fear.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	State Prison. Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women.			State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
2.—AGAINST PROPERTY												
— Con.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Injuring tree, . . .	9	195	22	-	-	-	1,709	105	1,814	1,913	127	2,040
Larceny, and attempt, .	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Larceny from a conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	10	-	10
Larceny from common carrier,	4	12	-	-	-	-	84	14	98	100	14	114
Larceny from the person, and attempt,	-	3	-	-	-	-	23	-	23	26	-	26
Larceny from the realty, .	2	9	-	-	-	-	40	1	41	51	1	52
Larceny in a building, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Larceny in a vessel, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Larceny on high seas, . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Larceny and larceny in a building,	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	3	48	45	3	48
Malevolent mischief, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Obtaining goods falsely, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Posting bills on building without consent of owner,	2	9	-	-	-	-	43	-	43	54	-	54
Receiving stolen goods, . .	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2	3	-	3
Refusing to labor after food and lodging at almshouse,	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	2	21	19	2	21
Stealing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Stealing a ride,	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2
Stealing letters from U. S. mail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Taking and opening letter containing valuable inclosure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	126	-	126	126	-	126
Trespass,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Unlawfully breaking telegraph wires,	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	15	15	-	15
Unlawful taking,	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13	13	-	13
Unlawful use of horse and team,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Wilfully drawing water from mill pond,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals,	88	391	23	1	-	1	2,515	131	2,646	2,995	154	3,149
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.												
Abortion,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Accessory before the fact to crime of abortion,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Accessory before the fact to crime of corrupting a juror,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Adultery,	-	1	4	-	-	-	41	23	64	42	27	69
Affray,	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	7	-	7
Altering money order, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Bastardy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Bathing laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Begging,	-	1	-	2	-	2	1	-	1	4	-	4
Bonfires, making,	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	10	-	10
Caucus and election laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	-	11
Causing counterfeit coin to be made,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Cigarettes, selling, to minors,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	1	74	73	1	74
Civil service laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	State Prison.			State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.												
Common night walker, . . .	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	70	70	-	100	100
Common nuisance, keeping, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
Common railer and brawler, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	2	3
Contempt of court, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	5	39	34	5	39
Counterfeit money, making, . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Counterfeit money, passing, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1
Cruelty to animals, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	25	25	-	25
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	10	-	10
Disorderly house, keeping, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	37	28	65	37	29	66
Disorderly in public conveyance, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	1	34	33	1	34
Distributing hand bills in street, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Disturbing a meeting, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	8	7	1	8
Disturbing the peace, . . .	-	3	1	-	-	-	383	48	431	386	49	435
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
Drunkenness, . . .	-	42	83	1,896	115	2,011	16,480	2,032	18,512	18,418	2,230	20,648
Escape, . . .	-	-	-	2	-	2	6	-	6	8	-	8
False affidavit, making, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
False answers, giving, to registrar, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
False fire-alarm, giving, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
False nomination papers, filing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
False oath, taking, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	6	-	6
False statement, making, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Fire-arms, discharging, in street, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Fish and game laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	-	11
Forgery and uttering, . . .	4	7	-	-	-	-	17	-	17	28	-	28
Forgery and uttering and larceny, . . .	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Fornication, . . .	-	-	10	-	-	-	81	137	218	81	147	228
Gaming, and present at, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	56	56	-	56
Giving liquor to prisoner, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Health laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
House of ill fame, keeping, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	3	9	6	3	9
Idle and disorderly, . . .	-	19	32	29	1	30	88	57	145	136	90	226
Indecent exposure, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	49	1	50	50	1	51
Inn-keeper, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Interfering with railroad conductor, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Internal revenue laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Junk dealer, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	8	-	8
Lewd cohabitation, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	22	11	33	22	13	35
Lewdness, . . .	-	-	5	2	1	3	38	25	63	40	31	71
Liquor laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	19	134	115	19	134
Liquor, transporting, illegally, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Lobster laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Loitering around railroad station, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	30	30	-	30
Loitering in street, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	5	-	5
Lord's Day, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	-	19	19	-	19
Lottery, and advertising, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Milk laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Motor vehicle laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Neglecting to notify Board of Health of smallpox in family, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1

Number of Male and Female Prisoners, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
			M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.—Con.											
Neglect of family, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	229	-	229	229	-	229
Obscene books and pictures, having and selling, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	6	5	1	6
Obscene language, using, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	1	2	3
Obscenity, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
Obstructing correspondence of another, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Obtaining and using fraudulent certificate of citizenship, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	5	-	5
Officer, obstructing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Opium laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
Park rules, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	10	-	10
Pauper laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Pawnbroker, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Peddling, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	28	28	-	28
Perjury, . . .	3	2	-	-	-	19	-	19	24	-	24
Perjury and forgery, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Physician, unregistered, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	1	2
Polygamy, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	10	-	10
Profanity, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	21	3	24	21	3	24
Railroad, obstructing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Refusing to aid officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Rescue, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	7	1	8	7	1	8
School laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
Seduction and indecent assault, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Solemnizing marriage without authority, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Stubbornness, . . .	-	42	5	-	-	5	1	6	47	6	53
Tramps, . . .	-	1	-	76	-	66	-	66	143	-	143
Unlawful attempt to land alien, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Unnatural and lascivious act, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	9	-	9
U. S. mail, using, in scheme to defraud, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Uttering forged checks and orders, . . .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Uttering forged checks and orders for money with intent to defraud, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Uttering forged instruments, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Vagabonds, . . .	-	-	-	9	-	9	33	33	42	-	42
Vagrants, . . .	-	16	12	226	6	232	410	20	430	38	690
Walking on railroad, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	160	-	160	160	-	160
Wilfully wearing button of G. A. R., . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Totals, . . .	23	136	185	2,242	123	2,365	18,790	2,495	21,285	21,191	28,994

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person, . . .	64	23	7	1	-	1	1,261	46	1,307	1,349	53	1,402
2.—Against property, . . .	88	391	23	1	-	1	2,515	131	2,646	2,995	154	3,149
3.—Against public order, etc., . . .	23	136	185	2,242	123	2,365	18,790	2,495	21,285	21,191	2,803	23,994
Totals, . . .	175	550	215	2,244	123	2,367	22,566	2,672	25,238	25,535	3,010	28,545

COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR.

In the table immediately following this statement a comparison is made whereby the number of commitments to all the prisons in the State is shown for the two years ending Sept. 30, 1905. A comparison is also made of the different classes of offences. It will be seen that for crimes against property there has been a slight increase over last year, while for crimes against the person the number is a few less, and for crimes against public order there has been a reduction of 1,122. The total number of commitments during the past year for all classes of crimes was 28,545, or 1,149 less than last year. By reference to the table on page 80 it will be seen that the reduction in the number committed for drunkenness forms a very large part of the entire decrease.

Comparison of Commitments to the Various Institutions in the Last Two Years, classified by Sex of Prisoners.

MALES.

INSTITUTIONS.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.		2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.		3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUB- LIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.	1904.	1905.		
State Prison,	80	64	102	88	22	23	204	175	-	29
Massachusetts Reformatory, .	27	23	420	391	151	136	598	550	-	48
State Farm,	-	1	1	1	1,884	2,242	1,885	2,244	359	-
Jails and houses of correction,	1,808	1,261	2,420	2,515	20,213	18,790	23,941	22,566	-	1,375
Totals,	1,415	1,349	2,943	2,995	22,270	21,191	26,628	25,535	359	1,452

FEMALES.

Reformatory Prison for Women,	8	7	22	23	191	185	221	215	-	6
State Farm,	-	-	-	-	95	123	95	123	28	-
Jails and houses of correction,	37	46	153	131	2,560	2,495	2,750	2,672	-	78
Totals,	45	53	175	154	2,846	2,803	3,066	3,010	28	84

MALES AND FEMALES.

State Prison,	80	64	102	88	22	23	204	175	-	29
Massachusetts Reformatory, .	27	23	420	391	151	136	598	550	-	48
Reformatory Prison for Women,	8	7	22	23	191	185	221	215	-	6
State Farm,	-	1	1	1	1,979	2,365	1,980	2,367	387	-
Jails and houses of correction,	1,345	1,307	2,573	2,646	22,773	21,285	26,601	25,238	-	1,453
Totals,	1,460	1,402	3,118	3,149	25,116	23,904	29,604	28,545	387	1,536

COMPARISON WITH CENSUS YEAR OF 1895.

Notwithstanding the large growth of the population of the State during the past ten years, the total number of commitments to all the prisons in the State last year for all offences was only about four per cent. larger than it was during the year 1895. This increase appears entirely in crimes against property and against public order. The whole number committed for crimes against the person was 534 less last year than it was during the year ending Sept. 30, 1895. The entire number of females committed last year was slightly smaller than it was during 1895. The three following tables have been prepared in order that the number of commitments for the different offences last year may be easily compared with those made during the year 1895.

***Commitments by Counties to Jails and Houses of Correction in 1905
as compared with 1895.***

COUNTIES.	POPULATION.		COMMITMENTS.							
			1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.		2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.		3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUB- LIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.	
	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.
Barnstable, . .	27,654	26,831	6	8	7	8	12	15	25	26
Berkshire, . .	86,292	98,330	31	31	55	55	303	526	389	612
Bristol, . . .	219,019	269,257	177	168	125	171	1,475	1,741	1,777	2,070
Dukes County, .	4,238	4,551	2	—	—	—	6	3	7	3
Essex,	330,393	381,181	179	188	223	312	2,673	2,237	3,075	2,737
Franklin, . . .	40,145	43,362	16	5	17	13	76	97	109	115
Hampden, . . .	152,938	196,013	91	86	134	177	1,517	1,305	1,742	2,068
Hampshire, . .	54,710	62,227	5	10	17	11	211	229	233	250
Middlesex, . .	499,217	608,499	251	144	403	322	4,056	2,900	4,710	3,366
Nantucket, . .	3,016	2,930	1	—	—	1	3	—	4	1
Norfolk, . . .	134,819	167,537	40	38	58	76	419	388	517	502
Plymouth, . .	101,498	127,932	32	20	29	51	267	432	323	503
Suffolk, . . .	539,799	652,362	894	535	1,222	1,280	8,539	9,110	10,555	10,925
Worcester, . .	306,445	362,668	103	89	164	169	1,285	1,802	1,552	2,060
Totals, . . .	2,500,183	3,003,680	1,828	1,307	2,454	2,646	20,841	21,285	26,123	25,238

NOTE.—The Boston House of Industry is included in the statistics of jails and houses of correction in 1895.

Commitments from Counties to All Prisons in 1905 as compared with 1895.

COUNTIES.	POPULATION.		STATE PRISON.		MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.		REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.		STATE FARM.		JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.		AGGREGATES.	
	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.
Barnstable,	27,654	26,831	4	1	1	1	-	1	4	2	25	26	34	31
Berkshire,	84,292	98,830	6	1	19	26	7	11	23	17	389	612	444	607
Bristol,	219,019	269,257	10	11	51	40	22	12	83	111	1,777	2,070	1,943	2,244
Dukes County,	4,238	4,551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	7	3
Essex,	330,393	381,181	15	19	45	63	16	24	41	268	3,075	2,737	3,192	3,111
Franklin,	40,145	43,362	-	-	4	4	1	1	2	11	109	115	116	131
Hampden,	152,968	196,013	5	4	48	33	18	11	53	19	1,742	2,068	1,866	2,140
Hampshire,	54,710	62,227	5	3	9	5	3	-	19	62	233	250	269	320
Middlesex,	499,217	608,499	32	*19	184	93	49	23	251	366	4,710	3,366	5,226	3,872
Nantucket,	3,016	2,830	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	1	5	2
Norfolk,	134,819	167,437	3	7	14	15	3	8	38	72	517	502	575	604
Plymouth,	101,498	127,982	4	13	11	9	3	12	72	146	328	503	418	573
Suffolk,	539,799	652,362	72	88	321	183	191	80	13	1,102	10,655	10,925	11,252	13,377
Worcester,	306,445	362,668	14	16	65	64	20	27	463	190	1,552	2,060	2,114	2,357
U. S. courts,	-	-	2	3	2	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	13
Totals,	2,800,183	3,003,680	172	175	774	550	334	215	1,063	2,867	25,123	25,238	27,466	28,545

* Includes one who also had a sentence from superior court of Suffolk county.

† Includes one who also had a sentence from superior court of Bristol county.

Showing Number committed to All Prisons in 1905 as compared with 1895, by Crimes and Sex of Prisoners.

CRIMES.	1895.			1905.		
	Males.	Females.	Totals.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.						
Abandoning child, and abetting, . . .	-	2	2	-	4	4
Abuse of female child,	5	-	5	6	-	6
Assault,	1,635	73	1,708	1,178	46	1,224
Assault, felonious,	94	2	96	58	-	58
Blackmail,	1	-	1	-	-	-
Carnal abuse,	-	-	-	2	-	2
Conspiracy,	4	-	4	2	-	2
Libel,	-	-	-	2	-	2
Manslaughter, and accessory, . . .	15	-	15	10	3	13
Mayhem,	1	-	1	1	-	1
Murder in second degree,	4	-	4	9	-	9
Railroad train, attempt to wreck, . .	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape, and attempt,	5	-	5	15	-	15
Robbery,	48	-	48	20	-	20
Threats,	38	-	38	33	-	33
Throwing missiles,	9	-	9	12	-	12
Totals,	1,859	77	1,936	1,349	53	1,402
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.						
Arson,	2	-	2	3	-	3
Breaking and entering, and attempt, .	389	1	390	392	-	392
Breaking and entering railroad car, .	1	-	1	-	-	-
Burglarious implements, having, in possession,	1	-	1	3	-	3
Burning a building, and accessory, . .	5	1	6	8	-	8
Common and notorious thief,	7	-	7	12	1	13
Concealing or selling mortgaged or leased property,	20	3	23	7	-	7
Concealing personal property,	-	-	-	1	-	1
Conspiracy to defraud,	1	-	1	-	-	-
Defrauding boarding-house or inn-keeper, .	1	-	1	13	-	13
Embezzlement,	76	1	77	5	-	5
Evading fare,	38	-	38	69	-	69
Extortion,	-	-	-	1	-	1
Fraud,	84	5	89	28	-	28
Illegally taking orders from order box, .	1	-	1	-	-	-
Larceny, and attempt,	1,934	147	2,081	2,125	144	2,269
Malevolent mischief,	154	16	170	120	9	129
Posting bills on building without consent of owner,	-	-	-	1	-	1
Receiving stolen goods,	50	3	53	54	-	54
Refusing to labor after food and lodging at almshouse,	-	-	-	3	-	3
Removing baggage,	2	-	2	-	-	-
Stealing a ride,	13	-	13	3	-	3
Stealing letters from U. S. mail, . . .	7	-	7	5	-	5

Showing Number committed to All Prisons, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	1895.			1905.		
	Males.	Females.	Totals.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY — Con.						
Trespass,	36	2	38	126	-	126
Unlawful taking,	41	3	44	15	-	15
Willfully drawing water from mill pond,	-	-	-	1	-	1
Totals,	2,863	182	3,045	2,995	154	3,149
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.						
Common night walker,	-	86	86	-	100	100
Disturbing the peace,	596	95	691	386	49	435
Drunkenness,	16,343	2,080	18,373	18,418	2,230	20,648
Fornication,	167	203	370	81	147	228
Idle and disorderly,	181	106	287	136	90	226
Liquor laws, violating,	341	89	430	116	19	135
Neglect of family,	153	-	153	229	-	229
Tramps,	170	-	170	143	-	143
Vagrants,	675	48	723	652	38	690
Walking on railroad,	275	2	277	160	-	160
Other crimes in this class,	782	143	925	870	130	1,000
Totals,	19,683	2,802	22,485	21,191	2,803	23,994

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person,	1,559	77	1,636	1,349	53	1,402
2. — Against property,	2,863	182	3,045	2,995	154	3,149
3. — Against public order, etc.,	19,683	2,802	22,485	21,191	2,803	23,994
Totals,	24,405	3,061	27,466	25,535	3,010	28,545

Ages of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PRISONS.	12 to 15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 to 25 Years.	26 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.	41 to 50 Years.	51 to 60 Years.	61 to 70 Years.	Above 70 Years.	Age Unknown.	Totals.
State Prison,	-	-	1	1	4	4	33	39	56	25	10	1	1	-	175
Massachusetts Reformatory,	16	59	84	73	65	40	146	46	*21	-	-	-	-	-	550
Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	-	17	10	10	17	50	45	48	12	5	1	-	-	215
State Farm,	-	2	4	9	9	11	146	263	749	667	344	130	27	6	2,367
Jails and houses of correction,	86	66	130	203	274	314	2,851	3,548	8,567	5,874	2,571	669	81	4	25,238
Totals,	102	127	236	296	362	386	3,226	3,941	9,441	6,578	2,930	801	109	10	28,545

* Includes one prisoner 53 years old.

Birthplaces of Prisoners committed in the Year.

BIRTHPLACES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Massachusetts,	68	353	91	1,082	10,206	11,796
Other places in United States, .	*43	88	40	270	3,751	4,192
Africa,	-	-	-	1	4	5
Armenia,	3	-	-	-	8	11
Australia,	-	-	-	-	9	9
Austria,	1	1	-	6	77	85
Belgium,	-	-	-	-	15	15
Bohemia,	-	-	-	-	2	2
British Provinces,	20	42	31	175	2,398	2,666
China,	-	-	-	-	2	2
Denmark,	-	-	2	-	10	12
East Indies,	-	-	-	-	1	1
England,	8	9	7	105	1,202	1,331
Finland,	-	-	-	9	182	191
France,	-	2	-	3	37	42
Germany,	2	6	3	10	126	147
Greece,	1	2	-	-	34	37
Hawaiian Islands,	-	-	-	-	1	1
Holland,	-	-	-	1	2	3
India,	1	-	-	-	2	3
Ireland,	8	7	33	809	5,701	6,358
Italy,	10	18	1	7	258	289
Japan,	-	-	-	-	1	1
Mexico,	-	-	-	-	4	4
New Zealand,	-	-	-	1	5	6
Norway,	2	-	-	3	50	55
Poland,	2	5	1	4	189	191
Portugal,	-	2	-	1	19	22
Prussia,	-	-	-	-	3	3
Roumania,	-	-	-	2	1	3
Russia,	4	6	1	6	201	218
San Domingo,	-	1	-	-	1	2
Scotland,	-	5	3	32	391	431
Sierra Leone,	-	-	-	-	1	1
South America,	-	-	-	-	2	2
Spain,	-	-	-	1	7	8
St. Helena,	-	-	-	-	1	1
Sweden,	2	6	1	29	266	304
Switzerland,	-	-	-	1	-	1
Syria,	-	2	-	-	14	16
Turkey,	1	-	-	-	10	11
Wales,	-	-	1	1	36	38
Western Islands,	1	-	-	2	24	27
West Indies,	2	-	-	1	23	26
At sea,	-	-	-	-	7	7
Unknown,	1	-	-	5	4	10
Totals,	175	550	215	2,367	25,338	28,545

* Includes one Chinese born in California.

Parentage of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PARENTAGE.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
American,	63	159	53	3,961	4,206
Foreign,	95	295	138	19,973	20,501
Mixed,	16	60	21	1,351	1,367
Unknown,	1	27	3	83	114
Totals,	175	550	215	25,238	*26,178

* There were also 2,367 prisoners at the State Farm, which, added to this number, gives 28,545 as the total number committed under sentence.

Conjugal Condition of Prisoners committed in the Year.

CONJUGAL CONDITION.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Married,	76	35	115	893	8,849	9,968
Single,	99	515	99	1,467	16,388	18,568
Unknown,	-	-	1	7	1	9
Totals,	175	550	215	2,367	25,238	28,545

Education of Prisoners committed in the Year.

EDUCATION.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Read or write,	161	511	192	2,165	22,425	25,454
Illiterate,	14	39	22	195	2,812	3,082
Unknown,	-	-	1	7	1	9
Totals,	175	550	215	2,367	25,238	28,545

Habits of Prisoners committed in the Year.

HABITS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Totals.
Intemperate,	70	164	146	2,367	24,610	27,357
Temperate,	105	386	68	-	628	1,187
Unknown,	-	-	1	-	-	1
Totals,	175	550	215	2,367	25,238	28,545

Former Commitments of Prisoners committed in the Year.

PRISONS.	NUMBER OF FORMER COMMITMENTS.												
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6 to 15.	16 to 30.	31 to 50.	51 to 100.	100 and More.	None.	Unknown.	Totals.
State Prison,	19	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	175
Massachusetts Reformatory, .	72	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	469	-	550
Reformatory Prison for Women.	28	7	6	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	172	-	215
State Farm,	436	237	149	80	34	77	1	-	-	-	1,353	-	2,367
Jails and houses of correction,	2,444	2,640	1,775	1,336	1,029	4,122	1,040	194	51	5	10,589	13	25,238
Totals,	2,999	2,898	1,931	1,416	1,064	4,200	1,041	194	51	5	12,733	13	23,545

Comparison of Commitments for Drunkenness in the Last Two Years.

COUNTIES AND PRISONS.	OCT. 1, 1903, TO SEPT. 30, 1904.			OCT. 1, 1904, TO SEPT. 30, 1905.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	5	-	5	6	1	7
Berkshire,	423	4	427	415	19	434
Bristol,	1,398	216	1,614	1,227	200	1,427
Dukes County,	-	-	-	3	-	3
Essex,	2,000	215	2,215	1,708	222	1,930
Franklin,	61	2	63	49	3	52
Hampden,	1,379	142	1,521	1,388	162	1,540
Hampshire,	211	5	216	205	4	209
Middlesex,	2,251	214	2,465	2,238	247	2,535
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk,	198	7	205	201	6	207
Plymouth,	334	12	346	349	7	356
Suffolk,	7,931	1,235	9,166	7,170	1,128	8,298
Worcester,	1,744	57	1,801	1,471	43	1,514
Total to jails and houses of correction,	17,935	2,109	20,044	16,480	2,032	18,512
Massachusetts Reformatory, . . .	34	-	34	42	-	42
Reformatory Prison for Women, . .	-	79	79	-	83	83
State Farm,	1,481	81	1,562	1,896	115	2,011
Totals,	19,450	2,269	21,719	18,418	2,230	20,648

Ages of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

AGES.	Massachusetts Reformatory. Prison for Women.		STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
16 years,	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
17 years,	2	-	-	-	-	18	1	19	20	1	21
18 years,	4	-	1	-	1	33	6	38	38	6	43
19 years,	2	-	-	-	-	83	6	89	85	6	91
20 years,	9	2	3	-	3	114	3	117	126	6	131
21 to 25 years,	12	15	107	6	113	1,353	134	1,487	1,472	155	1,627
26 to 30 years,	10	20	203	22	225	2,036	320	2,356	2,249	362	2,611
31 to 40 years,	*3	31	631	39	670	5,765	827	6,592	6,399	897	7,296
41 to 50 years,	-	10	552	27	589	4,406	513	4,919	4,968	550	5,518
51 to 60 years,	-	4	275	14	289	2,064	176	2,240	2,339	194	2,533
61 to 70 years,	-	1	94	6	100	534	42	576	623	49	672
Above 70 years,	-	-	18	1	19	68	5	73	86	6	92
Age unknown,	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2	4	-	4
Totals,	42	83	1,896	115	2,011	16,480	2,032	18,512	18,418	2,230	20,648

* Includes one prisoner 53 years old.

Birthplaces of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

BIRTHPLACES.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Prison for Women.	STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
			M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
	Massachusetts,	25	33	893	38	931	6,902	555	7,457	7,820	626
Other places in United States,	6	9	191	9	200	2,207	241	2,448	2,404	259	2,663
Austria,	-	-	4	-	4	31	-	31	35	-	35
Belgium,	-	-	-	-	-	9	4	13	9	4	13
British Provinces,	7	11	143	7	150	1,478	234	1,712	1,628	252	1,880
England,	1	5	74	12	86	701	170	871	776	187	963
Finland,	-	-	9	-	9	139	-	139	148	-	148
France,	-	-	3	-	3	25	2	27	28	2	30
Germany,	-	-	7	-	7	67	5	72	74	5	79
Ireland,	-	23	510	45	555	4,145	738	4,883	4,655	806	5,461
Italy,	-	-	4	-	4	55	-	55	59	-	59
Japan,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Norway,	-	-	3	-	3	34	5	39	37	5	42
Poland,	-	-	1	-	1	67	1	68	68	1	69
Russia,	-	-	3	-	3	69	1	70	72	1	73
Scotland,	-	2	26	-	26	255	64	319	281	66	347
Sweden,	3	-	18	4	22	198	6	204	219	10	229
Wales,	-	-	1	-	1	27	3	30	28	3	31
Miscellaneous,	-	-	5	-	5	68	3	71	73	3	76
Unknown,	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2	3	-	3
Totals,	42	83	1,896	115	2,011	16,480	2,032	18,512	18,418	2,230	20,648

**Former Commitments of Prisoners committed for Drunkenness
to All the Penal Institutions in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.**

NUMBER OF TIMES PREVIOUSLY COMMITTED.	Massachusetts Reformatory.		STATE FARM.			JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1 time,	7	11	378	11	389	1,566	129	1,695	1,951	151	2,102
2 times,	1	4	204	9	213	1,824	224	2,048	2,029	237	2,266
3 times,	-	5	121	7	128	1,302	184	1,486	1,423	196	1,619
4 times,	-	-	62	5	67	939	145	1,084	1,001	150	1,151
5 times,	-	1	31	-	31	738	110	848	769	111	880
6 to 15 times,	-	1	68	3	71	3,091	533	3,624	3,159	537	3,696
16 to 30 times,	-	-	-	-	-	822	124	946	822	124	946
31 to 50 times,	-	-	-	-	-	153	31	184	153	31	184
More than 50 times,	-	-	-	-	-	44	10	54	44	10	54
Unknown,	-	-	-	-	-	9	3	12	9	3	12
Total commitments,	8	22	864	35	899	10,488	1,493	11,981	11,860	1,550	12,910
Number of first commitments,	34	61	1,032	80	1,112	5,992	539	6,531	7,058	680	7,738
Whole number of commit- ments,	42	83	1,896	115	2,011	16,480	2,032	18,512	18,418	2,230	20,648

REMOVAL OF PRISONERS.

Showing Crimes of Prisoners removed by the Board of Prison Commissioners to the Reformatories in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

CRIMES.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	Totals.
Assault to rob,	1	-	1
Assault with dangerous weapon,	1	-	1
Assault and battery,	1	-	1
Breaking and entering, and attempt,	5	-	5
Breaking and entering and larceny,	4	-	4
Frequenting immoral houses,	-	1	1
Habitual truancy,	-	1	1
Larceny,	22	7	29
Larceny from the person,	2	-	2
Lewd cohabitation, adultery,	-	1	1
Robbery,	2	-	2
Stubbornness,	7	2	9
Tramps,	6	-	6
Vagrants,	12	2	14
Violation of rules of Truant School,*	1	-	1
Totals,	64	14	78

* Removed from Lyman School for Boys.

UNITED STATES PRISONERS.

Prisoners committed to All Prisons upon Sentences from United States Courts in the Year ending Sept 30 1905

CRIMES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.							Totals.
			Boston.	Cambridge.	Dedham.	Deer Island.	Greenfield.	Lawrence.	Springfield.	
Altering money order,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault to murder,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Breaking and entering,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Breaking and entering post-office,	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Breaking and entering post-office, and larceny, .	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Breaking and entering and larceny,	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	6
Causing counterfeit coin to be made,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Civil service laws, violating,	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Cutting mail bag,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2
Embezzlement of letters,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Embezzlement of money, property of United States.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Internal revenue laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Larceny,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Larceny of U. S. property,	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
Larceny on high seas,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Making counterfeit money,	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Obstructing correspondence of another, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Obtaining and using certificate of citizenship procured by fraud.	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
Perjury,	-	-	3	7	-	3	-	-	-	13
Stealing letters from U. S. mail,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Stealing letters from U. S. mail with valuable contents.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Swearing, falsely,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Taking and opening letter containing valuable inclosure.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Taking and opening letters deposited in U. S. mail.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2
Unlawful attempt to land alien,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
U. S. mail, using, in scheme to defraud, . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Totals,	3	10	12	16	2	7	2	1	3	57

Showing Number of Male and Female Prisoners in All Prisons at Certain Dates.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

COUNTY.	PRISON.	SEPT. 30, 1904.				
		Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	
Barnstable, . . .	Barnstable Jail and House of Correction, .	4	1	1	-	6
Berkshire, . . .	Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction, .	9	1	66	3	79
Bristol, . . .	New Bedford Jail and House of Correction, .	26	8	131	27	192
Dukes County, . . .	Taunton Jail,	44	6	-	-	50
	Edgartown Jail,	-	-	-	-	-
Essex, . . .	Ipswich House of Correction,	-	-	37	5	42
	Lawrence Jail and House of Correction, .	6	-	88	24	118
	Newburyport Jail,	7	-	-	-	7
Franklin, . . .	Salem Jail and House of Correction, . .	12	-	103	14	129
	Greenfield Jail and House of Correction, .	4	-	44	1	49
Hampden, . . .	Springfield Jail and House of Correction, .	11	-	164	16	191
Hampshire, . . .	Northampton Jail and House of Correction, .	6	-	39	1	46
Middlesex, . . .	Cambridge Jail and House of Correction, .	43	11	187	28	269
	Lowell Jail,	92	19	-	-	111
Nantucket, . . .	Nantucket Jail and House of Correction, .	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk, . . .	Dedham Jail and House of Correction, .	13	-	47	5	65
Plymouth, . . .	Plymouth Jail and House of Correction, .	40	3	35	9	87
Suffolk, . . .	Boston Jail,	186	37	-	-	223
	Deer Island House of Correction, . . .	-	-	1,446	347	1,793
Worcester, . . .	Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction, .	6	-	106	-	112
	Worcester Jail and House of Correction, .	24	4	172	19	219
	Totals,	533	90	2,666	499	3,788

STATE PRISONS.

LOCATION.	PRISON.	SEPT. 30, 1904.		
		Males.	Females.	Totals.
Boston (Charlestown),	State Prison,	872	-	872
Concord, . . .	Massachusetts Reformatory,	954	-	954
Sherborn, . . .	Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	190	190
Bridgewater, . . .	State Farm,	986	56	1,042
Rutland, . . .	Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, .	44	-	44
	Totals,	2,866	246	3,102
Recapitulation, . .	Number in jails and houses of correction, .	3,199	589	3,788
	Number in State prisons,	2,866	246	3,102
	Totals,	6,065	835	6,900

Showing Number of Male and Female Prisoners in All Prisons at Certain Dates.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.

DEC. 31, 1904.					MARCH 31, 1905.					JUNE 30, 1905.					SEPT. 30, 1905.				
Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.	Jails.		Houses of Correction.		Totals.
M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	
2	-	7	1	10	4	1	7	-	12	3	-	10	-	13	5	-	8	-	13
19	1	63	3	86	4	1	82	4	71	14	-	53	4	71	8	-	65	6	79
8	-	165	18	191	5	1	137	30	173	4	-	187	34	225	17	2	134	35	188
35	3	-	-	38	35	3	-	-	39	29	-	-	-	29	39	9	-	-	48
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	46	5	51	-	-	41	9	50	-	-	39	9	48	-	-	43	5	48
15	-	98	17	130	19	2	120	16	157	10	1	108	21	140	9	1	111	28	144
12	2	-	-	14	6	-	-	-	6	13	-	-	-	13	9	-	-	-	9
33	2	93	14	142	25	8	116	11	155	13	1	114	15	143	33	3	89	13	138
3	-	42	5	50	8	2	38	4	52	6	3	21	4	34	6	1	19	4	30
9	1	166	16	192	19	2	175	17	213	16	-	161	23	200	10	1	172	20	203
-	-	44	1	45	3	-	36	1	40	2	-	29	3	34	10	-	42	4	56
47	17	338	27	429	34	9	273	34	350	35	6	249	27	317	33	9	237	20	299
93	18	-	-	111	83	17	-	-	100	71	17	-	-	88	88	12	-	-	100
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	62	3	70	16	2	61	2	81	20	1	82	4	107	11	-	88	5	104
8	1	51	4	64	15	2	56	2	75	4	-	69	3	76	16	-	53	3	72
196	36	-	-	232	210	38	-	-	248	186	46	-	-	232	194	47	-	-	241
-	-	1,194	271	1,465	-	-	1,128	281	1,409	-	-	952	209	1,161	-	-	1,045	229	1,274
7	-	73	-	80	6	-	78	-	84	6	-	90	-	96	7	-	111	-	118
48	7	197	13	265	21	4	189	18	232	22	5	183	16	226	21	2	154	16	193
540	88	2,639	398	3,665	515	87	2,517	429	3,548	456	80	2,347	372	3,255	516	87	2,371	383	3,357

STATE PRISONS.

DEC. 31, 1904.			MARCH 31, 1905.			JUNE 30, 1905.			SEPT. 30, 1905.		
Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.	Males.	Fe-males.	Totals.
852	-	852	852	-	852	847	-	847	843	-	843
936	-	936	901	-	901	886	-	886	852	-	852
-	195	195	-	170	170	-	195	195	-	189	189
1,044	48	1,092	917	58	975	957	64	1,021	1,052	70	1,122
9	-	9	20	-	20	48	-	48	52	-	52
2,841	243	3,084	2,690	228	2,918	2,738	259	2,997	2,799	259	3,058
3,179	486	3,665	3,082	516	3,548	2,803	452	3,255	2,887	470	3,357
2,841	243	3,084	2,690	228	2,918	2,738	259	2,997	2,799	259	3,058
6,020	729	6,749	5,722	744	6,466	5,541	711	6,252	5,686	729	6,415

RELATING TO PRISONERS HELD IN CUSTODY SEPT. 30, 1905.

As compared with last year, the whole number of prisoners remaining in custody in all the prisons in the State on Sept. 30, 1905, is 475 less, the total number being 6,415. At the close of the year there were 29 less in the State Prison, 102 less in the Massachusetts Reformatory, 1 less in the Reformatory Prison for Women, 445 less in the number of sentenced prisoners in the jails and houses of correction, 80 more at the State Farm, 8 more at the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, and 14 more awaiting trial in the jails, than at the date of the last report. In 1895 the total number of prisoners in custody on September 30 was 7,628, or 1,213 more than at the date of this report. The greatest difference appears in the number held in the jails and houses of correction (the Boston House of Industry is included with the houses of correction, the name having been changed since 1895). There has been a decrease in the Massachusetts Reformatory of 159, and in the Reformatory Prison for Women of 147; at the State Prison the number in custody has increased from 700 to 843. The tables immediately following this statement have reference to prisoners remaining in custody Sept. 30, 1905.

*Showing Whole Number of Prisoners remaining in All Prisons
Sept. 30, 1905.*

INSTITUTIONS.	SENTENCES.			FINES AND EXPENSES.			TOTALS.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
State Prison,	843	-	843	-	-	-	843	-	843
Massachusetts Reformatory,	852	-	852	-	-	-	852	-	852
Reformatory Prison for Women,	-	189	189	-	-	-	-	189	189
State Farm,	1,052	70	1,122	-	-	-	1,052	70	1,122
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	52	-	52	-	-	-	52	-	52
Jails and houses of correction,	2,219	382	2,601	360	44	404	2,579	426	3,005
Awaiting trial in jails,	-	-	-	-	-	-	308	44	352
Totals,	5,018	641	5,659	360	44	404	5,686	729	6,415

Showing Number of Sentenced Prisoners remaining in Jails and Houses of Correction Sept. 30, 1905, by Sex and Classes of Crime.

PRISONS.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATE CRIMES OF ALL CLASSES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction.	2	-	2	3	-	3	3	-	3	8	-	8
Boston Jail,	5	-	5	10	5	15	39	13	52	54	18	72
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction.	32	2	34	97	4	101	125	22	147	254	28	282
Dedham Jail and House of Correction.	12	-	12	32	1	33	49	4	53	93	5	98
Deer Island House of Correction,	107	5	112	354	21	375	584	203	787	1,045	229	1,274
Edgartown Jail,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction.	10	-	10	23	-	23	78	-	78	111	-	111
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction.	3	-	3	6	-	6	14	4	18	23	4	27
Ipswich House of Correction, .	7	-	7	8	-	8	28	5	33	43	5	48
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction.	21	-	21	39	-	39	52	23	75	112	23	135
Lowell Jail,	7	-	7	21	-	21	55	11	66	83	11	94
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction.	30	1	31	39	2	41	66	32	98	135	35	170
Newburyport Jail,	2	-	2	2	-	2	5	-	5	9	-	9
Northampton Jail and House of Correction.	5	-	5	3	-	3	34	4	38	42	4	46
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction.	9	-	9	14	-	14	42	6	48	65	6	71
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction.	4	-	4	23	-	23	26	3	29	53	3	56
Salem Jail and House of Correction.	12	-	12	35	-	35	43	13	56	90	13	103
Springfield Jail and House of Correction.	13	-	13	42	1	43	118	19	137	173	20	193
Taunton Jail,	3	-	3	2	-	2	27	6	33	32	6	38
Worcester Jail and House of Correction.	12	-	12	36	-	36	106	16	122	154	16	170
Totals,	295	8	304	789	34	823	1,494	384	1,878	2,579	426	3,005

The number of sentenced prisoners remaining in the jails and houses of correction Sept. 30, 1905, was 3,005; the number at the same time last year being 3,450. The most noticeable reduction appears in the Deer Island House of Correction, where there were 1,793 prisoners in custody Sept. 30, 1904, and 1,274 on Sept. 30, 1905. This decrease appears substantially in the number committed for crimes against public order. In no other county has there been such a marked change.

Showing Sentences of Prisoners remaining in Jails and Houses of Correction Sept. 30, 1905.

COUNTIES.	SENTENCES.																
	Fine and Ex- penses.		Less than 6 Months.		6 and Less than 12 Months.		1 Year and Less than 2 Years.		2 Years and Less than 3.		3 Years and Less than 5.		5 Years and More.		Aggregates.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	8	-	8
Berkshire,	12	-	35	2	10	1	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	65	6	71	
Bristol,	37	10	68	5	20	23	29	29	8	-	3	-	2	167	41	208	
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex,	40	6	98	28	30	4	43	3	27	-	13	3	-	254	41	295	
Franklin,	3	-	4	-	7	1	3	3	2	-	3	1	-	23	4	27	
Hampden,	39	4	86	14	15	-	11	2	17	5	5	-	-	173	20	193	
Hampshire,	6	-	18	2	7	2	4	-	5	-	2	-	-	42	4	46	
Middlesex,	52	3	126	18	58	16	48	1	33	-	12	-	*1	337	39	376	
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk,	15	-	36	2	10	3	14	-	1	-	7	-	2	93	5	98	
Plymouth,	6	2	20	1	3	3	8	-	12	-	4	-	-	53	3	56	
Suffolk,	100	16	521	165	195	47	108	14	96	1	71	3	8	1,099	247	1,346	
Worcester,	49	3	131	5	30	3	26	5	20	-	9	-	-	265	16	281	
Totals,	360	44	1,144	242	386	100	299	38	233	1	133	3	24	3	2,579	426	3,005

* Sentenced for life.

*Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining under Sentence in All Prisons
Sept. 30, 1905.*

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.		MASS. REFORM- ATORY.	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.		TEMPORARY IN- DUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.			
	M.	M.			F.	M.		F.	Tot.	M.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.														
Abuse of female child, . . .	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	15	—	15
Assault,	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	45	—	45	46	—	46
Assault, felonious,	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Assault, indecent,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	19	19	—	19
Assault on officer,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	15	15	—	15
Assault to abuse female child, .	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	7	—	7
Assault to carnally know and abuse,	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	6	—	6
Assault to commit sodomy, . .	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Assault to murder,	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	8	60	—	60
Assault to rape,	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	6	45	—	45
Assault to rob,	12	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	20	—	20
Assault to rob, armed, . . .	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	6
Assault with dangerous weapon, .	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	4	46	45	4	49
Assault and battery,	—	8	—	—	1	—	1	—	116	1	117	125	1	126
Assault and robbery,	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
Assault and robbery, armed, . .	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
Attempt to kill by mingling poison with drink,	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1

Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.	MASS. REFORM- ATORY.	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.			TEMPORARY IN- DUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
2.—AGAINST PROPERTY													
—Con.													
Injuring electric light wire, . .		1									1		1
Larceny,	34	329	23	1		1	6	391	21	412	761	44	805
Larceny from conveyance, . .	1	3						5		5	9		9
Larceny from person,	26	16						52	8	60	94	8	102
Larceny from post-office, . .	1										1		1
Larceny from realty,		3						11		11	14		14
Larceny in a building,	13	16						37	1	38	66	1	67
Larceny in a vessel,								1		1	1		1
Larceny, common and noto- rious thief,	2										2		2
Larceny, concealing leased property,		1									1		1
Larceny, embezzlement, . . .	1										1		1
Malicious mischief,		3						5	1	6	8	1	9
Receiving stolen goods,	5	10						20		20	35		35
Stealing, and attempt,		1						4	1	5	5	1	6
Stealing letters from U.S. mail, Trespass,		1						3		3	4		4
Unlawful taking,								2		2	2		2
Unlawful use of horse and team, Wilfully drawing water from mill pond,		1						2		2	2		2
Totals,	361	633	25	3		3	6	789	34	823	1,792	59	1,851
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.													
Abortion, and accessory, . . .	8		1								8	1	9
Accessory before the fact to crime of corrupting a juror, . .	1										1		1
Adultery,		1	4					31	16	47	32	20	52
Altering money order,		1									1		1
Begging,		1		2		2					3		3
Caucus and election laws, vio- lating,								4		4	4		4
Common night walker,			24						6	6	30		30
Common nuisance, keeping, . .								1		1	1		1
Contempt of court,								4		4	4		4
Counterfeit money, making and having,	7										7		7
Cruelty to animals,								1		1	1		1
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested,								1		1	1		1
Disorderly house, keeping, . . .								5	11	16	5	11	16
Disturbing the peace,		4						32	4	36	36	4	40
Drunkenness,	33		75	779	63	842	42	1,140	291	1,431	1,994	429	2,423
Escape,								1		1	1		1
False fire-alarm, giving, . . .		1									1		1
Fish and game laws, violating, .								3		3	3		3
Forgery and uttering,	20	12	1	1		1		19		19	52	1	53
Fornication,			6					7	22	29	7	28	35
Gaming, and present at,								5		5	5		5
Habitual criminal,	10										10		10
House of ill fame, keeping, . . .								1	1	2	1	1	2
Idle and disorderly,		22	28	22	1	23		13	14	27	67	43	100
Incest,	12										12		12
Indecent exposure,		1					1	16	1	17	18	1	19
Inn, keeping, unlicensed,								1		1	1		1
Lewd cohabitation,	1		4					18	6	24	19	10	29
Lewdness,			4	2	1	3		11	6	17	13	11	24
Liquor laws, violating,								16	3	19	16	3	19
Loitering around railroad sta- tion,								1		1	1		1

Showing Crimes of Prisoners remaining, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.		MASS. REFORM- ATORY.	REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.			TEMPORARY IN- DUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.	JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	M.			M.	F.	Tot.		M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.—Con.														
Making and printing photo- graphs of parts of U. S. bills.	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Neglect of family,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	-	43	43	-	43
Obstructing correspondence of another.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Obtaining and using certificate of citizenship procured by fraud.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	5	-	5
Peddling, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	-	4
Perjury,	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13	27	-	27
Polygamy,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	12	15	-	15
Rescue,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Seduction,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Sodomy,	5	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	1	9	-	9
Stubbornness,	-	68	4	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	13	81	4	85
Tramps,	-	6	-	-	57	-	57	1	-	-	-	64	-	64
Truants,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Unnatural and lascivious act, .	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	11	-	11
U. S. mail, using, in scheme to defraud.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	2
Vagabonds,	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	4	8	-	8
Vagrants,	-	31	10	-	177	5	182	2	53	3	56	263	18	281
Walking on railroad,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Totals,	83	186	162		1,046	70	1,116	46	1,494	384	1,878	2,855	616	3,471

RECAPITULATION.

1.—Against the person, . . .	399	83	2	3	-	3	-	296	8	304	731	10	741
2.—Against property, . . .	361	633	25	3	-	3	6	789	34	823	1,792	66	1,851
3.—Against public order, etc., .	83	186	162	1,046	70	1,116	46	1,494	384	1,878	2,855	616	3,471
Totals,	843	862	189	1,052	70	1,122	52	2,579	426	*3,005	5,378	685	6,063

* There were also 352 awaiting trial.

CRIMES OF PRISONERS AWAITING TRIAL SEPT. 30, 1905.

The preceding tables give details concerning prisoners who have been convicted and sentenced to the prisons named in this report. In order to complete the figures the following table of prisoners awaiting trial is given. It may be interesting to note that ten years ago the number awaiting trial was considerably larger than at the present time.

Upon Sept. 30, 1895, there were 399 males and 50 females in all the jails who were being held for trial, while at the date of this report there are only 308 males and 44 females.

Showing Crimes of Prisoners awaiting Trial, etc. — Concluded.

MALES AND FEMALES — Concluded.

CRIMES.	JAILS.											
	Barnstable.	Pittsfield.	New Bedford.	Taunton.	Lawrence.	Salem.	Greenfield.	Springfield.	Northampton.	Cambridge.	Lowell.	Dedham.
Refusing to obey commands on ship.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refusing to work on poor farm.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Robbery.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Stubbornness.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Trespass.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Unnatural act.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Vagrants.	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
Witnesses.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Totals.	5	8	18	10	9	35	3	10	10	17	6	16
												160
												7
												23
												352

Showing Crimes of Prisoners under Sentence for Life in All Prisons.

CRIMES.	STATE PRISON.		REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.	STATE FARM.		CAMBRIDGE JAIL.	AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.		M.	F.		M.	F.	Tot.
Arson.	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
Assault to ravish.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Attempt to kill by mingling poison with drink.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Murder, death penalty remitted.	4	-	-	-	1	-	4	1	5
Murder in second degree.	56	1	2	-	-	-	58	1	59
Murder on the high seas.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Rape.	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Robbery.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Robbery, armed.	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
Robbery, assault with intent to murder.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Totals.	72	1	3	1	-	-	75	2	77

INSANE CRIMINALS.

Showing Removals of Prisoners to Insane Asylums during the Last Two Years.

PRISONS.	1904.			1905.		
	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number removed to Insane Asylum.	Number returned from Insane Asylum.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number removed to Insane Asylum.	Number returned from Insane Asylum.
Barnstable,	10	-	-	12	-	-
Boston Jail,	227	-	-	219	-	-
Cambridge,	293	5	1	354	3	-
Dedham,	90	3	-	91	2	-
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,552	-	-	1,389	-	-
Edgartown,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	108	-	-	101	1	-
Greenfield,	41	2	-	42	-	-
Ipswich,	56	1	-	53	1	-
Lawrence,	183	2	-	143	2	-
Lowell,	108	1	-	106	-	-
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Bedford,	237	3	-	199	7	-
Newburyport,	16	-	-	10	-	-
Northampton,	40	-	-	46	-	-
Pittsfield,	72	4	-	74	3	-
Plymouth,	69	3	-	76	-	-
Salem,	147	5	1	144	9	1
Springfield,	189	-	-	201	1	-
Taunton,	46	4	-	40	2	-
Worcester,	247	2	-	220	5	-
Totals in jails and houses of correction,	3,681	35	2	3,500	36	1
State Prison,	834	18	8	852	27	2
Massachusetts Reformatory,	932	7	1	898	8	1
Reformatory Prison for Women,	194	3	1	186	11	1
State Farm,	949	32	-	1,049	21	1
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	43	-	-	29	-	-
Totals in all prisons,	6,633	95	12	6,514	108	6

ARRESTS.

From the information contained in the reports submitted by the police commissioners of the city of Boston, the chiefs of police or city marshals of other cities, the metropolitan park police, the chiefs of police in towns, and from officers making arrests in towns not having a chief of police, the three tables immediately following this statement have been prepared. The total number of arrests made during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, was 114,260; of this number, 97,131 were made in the cities and 17,129 in the towns. As compared with last year, there has been an increase of 1,098 in the entire number of arrests of males. The total number of arrests of females during the year was 9,889, exactly the same number as in the pre-

ceding year. The number of arrests for drunkenness during the year was 73,972, or 1,119 more than last year. Each of the three classes of offences shows a small increase as compared with last year.

Showing Number of Arrests in Cities and Towns for Each of the Three Classes of Crimes in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

WHERE ARRESTED.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
In cities,	6,041	491	6,532	5,904	675	9,579	72,970	8,050	81,020	87,915	9,216	97,131
In towns,	1,590	80	1,670	2,002	67	2,069	12,864	526	13,390	16,456	673	17,129
Totals,	7,631	571	8,202	10,906	742	11,648	85,834	8,576	94,410	104,371	9,889	114,260

Showing Number of Arrests for All Crimes in Each County in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COUNTIES.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Barnstable,	14	1	15	17	—	17	97	6	103	128	7	135
Berkshire,	240	13	253	339	8	347	2,440	120	2,560	3,019	141	3,160
Bristol,	565	62	627	695	38	733	5,309	807	6,116	6,569	907	7,476
Dukes County,	23	2	25	14	—	14	41	—	41	78	2	80
Essex,	1,296	55	1,351	1,315	51	1,366	10,699	953	11,652	13,310	1,059	14,369
Franklin,	72	3	75	90	1	91	332	14	346	494	18	512
Hampden,	409	17	426	554	25	579	4,283	424	4,707	5,246	466	5,712
Hampshire,	79	11	90	77	3	80	689	20	709	845	34	879
Middlesex,	1,030	76	1,106	1,821	94	1,915	12,213	969	13,182	15,064	1,139	16,203
Nantucket,	7	—	7	3	—	3	14	—	14	24	—	24
Norfolk,	373	22	395	536	32	568	2,961	90	3,051	3,870	144	4,014
Plymouth,	197	19	216	252	9	261	2,969	103	3,072	3,418	131	3,549
Suffolk,	2,627	242	2,869	4,349	451	4,800	36,145	4,662	40,807	43,121	5,355	48,476
Worcester,	690	43	747	844	30	874	7,642	408	8,050	9,185	486	9,671
Totals,	7,631	571	8,202	10,906	742	11,648	85,834	8,576	94,410	104,371	9,889	114,260

Showing Arrests for Drunkenness and for Other Crimes in Each City and in Towns in the Year ending Sept 30, 1905.

CITIES.	POPULATION BY CENSUS OF 1905.	NUMBER OF ARRESTS.								
		FOR DRUNKENNESS.			FOR OTHER CRIMES.			AGGREGATES.		
		M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
Beverly, . . .	15,223	185	4	189	118	6	124	303	10	313
Boston, . . .	595,380	28,989	3,631	32,620	11,610	1,524	13,134	40,599	5,165	45,754
Brockton, . . .	47,794	1,274	42	1,316	710	46	756	1,984	88	2,072
Cambridge, . . .	97,434	1,314	109	1,423	1,607	99	1,706	2,921	208	3,129
Chelsea, . . .	37,289	1,299	114	1,413	624	45	669	1,923	159	2,082
Chicopee, . . .	20,191	345	25	370	145	17	162	490	42	532
Everett, . . .	29,111	255	6	261	234	15	249	489	21	510
Fall River, . . .	105,762	1,632	341	1,973	1,462	207	1,669	3,094	548	3,642
Fitchburg, . . .	33,021	812	9	821	348	25	373	1,160	34	1,194
Gloucester, . . .	26,011	776	5	781	394	13	407	1,170	18	1,188
Haverhill, . . .	37,830	962	107	1,069	488	58	546	1,450	165	1,615
Holyoke, . . .	49,934	898	75	973	546	53	599	1,444	128	1,572
Lawrence, . . .	70,050	1,281	234	1,515	919	93	1,012	2,200	327	2,527
Lowell, . . .	94,889	3,056	474	3,530	837	81	918	3,893	555	4,448
Lynn, . . .	77,042	3,283	256	3,539	1,246	89	1,335	4,529	345	4,874
Malden, . . .	38,037	252	19	271	184	16	200	436	35	471
Marlborough, . . .	14,073	308	1	309	129	4	133	437	5	442
Medford, . . .	19,686	94	7	101	174	4	178	268	11	279
Melrose, . . .	14,295	62	8	70	62	1	63	124	9	133
New Bedford, . . .	74,362	967	178	1,145	605	70	675	1,572	248	1,820
Newburyport, . . .	14,675	406	9	415	264	16	280	670	25	695
Newton, . . .	36,827	401	17	418	347	28	375	748	45	793
North Adams, . . .	22,150	556	18	574	297	26	323	853	44	897
Northampton, . . .	19,967	355	3	358	69	7	76	424	10	434
Pittsfield, . . .	25,001	876	31	907	329	15	344	1,205	46	1,251
Quincy, . . .	28,076	529	4	533	465	37	502	994	41	1,035
Salem, . . .	37,627	597	43	640	464	15	479	1,061	58	1,119
Somerville, . . .	69,272	881	40	921	653	43	696	1,534	83	1,617
Springfield, . . .	73,540	1,650	176	1,826	806	87	893	2,456	263	2,719
Taunton, . . .	30,967	1,167	63	1,230	286	28	314	1,443	91	1,534
Waltham, . . .	26,282	281	7	288	279	21	300	560	28	588
Woburn, . . .	14,402	473	15	488	108	11	119	581	26	607
Worcester, . . .	128,135	3,417	189	3,606	1,483	156	1,639	4,900	345	5,245
In cities, . . .	2,024,325	59,623	6,260	65,883	28,292	2,956	31,248	87,915	9,216	97,131
In towns, . . .	979,355	7,845	244	8,089	8,611	429	9,040	16,456	673	17,129
Totals, . . .	3,003,680	67,468	6,504	73,972	36,903	3,385	40,288	104,371	9,889	114,260

PROBATION.

The reports required by law have been received from all the probation officers, and from these reports the statistics of probation work printed on the following pages have been prepared. It may not be worth while to print tables of comparison, but to show that the probation system is being as freely used as heretofore, it may be said that the number of cases taken on probation in the police, municipal and district courts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, was 9,418, an increase of 628 over last year. In the superior courts 1,454 cases were taken on probation, being an increase of 52. It may also be of interest to make a comparison with the figures for 1895, when the probation system authorized by the act of 1891 had been in operation four years. In that year there were 5,427 cases taken on probation in the lower courts, and 525 in the superior courts. For the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, there were 63,224 statements of persons arrested for drunkenness which were referred to the probation officers. Ten years ago the number of such statements was 51,626. There have been this year 25,331 special investigations ordered by the court outside of the inquiries made as a matter of course under the law, and the number of such investigations in 1895 was 11,381. These figures indicate that the courts are disposed to extend the probation work as far as practicable.

In the opinion of some court officials there is need of more probation officers in some of the larger jurisdictions outside of Boston; and an inquiry is suggested as to the expediency of providing that additional officers may be appointed in the discretion of the judge, or with the concurrence of some other authority.

Most of the cases were disposed of in the ordinary way, without a sentence; that is to say, after conviction the prisoner is placed in the care of the probation officer, and is required to observe certain conditions established by the court. Forty-three courts, however, report an aggregate of 1,686 cases disposed of under the suspended sentence law, whereby the court awards a sentence, suspends the execution of it, and places the offender in the care of the probation officer.

During the year 801 probationers were surrendered for violating the terms of probation, 702 disappeared and defaulted, 255 were arrested for new offences during the period of probation, 944 had

the term of probation extended, and 5,991 were discharged or had their cases placed on file at the expiration of the probationary period.

In February, 1905, a conference of the probation officers was held for the purpose of considering a more general adoption of the forms and records that had been prepared by a committee of the probation officers in the preceding year. This conference was largely attended, and there was a full comparison of the methods and a general discussion of the probation work. As a result of the conferences that have been held with the officers, there has been more uniformity in their records, and they have made more systematic returns.

An important change since last year in the law about the work of the probation officers is contained in chapter 384 of the Acts of 1905, which in substance allows the probation officer, under certain conditions, to direct the release of a person charged with drunkenness. For the purpose of ascertaining to what extent this law has been applied throughout the State, a conference of all the probation officers was called in November. It was found that a few of the officers were of the opinion that the law had not produced any beneficial results, but a very large majority of those who attended the meeting held that it is an exceedingly useful feature of the probation system. At the end of September a general circular was addressed to the officers, asking for statistics in regard to the new law. The officers reported an aggregate of 7,280 persons released by them under the new law. Some of them included brief statements upon this matter and the probation work in general; and from them the following extracts are taken:—

We find the law . . . working admirably. . . . There is a certain strong adjunct in this law similar to probation, and I work it for all I can. The amount of good already is immeasurable, and untold, they tell me, are its blessings.

There has been, in my opinion, an increase in the number of drunk cases during that time, but it would be hardly fair to assume that it was wholly due to the new law, for there has been a slight falling off during the past month. . . . If the police here request first or second offenders to appear in court, they go there; otherwise, the court instructs me that I must discharge if I am satisfied that they tell the truth. Cases in doubt always go before the court either for sentence or further investigation.

The enactment of this law has not changed my method of procedure, as this court has followed that method for years past.

In compliance with your request, I will say neither Judge . . . nor myself are particularly favorable to the recent law relating to the release of prisoners without arraignment. I have released but two prisoners under this law, both males.

My duties have increased during the year, by reason of a new practice being introduced by several of the justices when placing persons on probation, *i.e.*, ordering them to pay court expenses and make full restitution to injured parties, which course seems to give general satisfaction. Most of these offenders, however, do not have the money when before the court, hence it becomes the probation officer's duty to make these collections, pay them over to the clerk and take his receipt, also see that restitution is made on the outside. . . . In conclusion, permit me to say that in caring for 193 persons one is kept quite busy; yet it is a most gratifying work, when one can be the means of straightening out men and women who have temporarily gotten on to the wrong track, without the necessity of having them branded as jail-birds, and forever afterwards have them a standing disgrace to their families and a probable burden to the community.

I submit to you also at this time a report of those placed on probation from Sept. 30, 1903, to Sept. 30, 1904. There were 35 in all. Of this number, 23 have given good results; 7 have been rearrested and surrendered; 2 have disappeared; 3 are in other states, too far away for direct supervision.

I have collected in small fines during the twelve months past \$2,449.75. If I did not trust them, these would have to serve from eight to twenty days, and would cost the city \$3.75 to commit them. I trust a great many, and there are very few that we do not get.

You will see that in the report the parties put under my charge are given time to pay, and we find that in these cases it helps them and their families, as they get to work and pay up, and I feel that it keeps them out of court to some extent.

A recent case in our local court prompts me to address you regarding the framing of a new act, authorizing probation officers to take wages of persons under their care and expend the money for the benefit of the families, keeping, of course, full records of the same. The justices might order the defendants to assign such wages for a certain term of weeks

or months, ordering the probation officers to give a receipt for the same, and make full record of all expenditures. In this way I believe the influence of the probation officers might be extended in a most helpful direction.

Showing Cases of Drunkenness investigated by the Probation Officers from Oct. 1, 1904, to Sept. 30, 1905.

COURTS.	STATEMENTS OF PERSONS ARRESTED.				Number of Cases of Drunkenness investigated by Order of the Court. (R.L., c. 212, § 40.)	Number released under Chapter 384 of the Acts of 1905.
	Number referred to Probation Officer.	Number found to be True.	Number found to be Untrue.	Number reported as Doubtful.		
MUNICIPAL.						
Boston,	22,180	19,186	2,994	-	12,034	1,999
Brighton,	416	136	280	-	193	-
Charlestown,	1,952	1,795	157	-	-	78
Dorchester,	770	539	231	-	-	22
East Boston,*	1,218	1,089	129	-	622	36
Roxbury,	2,851	1,396	1,455	-	278	388
South Boston,	2,473	2,127	346	-	803	1
West Roxbury,	462	423	39	-	3	83
Brookline,	10	9	1	-	148	2
POLICE.						
Brockton,	1,339	1,339	-	-	869	159
Chelsea,	1,640	1,540	150	-	110	111
Chicopee,	349	317	32	-	-	17
Fitchburg,	886	852	34	-	2	182
Holyoke,	983	961	22	-	22	80
Lawrence,	1,486	1,418	68	-	1,486	179
Lee,	14	5	9	-	-	-
Lowell,	2,306	2,247	59	-	368	495
Lynn,	3,656	3,427	229	-	1,247	295
Marlborough,	288	178	9	101	48	14
Newburyport,	424	424	-	-	-	119
Newton,	411	340	71	-	102	49
Somerville,	129	111	18	-	920	31
Springfield,	1,140	1,084	56	-	272	99
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT.						
Barnstable, First,	1	1	-	-	1	-
" Second,	3	3	-	-	5	-
Berkshire, Central,	367	347	10	-	912	83
" Northern,	20	20	-	-	171	3
" Southern,	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bristol, First,	1,246	1,198	-	48	-	69
" Second,	1,987	1,304	683	-	3	685
" Third,	1,166	1,166	-	-	1,144	200
" Fourth,	180	162	18	-	3	2
Dukes County,	10	10	-	-	11	1
Essex, First,	327	301	26	-	720	205
" Second,	74	73	1	-	-	14
" Northern (Central),	1,121	1,110	11	-	-	41
" Eastern,	794	611	183	-	30	83
Franklin,	23	23	-	-	3	4
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Eastern,	-	-	-	-	47	-
" Western,	237	234	3	-	2	18
Hampshire,	525	491	34	-	18	3
" Eastern,	75	74	1	-	-	2
Middlesex, Central,	526	524	2	-	207	39
" First Northern,	-	-	-	-	52	11
" First Eastern,	721	699	22	-	610	75
" Second Eastern,	387	368	19	-	8	81

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Showing Cases of Drunkenness, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	STATEMENTS OF PERSONS ARRESTED.				Number of Cases of Drunkenness Investigated by Order of the Court. (R.L., c. 212, § 40.)	Number released under Chapter 884 of the Acts of 1905.
	Number referred to Probation Officer.	Number found to be True.	Number found to be Untrue.	Number reported as Doubtful.		
DISTRICT—CON.						
Middlesex, Third Eastern,	1,479	1,351	128	-	87	302
" Fourth Eastern,	29	27	2	-	46	8
" First Southern,	167	166	1	-	-	9
Norfolk, Northern,	379	284	95	-	183	126
" East,	121	117	4	-	688	-
" Southern,	108	108	-	-	-	-
" Western,	104	104	-	-	6	13
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	-	-	4
" Third,	-	-	-	-	-	28
" Fourth,	8	6	2	-	6	2
Worcester, Central,	2,685	1,729	956	-	389	721
" First Northern,	210	202	8	-	-	31
" First Eastern,	58	58	-	-	-	2
" Second Eastern,	237	237	-	-	216	24
" First Southern,	249	236	13	-	226	-
" Second Southern,	59	57	2	-	-	-
" Third Southern,	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Western,	47	47	-	-	12	-
Winchendon,	71	69	2	-	-	2
Totals,	63,324	54,460	8,615	149	25,381	7,280

Showing Cases taken on Probation, under Chapter 217 of the Revised Laws, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COURTS.	CRIMES.										
	Assault and Battery.	Breaking and Entering.	City Ordinance or Town By-laws, violating.	Common Night Walker.	Disturbing the Peace.	Drunkenness.	Idle and Disorderly.	Larceny.	Neglect of Family.	Stubbornness.	Trespass.
MUNICIPAL.											
Boston,	28	-	2	79	-	1,590	30	122	32	12	3
Brighton,	1	1	-	-	-	18	-	3	1	2	-
Charlestown,	1	2	-	-	1	96	-	3	1	-	1
Dorchester,	6	11	2	-	-	9	1	14	4	6	1
East Boston,*	3	-	-	-	-	487	-	-	2	-	-
Roxbury,	44	30	4	-	2	109	5	39	39	26	10
South Boston,	7	-	-	-	-	285	3	9	29	1	-
West Roxbury,	5	6	7	-	-	46	-	11	3	1	3
Brookline,	5	-	1	-	-	36	5	16	1	1	12
POLICE.											
Brockton,	5	-	1	3	6	322	-	48	9	4	4
Chelsea,	6	6	1	-	-	250	-	21	4	8	4
Chicopee,	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	2	-	-	-	2	225	-	9	3	3	1
Holyoke,	7	-	-	-	-	145	-	8	-	4	-
Lawrence,	1	1	1	-	-	51	1	12	1	2	-
Lee,	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	2	1	-	-
Lowell,	8	7	-	-	-	268	1	37	38	17	-
Lynn,	12	1	-	2	-	84	-	14	25	7	-
Marlborough,	-	1	-	-	2	8	-	1	-	-	-

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Showing Cases taken on Probation, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	CRIMES.												
	Assault and Battery.	Breaking and Entering.	City Ordinance or Town By-laws, violating.	Common Night Walker.	Disturbing the Peace.	Drunkenness.	Idle and Disorderly.	Larceny.	Neglect of Family.	Stubbornness.	Trespass.	Miscellaneous.	Totals.
POLICE — Con.													
Newburyport,	5	1	2	-	6	54	1	11	2	-	-	4	86
Newton,	9	8	23	-	4	79	-	12	7	-	-	11	157
Somerville,	19	3	6	-	5	184	11	39	12	-	-	35	329
Springfield,	-	-	-	1	-	138	-	1	-	-	-	-	140
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
DISTRICT.													
Barnstable, First,	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	6	2	-	-	2	15
" Second,	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	4	9
Berkshire, Central,	1	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
" Northern,	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	92
" Southern,	1	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
" Fourth,	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Bristol, First,	3	-	-	-	-	70	1	8	3	-	-	2	95
" Second,	38	13	19	3	51	62	-	77	41	39	15	39	397
" Third,	4	-	-	-	-	52	2	7	7	1	-	1	74
" Fourth,	7	1	-	-	8	45	-	7	1	1	-	13	83
Dukes County,	1	-	-	-	-	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	12
Essex, First,	7	1	-	-	-	277	3	15	-	-	-	1	304
" Second,	6	-	-	-	-	14	-	3	1	1	1	-	26
" Northern (Central),	5	3	-	1	1	330	5	10	2	1	-	11	369
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	102	-	2	2	-	-	1	107
Franklin,	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
" Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Hampden, Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
" Western,	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	4	-	-	-	-	16
Hampshire,	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	2	-	-	-	-	47
" Eastern,	1	-	-	-	-	20	-	1	-	-	-	1	23
Middlesex, Central,	5	5	-	-	2	122	-	3	3	-	2	8	150
" First Northern,	6	1	-	-	-	13	-	-	1	1	-	7	29
" First Eastern,	4	6	1	-	3	164	-	11	-	2	-	6	197
" Second Eastern,	2	-	-	-	15	68	2	13	2	6	1	4	113
" Third Eastern,	19	9	-	-	29	123	2	63	28	5	1	39	318
" Fourth Eastern,	3	-	-	-	1	69	-	4	6	2	-	7	92
" First Southern,	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	5	-	-	1	3	26
Norfolk, Northern,	1	1	-	-	1	26	-	11	-	1	-	2	43
" East,	6	3	-	-	9	28	-	7	2	2	-	10	67
" Southern,	1	-	-	-	1	9	-	4	-	1	1	4	21
" Western,	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	5	1	-	-	5	20
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
" Third,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central,	-	-	-	-	2	119	-	-	1	1	-	-	123
" First Northern,	1	-	-	-	8	13	-	1	-	1	-	2	26
" First Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	9
" Second Eastern,	2	2	-	-	5	54	1	10	-	1	-	17	92
" First Southern,	2	6	-	-	1	22	-	2	2	3	-	4	42
" Second Southern,	1	-	-	-	3	19	-	6	4	-	-	2	35
" Third Southern,	1	-	-	-	1	78	-	3	-	-	-	-	83
" Western,	3	2	-	-	8	42	2	9	-	1	-	2	69
Winchendon,	-	-	-	-	4	18	2	5	-	-	-	3	32
Totals,	308	132	70	89	182	6,740	78	740	328	174	73	504	9,418

*Showing **Ages** of Persons taken on Probation in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

CRIMES.	AGES.															Totals.
	Under 10 Years.	10 to 12 Years	13 Years.	14 Years.	15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years.	22 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.	41 to 50 Years.	Over 50 Years.	
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2
Adultery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Affray,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5
Arson,	-	-	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Assault,	-	6	2	4	1	2	5	1	3	2	-	17	18	4	4	69
Assault on officer,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Assault and battery,	2	9	7	7	16	9	8	7	3	5	4	56	63	27	12	235
Bonfires, making,	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Breaking and entering,	20	29	9	11	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	87
Breaking and entering and larceny.	5	9	6	8	6	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Breaking glass,	6	7	1	4	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	1	27
Burning buildings,	1	4	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	2	18	7	12	3	7	3	2	2	1	-	6	3	1	3	70
Common night walker,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	5	7	11	50	10	-	-	89
Common raller and brawler,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	3
Concealing or conveying leased property.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4
Cruelty to animals,	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	2	8
Disorderly in public conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	4
Disturbing a meeting,	-	4	1	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Disturbing a school,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Disturbing the peace,	-	3	4	8	8	15	5	7	2	7	5	29	47	30	12	183
Dog, keeping, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	3
Drunkenness,	-	3	-	1	4	14	15	63	86	76	130	1,546	2,336	1,637	829	6,740
Evading fare,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
False fire-alarm, giving,	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Firearms, discharging, unlawfully.	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Fornication,	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	4	1	1	-	11
Fraudulent conveyance of prop-erty.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	4
Gaming, and present at,	-	-	1	1	2	3	2	7	3	2	3	6	3	1	1	35
Highway, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
House of ill fame, keeping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	3
Idle and disorderly,	-	8	2	3	5	6	13	9	9	8	4	12	4	-	-	78
Indecent exposure,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Larceny,	39	151	60	70	65	52	36	34	19	26	16	87	51	18	7	731
Larceny from person,	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	7
Larceny in a building,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Lewd cohabitation,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Lewdness,	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	7
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	5	3	1	12
Loitering on street,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	4
Lord's Day, violating,	-	1	-	3	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Malignous mischief,	1	28	9	10	8	3	1	1	-	-	-	3	2	1	-	67
Neglect of family,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	3	112	123	58	25	328
Officer, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
Park rules, violating,	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Peddling, unlicensed,	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	8
Playing ball in street,	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Profanity,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	1	-	7
Railroad laws, violating,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Rape, attempt,	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Receiving stolen goods,	-	2	1	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	11
Removing baggage, unlawfully,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	3
Robbery,	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Runaways from home,	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
School laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	6
Setting fires,	1	3	1	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Stealing a ride,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Stubbornness,	1	8	6	13	34	32	42	13	17	8	-	-	-	-	-	174
Threats,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	12
Throwing missiles,	4	7	2	3	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Tramps,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	4

Showing Ages of Persons, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	AGES.												
	Under 10 Years.	10 to 12 Years.	13 Years.	14 Years.	15 Years.	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years.	22 to 30 Years.	31 to 40 Years.
Trespass,	6	20	5	3	11	3	4	1	1	1		12	4
Traucny,	1	30	20	12	1	1							
Unlawful taking,	1	1	1										
Unlawful use of horse and team,		1			12								
Vagabonds,												1	1
Vagrants,									4		1	4	1
Walking on railroad,	5	4	7	2	3	2					2	2	3
Miscellaneous,	1	2		1	1	1		2				5	3
Totals,	111	364	160	183	197	197	149	161	166	152	183	1,975	2,709
													1,502
													*909
													9,418

* Includes one whose age was unknown.

Results in Probation Cases reported during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COURTS.	Number surrendered to the Court for violating the Terms of Probation.	Number disappeared and defaulted.	Number arrested for New Offences during Probation.	Number who had their Probation extended.	Number of Cases on File or discharged at Expiration of Probation.
MUNICIPAL.					
Boston,	315	349	-	4	1,196
Brighton,	1	3	1	-	19
Charlestown,	12	9	10	2	9
Dorchester,	5	13	-	9	36
East Boston,*	9	-	39	4	6
Roxbury,	18	1	1	1	178
South Boston,	34	1	1	3	226
West Roxbury,	3	5	-	57	64
Brookline,	4	5	-	12	30
POLICE.					
Brockton,	7	25	2	-	-
Chelsea,	25	-	-	-	410
Chilcopee,	5	2	-	-	20
Fitchburg,	25	12	20	3	179
Holyoke,	13	-	11	-	121
Lawrence,	14	-	9	1	29
Lee,	1	5	-	22	10
Lowell,	7	20	83	14	282
Lynn,	22	12	12	15	173
Marlborough,	-	1	-	1	12
Newburyport,	-	-	-	2	3
Newton,	5	-	-	12	95
Somerville,	18	37	1	135	218
Springfield,	4	-	-	1	144
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	-
DISTRICT.					
Barnstable, First,	-	-	-	9	36
" Second,	-	-	-	-	44
Berkshire, Central,	2	-	2	1	19
" Northern,	1	20	1	1	85
" Southern,	-	3	-	1	12
" Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-
Bristol, First,	14	1	5	-	71
" Second,	46	45	10	5	368
" Third,	3	8	-	28	59

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Results in Probation Cases, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	Number sur- rendered to the Court for violat- ing the Terms of Probation.	Number disap- peared and de- faulted.	Number arrested for New Offen- ces during Pro- bation.	Number who had their Probation extended.	Number of Cases on File or dis- charged at Ex- piration of Pro- bation.
DISTRICT — Con.					
Bristol, Fourth,	8	3	1	89	44
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	7
Essex, First,	-	-	5	-	302
“ Second,	3	7	-	1	23
“ Northern (Central),	17	26	6	22	173
“ Eastern,	8	2	-	4	122
Franklin,	1	-	-	5	10
“ Eastern,	-	-	-	-	9
Hampden, Eastern,	1	9	1	-	49
“ Western,	4	-	1	11	9
Hampshire,	3	1	1	-	40
“ Eastern,	-	2	-	-	17
Middlesex, Central,	5	9	4	7	34
“ First Northern,	-	1	-	1	17
“ First Eastern,	7	33	-	24	104
“ Second Eastern,	18	3	3	14	85
“ Third Eastern,	40	10	10	35	237
“ Fourth Eastern,	6	-	6	32	57
“ First Southern,	4	3	6	-	24
Norfolk, Northern,	5	1	-	4	88
“ East,	1	-	-	-	73
“ Southern,	4	1	-	1	38
“ Western,	12	3	2	7	36
Plymouth, Second,	-	-	-	3	-
“ Third,	-	-	-	-	-
“ Fourth,	-	-	-	-	-
Worcester, Central,	32	-	-	144	118
“ First Northern,	-	1	1	-	26
“ First Eastern,	1	1	-	-	13
“ Second Eastern,	2	1	-	30	29
“ First Southern,	4	6	-	81	14
“ Second Southern,	2	2	-	21	11
“ Third Southern,	-	-	-	51	57
“ Western,	-	-	-	-	-
Winchendon,	-	1	-	14	30
Totals,	801	702	255	944	5,991

PROBATION IN THE SUPERIOR COURTS.

When the probation law of 1891 was passed, it did not authorize a special appointment in the superior court, but it provided that the lower court officers could act in the superior courts at the request of the justices. In 1898 the superior courts were authorized to appoint officers for that court exclusively, and there are now 12 officers holding appointments from the superior courts. The only counties where there is not such an officer are Berkshire, Franklin and Hampshire. As already noted, 1,454 cases were disposed of under the probation law in the superior courts during the year, and the table immediately following shows the number in each district. The results are not specified in all the reports, but the reports of the few officers who give full particulars show about the same *percentage of rearrests and surrenders* as in the lower courts.

*Showing Cases taken on Probation in the Superior Courts in the
Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

CRIMES.	JURISDICTION IN COUNTIES.									Totals.
	Barnstable, Bristol,Dukes County and Nantucket.	Essex.	Hampden.	Middlesex.	Middlesex Northern.	Norfolk and Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.		
Abuse of female child,	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	
Adultery,	17	10	2	-	16	7	16	9	77	
Affray,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Arson,	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Assault,	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	1	9	
Assault, indecent,	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	
Assault on officer,	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Assault to murder,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Assault with dangerous weapon,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Assault and battery,	3	4	-	2	19	-	19	2	49	
Breaking and entering, and attempt,	4	24	3	10	18	17	99	12	187	
Breaking and entering and larceny,	15	-	-	5	12	-	5	-	37	
Breaking glass,	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Common night walker,	1	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	31	
Conspiracy to rob,	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	
Defacing buildings,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Defrauding boarding-house keeper,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Disturbing a meeting,	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	
Disturbing a school,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Disturbing the peace,	-	2	-	2	5	-	5	1	15	
Drunkenness,	29	20	5	7	52	29	457	13	612	
Embezzlement,	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	3	
Forgery and uttering,	4	-	-	-	1	-	6	1	14	
Fornication,	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	3	6	
Fraudulent conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Idle and disorderly,	4	5	-	1	-	2	33	-	45	
Indecent exposure,	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
Infants' boarding house, keeping, unlicensed,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Larceny,	15	9	2	5	21	3	116	13	184	
Larceny from conveyance,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Larceny from person,	-	1	-	2	1	-	15	1	20	
Larceny from realty,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Larceny in a building,	2	3	2	-	3	-	7	-	17	
Lewd cohabitation,	2	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	13	
Lewdness,	-	2	-	-	-	-	6	-	8	
Liquor laws, violating,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Malicious mischief,	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	4	
Neglect of family,	1	-	-	-	2	-	15	1	19	
Obscene language, using,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Perjury,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Polygamy,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	
Railroad, obstructing,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Receiving stolen goods,	1	2	-	-	1	-	9	-	13	
Rescue, and attempt,	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	
Robbery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Stubbornness,	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	
Threats,	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Tramps,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Truants,	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	5	
Unlawful use of horse and team,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	
Unnatural act,	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Vagrants,	-	1	-	-	2	-	18	7	28	
Totals,	106	92	14	35	165	66	905	71	1,454	

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS.

Statistics of criminal prosecutions have been prepared from reports of criminal cases received from all the courts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, in accordance with section 6 of chapter 222 of the Revised Laws, and are presented in the tables immediately following the statements concerning murder trials.

TRIALS FOR MURDER.

All cases of murder that were before the courts during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, are included in the tables of statistics. The details are set forth in the following paragraphs:—

PANTELOS CALAVRITINOS (referred to in last year's report) was indicted in Bristol County, June 9, 1904, for the murder of Constantine Chipouras, on March 8, 1904, in the city of Taunton. When brought to trial, Feb. 20, 1905, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. This plea was accepted by the government, and Calavritinos was sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than eight nor more than ten years.

JOSEPH H. SEATON was indicted in Hampden County, May 5, 1904, for the murder of Estelle Taylor, on March 11, 1904, in the city of Springfield. The defendant, upon being brought to trial, May 8, 1905, pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea was accepted by the district attorney, and Seaton was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

CHARLES L. TUCKER was indicted in Middlesex County, June 9, 1904, for the murder of Mabel Page, on March 31, 1904, in the town of Weston. The defendant was brought to trial Jan. 2, 1905, and upon Jan. 24, 1905, a verdict of murder in the first degree was rendered. The case has been carried to the Supreme Judicial Court on exceptions.

HENRY F. BOLES was indicted in Norfolk County, Dec. 8, 1904, for the murder of Joseph McMurray and Annie M. Boles, on Oct. 17, 1904, in the town of Brookline. On April 12, 1905, the de-

defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree of Joseph McMurray. This plea was accepted by the government, and Boles was sentenced to the State Prison for life. In the case of Annie M. Boles the defendant pleaded guilty on Dec. 22, 1904, and on Sept. 5, 1905, this case was placed on file.

ROSE DEYOUNG was indicted in Norfolk County, April 6, 1905, for the murder, in the second degree, of her infant child, on March 12, 1905, in the city of Quincy. On April 13, 1905, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. No sentence has yet been imposed, and she has been admitted to bail in the sum of \$2,000.

ANTONIO CARPENITO and JAMES DEL GROSSO were each indicted in Plymouth County, March 14, 1905, for the murder of Thomas C. Malloy, on Feb. 8, 1905, in the city of Brockton. They were brought to trial at the June term of the Superior Court. On June 10, 1905, both prisoners were found guilty of murder in the second degree, and on June 27, 1905, were sentenced to the State Prison for life.

EMIL SAARI was indicted in Plymouth County, March 14, 1905, for the murder of Karl Halien, on March 3, 1905, in the town of Carver. He was brought to trial at the June term of the Superior Court, and on June 23, 1905, was found not guilty.

ANNIE V. JOHNSON was indicted in Plymouth County, June 8, 1905, for the murder of one Johnson (christian name not known), on Dec. 22, 1904, in the city of Brockton. The defendant was brought to trial at the June term of the Superior Court, and on June 28, 1905, was found not guilty.

AUGUSTA ENGRALL was indicted in Worcester County, Jan. 16, 1905, for the murder of a female infant, on Nov. 5, 1904, in the city of Worcester. Upon being brought to trial, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. This plea was accepted by the district attorney, and the prisoner was sentenced to the Reformatory Prison for Women, on Feb. 17, 1905.

ANGELO BONIFAZI was indicted in Worcester County, Jan. 16, 1905, for the murder of Victor Ottoviono, on Jan. 8, 1905, in the town of Clinton. When brought to trial, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. This plea was accepted by the district attorney, and on Feb. 9, 1905, the defendant was sentenced to the State Prison for not less than four nor more than six years.

JOHN MCPHERSON, *alias* FRANK MCPHERSON, *alias* FRANK PROCTOR, *alias* JOHN McDONALD, *alias* JAMES SHEA, *alias* WALTER J. GIBSON, *alias* GEORGE GREEN, was indicted in Worcester County, Jan. 16, 1905, for the murder of Frank P. Sharkey, on Oct. 3, 1904, in the city of Worcester. When brought to trial, the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea was accepted by the district attorney, and on May 22, 1905, he was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

WILLIAM A. PARKER was indicted in Suffolk County, May 7, 1904, for the murder of Eleanora Cobb, on April 8, 1904, in the city of Boston. When brought to trial, Oct. 22, 1904, the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea being accepted by the government, the prisoner, on Oct. 27, 1904, was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS was indicted in Suffolk County, Sept. 10, 1904, for the murder of Edward Murray, on Aug. 23, 1904, in the city of Boston. The defendant was brought to trial Nov. 25, 1904, when he pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea was accepted by the government, and the prisoner was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

NICHOLAS DI FLAVIO was indicted in Essex County, May 14, 1904, for the murder of Giacomo Grassi, on May 8, 1904, in the city of Haverhill. Upon being brought to trial, May 31, 1905, the defendant pleaded guilty of manslaughter. This plea having been accepted by the government, he was, on June 1, 1905, sentenced to the State Prison for a term of not less than ten nor more than twelve years.

JOSEPH A. HASTINGS was indicted in Essex County, May 14, 1904, for the murder of Dora D. Trask, on March 3, 1904, in the city of Beverly. Upon being brought to trial, Jan. 9, 1905, the defendant pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree. This plea being accepted by the government, he was sentenced to the State Prison for life.

ANGLES SNELL, mentioned in the report of last year, was, on Oct. 13, 1905, sentenced to be executed within the week beginning Dec. 10, 1905. On Nov. 21, 1905, Snell's sentence was commuted to imprisonment in the State Prison for life.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN SUPERIOR COURTS.

*Statement of Criminal Cases **pending** in the Superior Courts Oct. 1, 1904, and of Such Cases **begun** in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

COUNTIES.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1904.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1904.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1904.	Cases begun.	Totals.	Cases pending Oct. 1, 1904.	Cases begun.	Totals.
Barnstable, . . .	15	2	17	35	12	47	29	10	39	79	24	103
Berkshire, . . .	5	24	29	13	47	60	23	43	66	41	114	155
Bristol, . . .	63	51	114	97	91	188	264	198	462	424	340	764
Dukes County, . .	3	2	5	13	2	15	6	2	8	22	6	28
Essex, . . .	137	153	290	134	284	418	215	310	525	486	747	1,233
Franklin, . . .	4	7	11	6	23	29	24	30	54	34	60	94
Hampden, . . .	6	40	46	26	72	98	26	90	116	58	202	260
Hampshire, . . .	4	13	17	9	25	34	33	36	69	46	74	120
Middlesex, . . .	11	149	160	16	290	306	46	359	405	73	798	871
Nantucket, . . .	5	-	5	8	1	9	3	2	5	16	3	19
Norfolk, . . .	11	35	46	56	84	120	38	94	132	85	213	298
Plymouth, . . .	21	30	51	16	40	56	122	186	308	169	256	415
Suffolk, . . .	58	472	530	105	992	1,097	131	1,818	1,949	294	3,282	3,576
Worcester, . . .	18	133	151	27	152	179	73	505	578	118	790	908
Totals, . . .	361	1,111	1,472	541	2,115	2,656	1,033	3,683	4,716	1,935	6,909	8,844

Referring to the table following this statement, a comparison is made of the criminal cases pending and begun in the superior courts for the years ending Sept. 30, 1895, and Sept. 30, 1905. During the past year the total number was 8,844, as against 7,250 in 1895. This increase is found in each of the three classes of offences. Several counties, including Berkshire, Hampden and Norfolk, show a reduction of the number of cases pending and begun during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, as compared with the year 1895, while other counties show a marked increase during the same period.

*Statement of **Criminal Cases** pending and begun in **1905** as compared with Such Cases pending and begun in **1895** in the Superior Courts.*

COUNTIES.	1. — CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.		2. — CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.		3. — CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATES.	
	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.
Barnstable, . . .	3	17	17	47	15	39	35	108
Berkshire, . . .	53	29	70	60	154	66	277	155
Bristol, . . .	65	114	119	188	294	462	478	764
Dukes County, . .	7	5	6	15	5	8	18	28
Essex, . . .	118	290	176	418	323	525	617	1,233
Franklin, . . .	27	11	22	29	38	54	87	94
Hampden, . . .	38	46	132	98	247	116	417	260
Hampshire, . . .	10	17	19	34	48	69	77	120
Middlesex, . . .	118	160	267	306	486	405	871	871
Nantucket, . . .	2	5	-	9	20	5	22	19
Norfolk, . . .	54	46	165	120	154	132	373	298
Plymouth, . . .	32	51	54	56	143	308	229	415
Suffolk, . . .	480	530	821	1,097	1,664	1,949	2,985	3,576
Worcester, . . .	107	151	162	179	545	578	814	908
Totals, . . .	1,084	1,472	2,030	2,656	4,136	4,716	7,250	8,844

*Statement of Criminal Cases commenced before the **Grand Jury**, and
of Such Cases coming to the Superior Courts by **Appeal**, in the Year
ending Sept. 30, 1905.*

COUNTIES.	1.—CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.			2.—CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.			3.—CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			AGGREGATES.		
	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.	Grand Jury Cases.	Appealed Cases.	Totals.
Barnstable,	2	-	2	12	-	12	5	5	10	19	5	24
Berkshire,	16	8	24	44	3	47	17	26	43	77	37	114
Bristol,	18	33	51	64	27	91	48	150	198	130	210	340
Dukes County,	-	2	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	4	2	6
Essex,	87	66	153	236	48	284	87	223	310	410	337	747
Franklin,	4	3	7	19	4	23	19	11	30	42	18	60
Hampden,	25	15	40	62	10	72	35	55	90	122	80	202
Hampshire,	7	6	13	19	6	25	11	25	36	37	37	74
Middlesex,	73	76	149	227	63	290	80	279	359	380	418	798
Nantucket,	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
Norfolk,	19	16	35	71	13	84	24	70	94	114	99	213
Plymouth,	14	16	30	83	7	90	20	166	186	67	189	256
Suffolk,	155	317	472	596	396	992	188	1,630	1,818	939	2,343	3,282
Worcester,	51	82	133	101	51	152	70	435	505	222	568	790
Totals,	471	640	1,111	1,487	628	2,115	607	3,076	3,683	2,565	4,344	6,909

Table showing the Crimes in Cases pending Oct. 1, 1904, and Cases begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, in the Superior Courts.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	Totals.
1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.															
Abandoning child,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Abuse of female child, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	15	-	-	-	15	-	35
Accessory before the fact to assault to kill,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Assault, and accessory, . . .	-	12	74	4	183	-	19	6	86	3	22	35	310	14	768
Assault, felonious,	5	1	11	1	3	1	8	2	17	-	6	4	42	12	113
Assault on officer,	4	3	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	23	3	43
Assault with dangerous weapon,	1	10	2	-	10	-	7	2	9	-	2	4	21	6	74
Assault and battery,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	8	79	81
Confining or putting in fear to steal,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Conspiracy,	1	-	2	-	26	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	4	-	46
Kidnapping,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
Label,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	9
Manslaughter,	-	-	1	-	14	-	1	-	7	-	2	-	8	15	43
Mayhem,	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
Murder, and attempt,	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	3	11	5	30
Poison, exposing,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Racial discrimination,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rape, and accessory,	4	-	8	-	20	1	2	-	1	1	5	3	5	4	54

Cases pending and begun in the Superior Courts — Continued.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.															Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.		
1.—AGAINST THE PERSON																
— Con.																
Robbery, and attempt,	1	—	2	—	10	—	3	2	8	—	2	1	52	10	91	
Sparring exhibition, giving, . .	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	30	
Threats and intimidation, . . .	1	1	1	—	5	1	—	—	3	—	1	—	10	4	27	
Throwing missiles,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	4	
Totals,	17	29	114	5	290	11	46	17	160	5	46	51	530	151	1,472	
2.—AGAINST PROPERTY.																
Arson,	—	1	1	—	10	—	5	1	—	—	7	—	—	5	30	
Breaking and entering,	36	19	63	8	188	5	37	7	131	2	74	24	320	66	980	
Breaking and entering railroad car.	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	
Breaking and entering and larceny.	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	
Breaking glass,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	19	
Burglarious implements, having, in possession.	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	—	5	
Burglary,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	—	24	
Burning buildings, and attempt.	—	1	1	—	8	—	—	1	4	—	—	—	4	—	19	
Burning insured property to defraud.	—	—	4	—	4	—	—	1	3	—	1	—	1	—	14	
Burning wood,	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	
Buying, receiving and concealing property.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	
Cattle, poisoning,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	
Concealing or selling mortgaged or leased property.	1	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	4	—	1	12	2	1	25	
Defrauding inn keeper,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	
Electricity, unlawful diversion of.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	3	
Embezzlement,	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	—	1	6	1	—	13	
Evading fare,	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	5	
Extortion,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	
Fraud, cheating and false pretences.	—	5	—	1	2	—	1	—	1	—	1	2	—	—	13	
Larceny,	8	23	95	5	170	11	42	23	136	3	31	18	620	86	1,271	
Malicious mischief,	2	3	4	—	13	—	2	—	8	1	—	1	17	2	53	
Railroad tickets, attempting to procure, to be stamped.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	4	
Receiving stolen goods,	—	4	8	—	17	—	6	1	7	—	1	2	21	2	69	
Registered bottles and cans, illegal use of.	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	2	29	
Selling property held on conditional contract.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	
Trade-marks, unlawful use of, .	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	
Trespass,	—	—	5	—	3	1	1	—	9	—	4	2	13	5	43	
Unlawful taking,	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	7	1	13	
Wood lot, setting fire to, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	
Totals,	47	60	188	15	418	29	98	34	306	9	120	56	1,097	179	2,656	
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.																
Abortion,	—	—	1	—	5	—	1	—	—	3	—	—	7	—	17	
Admitting minor to pool-room.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	
Adultery,	12	10	40	—	63	4	25	8	34	—	11	16	39	53	314	
Affray,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	4	
Automobile laws, violating, . .	—	—	—	—	4	—	3	—	5	—	—	—	6	6	24	
Bestiality,	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	
Bets, occupying place to register.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	
Bonds, issuing, illegally, . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	
Bribery, and attempt,	—	—	2	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	

Cases pending and begun in the Superior Courts — Continued.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.															
Building laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Caucus and election laws, violat- ing	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	4	-	31
Certificate of incorporation, fail- ing to file.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Certificates to be redeemed in numerical order, issuing and negotiating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Cigarettes, selling, to minors, . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	5	-	1	-	12	-	3	-	4	-	1	8	63	10	107
Coal weighing laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6
Common brawler, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	3
Common night walker, . . .	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	51	-	59
Common nuisance, keeping, . . .	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6
Common victualler, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Commonwealth, seal and coat of arms of, using, for advertising.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Corporation laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Counterfeit coin, passing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Cruelty to animals, . . .	-	1	4	-	1	-	2	3	3	-	1	1	12	1	29
Dangerous dog, keeping, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Dangerous weapons, armed with, when arrested.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	2	7
Dental laws, violating, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Disorderly house, keeping, . . .	-	1	8	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	5	8	29
Disorderly in public convey- ance.	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	-	1	-	1	1	4	-	14
Disturbing a meeting, . . .	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4
Disturbing a school, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Disturbing the peace, . . .	-	11	29	-	16	1	2	-	18	-	12	8	21	19	137
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	7
Drugs, adulterating, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
Drunkenness, . . .	-	15	131	-	164	15	17	40	170	-	30	117	1,116	275	2,090
Eavesdropping, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Escape, and aiding, . . .	-	2	1	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	10
False fire-alarm, giving, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
False measures, using, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
False statements, giving, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Fast driving, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Fish and game laws, violating, . .	2	6	9	-	13	1	2	-	2	-	-	18	-	3	56
Flowers, removing, from burial lot.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Food laws, violating, . . .	-	-	4	-	8	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	36	4	56
Forgery and uttering, . . .	3	1	15	4	11	1	10	3	7	-	4	4	76	5	144
Fornication, . . .	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	13	17	39
Funeral procession, disturbing, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Gaming, and present at, . . .	-	1	4	-	2	-	-	-	9	-	1	6	16	1	40
Health laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	6	1	9
Highway, obstructing, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
House of ill fame, keeping, . . .	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	1	24
Idle and disorderly, . . .	-	2	14	-	35	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	67	-	123
Incest, . . .	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	7
Indecent exposure, . . .	-	1	5	-	3	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	8	2	28
Infants' boarding-house, keep- ing, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Insurance laws, violating, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	6
Intelligence office, keeping, un- licensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Junk dealer, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	5
Juror, corrupting and soliciting, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Labor laws, violating, . . .	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	-	12
Lewd cohabitation, . . .	3	-	13	-	30	10	-	4	11	-	6	-	23	6	106
Lewdness, . . .	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	3	13

Cases pending and begun in the Superior Courts — Concluded.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.											
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.												
Liquor laws, violating, . . .	10	6	95	1	80	1	17	6	52	2	37	88
Loans, making, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79
Lobster laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Lord's Day, violating, . . .	-	-	3	1	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	1
Lottery, advertising, etc., . . .	-	-	2	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	27
Marriage, solemnizing, without authority, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Medicine to cause abortion, sell- ing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Milk laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	2	19
Neglect of family, . . .	-	1	15	1	14	1	-	-	13	-	4	58
Obscenity, and obscene publica- tions, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	4
Officer, assuming to be, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Officer, obstructing, . . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Oleomargarine laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	5
Park rules, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	4
Peddling, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	2	5
Perjury, . . .	1	-	2	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	8	30
Pharmacist, unregistered, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Physician, unregistered, . . .	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Polygamy, . . .	1	2	8	-	4	2	1	-	3	-	1	3
Profanity, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Railroad, obstructing, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	2	-	1	5
Refusing to aid officer, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rescue, and attempt, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Riot, . . .	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School laws, violating, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	1	-
Seamen, enticing, to desert ves- sel, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sodomy, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Stubbornness, . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6
Theatre, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Trade laws, violating, . . .	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Tramps, . . .	-	-	8	-	5	2	-	-	2	-	2	-
Truancy, . . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	5
Unlawful contract, making, . . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unnatural act, . . .	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	6
Vaccinated, refusing to be, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Vagabonds, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Vagrants, . . .	-	-	1	-	2	-	18	-	-	-	3	10
Walking on railroad, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	8
Totals, . . .	39	66	462	8	525	54	116	69	405	5	132	308
											1,949	578
												4,716

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person, . . .	17	29	114	5	290	11	46	17	180	5	46	51	530	151	1,472
2. — Against property, . . .	47	60	188	15	418	29	98	34	306	9	120	56	1,097	179	2,556
3. — Against public order, etc., .	39	66	462	8	525	54	116	69	405	5	132	308	1,949	578	4,716
Totals, . . .	103	155	764	28	1,233	94	260	120	871	19	298	415	3,576	908	8,844

Disposition of Criminal Cases pending at the Beginning of the Year, and of Such Cases begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, in the Superior Courts.

COUNTIES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Indictments found.	No Indictments.	On File before Trial.	Not pros'd or quashed for Informality.	Brought to Trial.	Pleas of Guilty.	Pleas of Nolo Contendere.	VERDICTS.			Sentences Imposed.	On File after Trial.	Pending for Sentence.	Untried at Close of Year.	Defendants in Default.
										Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Disagreements.					
Barnstable, . . .	79	24	60	15	21	41	-	37	2	7	7	1	7	1	2	25	-
Berkshire, . . .	41	114	75	16	38	6	18	51	-	10	6	2	35	3	5	31	4
Bristol, . . .	424	340	115	15	79	18	44	157	27	29	17	3	124	107	161	269	39
Dukes County, . .	22	6	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	12	-
Essex, . . .	486	747	379	31	141	66	100	324	6	60	37	3	259	-	143	446	-
Franklin, . . .	34	60	58	-	14	-	19	37	-	11	5	3	24	1	23	21	3
Hampden, . . .	58	202	105	17	48	5	23	96	-	14	4	5	82	1	34	69	10
Hampshire, . . .	46	74	35	2	33	2	-	25	2	3	1	-	34	3	8	37	-
Middlesex, . . .	73	798	356	24	24	19	67	620	17	36	32	-	338	170	35	55	8
Nantucket, . . .	16	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	12	-
Norfolk, . . .	85	213	107	7	61	11	35	103	-	30	8	-	96	28	50	35	-
Plymouth, . . .	159	256	63	4	47	7	78	127	8	52	22	4	137	72	9	72	11
Suffolk, . . .	294	3,282	570	255	481	175	331	2,207	8	224	123	20	1,191	407	53	93	34
Worcester, . . .	118	790	222	21	517	4	80	516	6	56	21	2	212	-	4	24	119
Totals, . . .	1,935	6,909	2,150	407	1,507	354	795	4,302	76	533	283	44	2,543	793	534	1,201	228

Disposition of Cases for Violation of Liquor Laws, commenced before the Grand Jury and coming to the Superior Courts by Appeal, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COUNTIES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Indictments found.	No Indictments.	On File before Trial.	Not pros'd or quashed for Informality.	Brought to Trial.	Pleas of Guilty.	Pleas of Nolo Contendere.	VERDICTS.			Sentences Imposed.	On File after Trial.	Pending for Sentence.	Untried at Close of Year.	Defendants in Default.
										Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Disagreements.					
Barnstable, . . .	9	1	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Berkshire, . . .	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Bristol, . . .	69	26	-	1	12	1	6	12	-	4	1	-	12	-	22	56	-
Dukes County, . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Essex, . . .	40	40	-	-	1	-	14	17	1	2	9	-	19	-	29	23	-
Franklin, . . .	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Hampden, . . .	10	7	-	-	1	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	-
Hampshire, . . .	6	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Middlesex, . . .	18	34	-	-	-	-	10	24	-	-	-	-	16	-	10	15	-
Nantucket, . . .	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norfolk, . . .	13	24	-	1	9	-	12	12	-	11	6	-	11	6	6	22	-
Plymouth, . . .	39	58	-	-	12	-	39	39	-	29	8	-	39	-	6	22	-
Suffolk, . . .	22	57	-	-	9	-	25	32	-	9	15	-	18	-	3	3	-
Worcester, . . .	7	79	-	-	30	4	15	38	-	9	6	-	37	-	1	5	4
Totals, . . .	231	329	2	2	63	11	112	175	12	56	63	7	186	28	71	140	16

Number of Cases begun in Municipal, Police and District Courts, and before Trial Justices, in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

Number of Cases begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.														Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.	
2. — AGAINST PROPERTY															
— Con.															
Fire signals, tampering with.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Fraud, cheating and false pretences.	-	5	9	-	35	1	6	3	54	-	1	3	34	27	178
Gas meter, injuring.	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Larceny, and attempt.	21	180	508	9	909	59	443	42	1,273	2	351	218	2,957	667	7,639
Larceny in railroad car.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Malignous mischief.	2	51	81	7	177	17	45	-	176	1	66	27	350	147	1,147
Railroad signals, tampering with.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3
Receiving stolen goods.	-	5	6	-	33	-	13	1	46	-	6	1	68	12	191
Refusing to labor after food and lodging at alma house.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	5
Registered bottles and cans, illegal use of.	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	16	-	3	-	52	12	86
Removing baggage, unlawfully.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
Stealing, and attempt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
Stealing a ride.	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	3	-	5	1	16	21	51
Telephone line, interfering with.	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	4
Timber, cutting, unlawfully.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Transfer, unlawful use of.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	4
Trespass.	3	11	50	1	52	5	31	-	119	-	85	20	424	85	886
Unlawful taking.	-	2	5	-	29	-	12	-	21	-	14	6	79	9	177
Unlawful use of horse.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Totals.	36	338	799	23	1,627	112	620	72	2,119	5	639	340	4,883	1,116	12,729
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.															
Abduction.	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	2	-	-	7
Abortion.	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	9
Admitting minor to pool-room.	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	4
Adultery.	2	11	29	-	60	4	13	8	41	-	11	12	51	66	308
Affray.	1	10	-	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	21	6	79
Bastardy.	2	7	35	3	34	-	17	-	80	-	17	8	98	55	356
Bathing laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	2	-	-	-	26
Begging.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Bestiality.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Bicycle laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	3	-	-	1	1	-	10
Bonfires, making.	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	8	-	24	-	36
Bribery, and attempt.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3
Building laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
Burial laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Butter laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	7
Caucus and election laws, violating.	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	8	-	22
Certificates to be redeemed in numerical order, issuing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	1	-	6
Certificates, unlawful sale of.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Cigarettes, selling, to minors.	-	8	-	-	7	-	13	-	2	-	1	-	9	-	40
City ordinance or town by-laws, violating.	137	48	78	-	202	-	85	1	428	-	119	57	1,323	155	2,633
Coal laws, violating.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	11
Common brawler.	-	-	1	-	6	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	5	1	22
Common night walker.	-	7	15	-	11	-	5	-	1	-	1	9	129	6	184

Number of Cases begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Continued.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.															Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.		
3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.—CON.																
Common nuisance, keeping.	1	11	12	-	11	1	-	3	13	-	3	9	48	2	114	
Contempt of court, . . .	-	2	9	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	14	3	36	
Counterfeiting, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	
Cruelty to animals, . . .	1	13	53	4	43	1	23	5	41	-	27	14	90	30	345	
Dangerous dog, keeping, . .	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	9	
Dangerous weapon, armed with, when arrested.	-	8	6	-	15	1	3	-	5	-	5	4	16	20	83	
Dentist, unlicensed, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Disguising to obstruct law.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Disorderly house, keeping.	-	15	31	-	29	-	8	3	3	-	2	-	24	14	129	
Disorderly in public conveyance.	-	-	11	-	18	-	-	4	8	-	57	15	6	-	119	
Disturbing a meeting, . . .	-	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	2	-	-	5	19	
Disturbing a school, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	6	
Disturbing the peace, . . .	9	265	539	-	340	32	149	23	729	-	265	186	156	441	3,134	
Dog fight, promoting, . . .	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Dog, keeping, unlicensed, . .	-	28	10	-	6	2	6	1	51	-	8	7	47	18	184	
Drug laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	2	-	1	7	
Drunkenness, . . .	23	1,796	4,637	13	8,097	233	3,529	603	9,678	12	1,680	2,296	34,034	6,104	73,635	
Eavesdropping, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
Engineer, unlicensed, . . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	
Escape, and aiding, . . .	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	8	18	
False fire-alarm, giving, . .	-	-	-	-	5	1	1	-	13	-	-	5	7	1	33	
False measures, using, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
False statements, making, to obtain marriage license.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Fast driving, . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Females, enticing, attempt, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Females, procuring, for prostitution.	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Ferry, operating, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Fire crackers, discharging, unlawfully.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Fish and game laws, violating.	10	20	75	2	58	7	25	17	29	-	19	22	5	41	330	
Food laws, violating, . . .	4	4	84	-	50	-	12	-	66	-	5	9	174	77	485	
Forgery and uttering, . . .	1	3	6	-	6	2	4	3	10	-	1	1	77	9	123	
Fornication, . . .	-	7	42	-	16	1	49	6	25	1	12	10	224	56	446	
Fugitives from justice, . . .	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	12	-	20	
Gaming, and present at, . . .	-	9	106	1	357	-	21	3	100	-	23	34	451	37	1,142	
Giving liquor to prisoner, .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	
Harbor laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Health laws, violating, . . .	-	10	6	-	20	-	3	-	20	-	3	-	1	2	65	
Highway, obstructing, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
House of ill fame, keeping, .	-	-	1	-	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	2	7	-	21	
Idle and disorderly, . . .	-	7	48	-	115	-	-	-	28	-	22	5	170	23	418	
Incest, . . .	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	1	10	
Indecent exposure, . . .	1	9	14	-	16	4	10	-	16	-	5	4	28	14	121	
Infants' boarding-house, keeping, unlicensed.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	1	-	11	
Inn, keeping, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	
Insurance laws, violating, .	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	4	
Junk laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	1	-	7	
Labels, counterfeiting, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	
Labor laws, violating, . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	11	15	
Lewd cohabitation, . . .	2	1	6	-	18	4	5	1	23	-	7	2	47	6	122	
Lewdness, . . .	1	4	36	-	82	1	3	-	7	-	2	7	14	9	166	
Liquor laws, violating, . . .	16	21	73	2	223	5	52	5	179	1	168	261	207	195	1,408	
Lobster laws, violating, . .	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	8	-	30	
Loitering around railroad station.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	

Number of Cases begun in Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Concluded.

CRIMES.	COUNTIES.															Totals.
	Barnstable.	Berkshire.	Bristol.	Dukes Co.	Essex.	Franklin.	Hampden.	Hampshire.	Middlesex.	Nantucket.	Norfolk.	Plymouth.	Suffolk.	Worcester.		
3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC. — Con.																
Lord's Day, violating, . .	-	3	56	-	139	-	27	-	258	-	64	55	642	108	1,352	
Lottery, and advertising, .	-	-	6	-	17	2	6	-	-	-	-	2	36	2	70	
Marriage, solemnizing, without license.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Milk laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	8	3	11	-	10	-	-	3	152	8	195	
Minors, employing, . .	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Minors, exhibiting, on stage.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Motor vehicle laws, violating.	-	-	-	-	128	-	28	2	506	-	265	216	78	100	1,323	
Neglect of family, . .	6	63	158	-	172	5	32	8	328	1	35	83	628	157	1,676	
Obacenity, . .	1	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	2	3	20	-	32	
Officer, assuming to be, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Officer, obstructing, . .	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	
Oleomargarine laws, violating.	-	-	17	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	19	28	75	
Opium laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	
Park rules, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	98	-	130	17	51	-	303	
Pauper laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	
Peddling, unlicensed, . .	1	9	11	-	51	-	28	2	44	-	18	6	52	31	253	
Perjury, . .	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	11	9	31	
Physician, unregistered, .	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	5	
Pilot laws, violating, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	
Polygamy, . .	-	-	4	-	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	2	4	7	26	
Profanity, . .	-	2	1	-	9	-	3	2	17	-	7	4	101	-	146	
Railroad laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-	138	-	154	
Railroad, obstructing, . .	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	2	8	1	34	
Refusing to aid officer, . .	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2	17	
Rescue, and attempt, . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	3	18	-	28	
School laws, violating, . .	-	12	7	-	12	5	4	4	11	-	1	5	12	2	75	
Seduction, . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Sewer, neglecting to connect with.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Sodomy, . .	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	3	-	10	
Stubbornness, . .	-	13	65	-	47	6	26	1	105	-	15	29	215	50	572	
Theatre, unlicensed, . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Tobacco, selling, to minors,	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	
Tramps, . .	-	4	51	-	29	27	15	7	37	-	23	20	7	57	277	
Truants, . .	-	2	26	43	76	1	27	-	114	-	16	29	262	33	659	
Unnatural act, . .	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	7	-	11	
Unsealed scales, using, . .	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Vagabonds, . .	-	1	1	-	8	-	97	-	-	-	-	8	11	3	129	
Vagrants, . .	-	52	43	1	97	17	96	11	184	-	64	11	201	264	1,041	
Vinegar laws, violating, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	
Walking on railroad, . .	-	-	2	-	37	6	94	-	56	-	49	-	23	24	291	
Water supply, polluting, .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	
Totals, . . .	232	2,523	6,456	28	11,669	375	4,557	749	13,492	15	3,201	3,508	40,329	8,338	95,472	

RECAPITULATION.

1. — Against the person, . . .	39	291	705	16	1,516	91	446	103	1,060	9	494	277	2,767	926	8,740
2. — Against property, . . .	36	338	799	23	1,627	112	620	72	2,119	5	639	340	4,883	1,116	12,729
3. — Against public order, etc., . . .	232	2,523	6,456	28	11,669	375	4,557	749	13,492	15	3,201	3,508	40,329	8,338	95,472
Totals, . . .	307	3,152	7,960	67	14,812	578	5,623	924	16,671	29	4,334	4,125	47,979	10,380	116,941

NOTE. — There were also 824 neglected children before the courts in the year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

*Disposition of Criminal Cases pending at the Beginning of the Year, and of Such Cases begun in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, in the Municipal, Police and District Courts, and before Trial Justices.**

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Quashed or dis- posed of be- fore Trial.	PLEAS.		FINDINGS.		
				GUILTY.	Not Guilty.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty.	Bound Over.
MUNICIPAL.								
Boston,	58	27,645	134	10,666	2,495	12,419	575	416
Brighton,	2	682	18	459	209	610	38	14
Charlestown,	151	3,078	155	2,185	646	448	150	80
Dorchester,	-	1,293	54	906	281	1,089	58	20
East Boston,†	79	2,422	185	1,472	555	1,894	136	38
Roxbury,	-	5,488	398	3,297	1,641	4,364	381	193
South Boston,	-	4,019	16	2,165	948	691	168	108
West Roxbury,	-	878	26	409	242	573	47	34
Brookline,	-	413	15	223	128	338	15	9
POLICE.								
Brockton,	5	2,201	265	1,366	490	1,681	152	34
Chelsea,	7	2,474	23	1,799	742	2,236	232	69
Chicopee,	-	491	4	438	48	470	15	2
Fitchburg,	6	1,337	184	897	227	1,021	86	15
Holyoke,	27	1,607	6	1,412	156	1,508	57	12
Lawrence,	-	2,510	212	1,601	711	554	102	58
Lee,	8	185	-	95	92	158	22	18
Lowell,	223	4,844	122	2,994	663	3,512	73	97
Lynn,	63	5,247	416	3,958	889	4,399	179	149
Marlborough,	-	413	78	249	74	59	10	6
Newburyport,	-	694	155	352	175	463	88	26
Newton,	61	789	179	364	237	556	30	8
Somerville,	-	1,685	47	1,126	433	1,385	79	59
Springfield,	-	2,729	53	2,371	247	2,492	91	34
Williamstown,	-	50	-	29	16	81	3	-
DISTRICT.								
Barnstable, First,	-	229	18	118	74	176	16	10
" Second,	-	78	3	37	45	61	12	8
Berkshire, Central,	-	1,184	96	923	255	1,181	36	16
" Northern,	-	916	23	686	195	783	40	20
" Southern,	-	204	3	142	66	188	9	12
" Fourth,	-	613	38	357	204	144	32	9
Bristol, First,	2	1,678	393	933	343	1,152	102	18
" Second,	-	3,713	1,468	1,842	1,013	1,941	205	90
" Third,	13	1,924	56	1,483	340	1,728	54	42
" Fourth,	-	645	19	384	227	526	70	13
Dukes County,	-	67	-	14	42	40	9	1
Essex, First,	-	1,833	249	1,008	454	1,296	127	40
" Second,	-	200	10	94	67	139	10	11
" Northern (Central),	516	1,846	186	1,220	379	1,495	66	39
" Eastern,	-	1,202	235	608	345	851	68	49
Franklin,	-	507	13	295	196	405	55	36
" Eastern,	-	71	2	46	23	59	7	1
Hampden, Eastern,	-	366	3	271	83	320	31	6
" Western,	113	430	6	295	105	368	28	8
Hampshire,	37	773	59	591	151	652	31	33
" Eastern,	2	151	12	99	37	25	6	5
Middlesex, Central,	3	723	50	371	278	594	80	6
" First Northern,	23	286	33	73	115	154	48	15
" First Eastern,	84	1,559	469	984	448	1,236	94	41
" Second Eastern,	43	891	193	425	218	577	44	38
" Third Eastern,	-	3,177	501	1,864	897	2,480	162	66
" Fourth Eastern,	-	1,015	13	785	183	926	32	8
" First Southern,	99	477	37	281	153	306	15	9
Norfolk, Northern,	-	1,106	146	534	332	808	46	15
" East,	55	1,076	35	780	471	978	50	38
" Southern,	-	396	18	220	182	329	65	13
" Western,	29	443	7	165	178	295	40	26

* For number of sentences imposed see table following.

† This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Disposition of Criminal Cases pending and begun, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	Cases pending at Beginning of Year.	Cases begun during Year.	Quashed or dis- posed of be- fore Trial.	PLEAS.		FINDINGS.		
				Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.	Bound Over.
DISTRICT — Con.								
Plymouth, Second,	-	1,394	16	952	238	1,154	58	10
“ Third,	81	434	45	244	128	318	36	6
“ Fourth,	-	196	20	94	73	189	15	8
Worcester, Central,	-	5,088	-	2,428	1,240	3,362	341	82
“ First Northern,	-	435	34	256	104	331	27	13
“ First Eastern,	6	137	7	68	55	100	17	9
“ Second Eastern,	-	647	60	330	195	485	43	24
“ First Southern,	-	549	33	320	157	111	25	13
“ Second Southern,	99	275	15	146	82	216	18	2
“ Third Southern,	-	391	9	294	67	341	19	1
“ Western,	-	247	3	167	77	218	20	6
Winchendon,	-	164	-	133	27	154	8	3
TRIAL JUSTICES.								
Essex,	3	1,280	51	750	433	1,034	104	61
Middlesex,	7	812	47	653	99	707	41	6
Nantucket,	-	29	1	17	5	25	4	1
Worcester,	8	510	39	291	166	420	44	16
Totals,	1,913	116,941	* 7,519	65,855	23,575	74,224	5,247	2,491

* There were also 13,390 cases of drunkenness released from arrest without arraignment, 11,718 cases being disposed of in that way in the Boston Municipal Court.

Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, Police and District Courts and Trial Justices in Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.					Aggregate of Sentences.
	1.—Against the Person.	2.—Against Property.	3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			
			Drunkenness.	Other Crimes in this Class.	All Crimes in this Class.	
MUNICIPAL.						
Boston,	632	970	5,746	2,409	8,155	9,757
Brighton,	24	41	328	83	411	476
Charlestown,	131	249	1,144	150	1,294	1,674
Dorchester,	48	78	669	101	770	896
East Boston,*	98	141	596	249	845	1,084
Roxbury,	303	485	1,910	581	2,491	3,279
South Boston,	166	227	1,341	394	1,735	2,128
West Roxbury,	58	58	260	130	390	506
Brookline,	14	54	126	24	149	217
POLICE.						
Brockton,	47	60	977	318	1,295	1,402
Chelsea,	114	118	1,286	282	1,518	1,750
Chicopee,	25	17	267	58	315	357
Fitchburg,	25	32	426	160	586	643
Holyoke,	152	160	772	161	933	1,245
Lawrence,	178	186	1,183	284	1,417	1,781
Lee,	17	27	44	60	104	148

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.					
	1.—Against the Person.	2.—Against Property.	3.—AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.			Aggregate of Sentences.
			Drunkenness.	Other Crimes in this Class.	All Crimes in this Class.	
POLICE—Con.						
Lowell,	207	219	2,158	237	2,395	2,821
Lynn,	135	148	909	432	1,341	1,624
Marlborough,	15	8	197	34	231	254
Newburyport,	27	26	170	84	254	307
Newton,	35	31	127	132	259	325
Somerville,	63	77	711	185	896	1,036
Springfield,	82	142	1,113	347	1,460	1,684
Williamstown,	10	1	17	4	21	32
DISTRICT.						
Barnstable, First,	9	5	16	125	141	155
“ Second,	16	5	5	27	32	53
Berkshire, Central,	49	28	742	94	836	913
“ Northern,	14	27	210	90	300	341
“ Southern,	19	8	85	45	130	157
“ Fourth,	56	31	155	121	276	363
Bristol, First,	76	24	678	96	774	874
“ Second,	250	207	607	608	1,215	1,672
“ Third,	119	82	804	249	1,053	1,254
“ Fourth,	19	32	105	128	233	284
Dukes County,	4	10	—	6	6	20
Essex, First,	88	79	414	362	776	943
“ Second,	21	14	36	36	72	107
“ Northern (Central),	87	52	656	130	786	925
“ Eastern,	77	19	324	106	430	526
Franklin,	44	32	169	67	236	312
“ Eastern,	8	13	16	10	26	47
Hampden, Eastern,	27	19	128	55	183	229
“ Western,	19	16	173	69	242	277
Hampshire,	47	13	436	55	491	551
“ Eastern,	17	4	59	26	85	106
Middlesex, Central,	34	38	107	271	378	450
“ First Northern,	22	8	20	63	83	113
“ First Eastern,	78	77	217	205	422	577
“ Second Eastern,	26	25	178	186	364	415
“ Third Eastern,	72	175	779	597	1,376	1,623
“ Fourth Eastern,	42	32	494	115	609	683
“ First Southern,	13	9	98	92	190	212
Norfolk, Northern,	58	40	125	352	477	575
“ East,	91	65	443	456	899	1,055
“ Southern,	37	24	104	122	226	287
“ Western,	32	12	71	106	177	221
Plymouth, Second,	37	17	128	353	481	535
“ Third,	20	22	167	57	224	266
“ Fourth,	25	12	57	55	112	149
Worcester, Central,	182	242	1,397	643	2,040	2,464
“ First Northern,	23	20	127	64	191	234
“ First Eastern,	8	1	52	19	71	80
“ Second Eastern,	32	21	152	118	270	323
“ First Southern,	58	32	143	82	225	315
“ Second Southern,	40	18	70	51	121	179
“ Third Southern,	14	10	192	40	232	256
“ Western,	13	13	99	29	128	154
Winchendon,	8	6	45	20	65	79
TRIAL JUSTICES.						
Essex,	99	54	320	228	548	701
Middlesex,	11	12	218	99	317	340
Nantucket,	5	—	7	2	9	14
Worcester,	33	36	148	78	226	295
Totals,	4,785	5,246	34,192	13,857	48,049	58,080

The following table shows that during the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, there were 58,080 sentences imposed by the municipal, police and district courts and trial justices, an increase of 1,067 over the total number imposed during the year 1895. There has been a decrease of 429 during this period for crimes against the person, while for crimes against property there has been a rise of 615 and for crimes against public order an increase of 881.

Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, Police and District Courts and Trial Justices in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, as compared with the Year ending Sept. 30, 1895.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.							
	1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.		2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.		3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATE OF SENTENCES.	
	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.
MUNICIPAL.								
Boston,	1,208	632	1,460	970	8,505	8,155	11,173	9,757
Brighton,	42	24	22	41	165	411	229	476
Charlestown,	117	131	126	249	826	1,294	1,069	1,674
Dorchester,	69	48	47	78	646	770	752	896
East Boston,*	87	98	68	141	659	845	814	1,084
Roxbury,	326	303	261	485	2,491	2,491	3,078	3,279
South Boston,	65	166	109	227	1,625	1,735	1,799	2,128
West Roxbury,	50	58	30	58	213	390	293	506
Brookline,	24	14	24	54	214	149	262	217
POLICE.								
Brockton,	47	47	19	60	874	1,295	940	1,402
Chelsea,	50	114	54	118	718	1,518	822	1,750
Chicopee,	33	25	14	17	278	815	325	357
Fitchburg,	42	25	26	32	511	586	579	643
Gloucester,†	90	-	29	-	495	-	614	-
Haverhill,‡	75	-	52	-	839	-	966	-
Holyoke,	165	162	127	160	990	933	1,282	1,245
Lawrence,	131	178	86	136	1,188	1,417	1,405	1,731
Lee,	25	17	11	27	97	104	133	148
Lowell,	243	207	273	219	2,748	2,395	3,264	2,821
Lynn,	119	135	86	148	1,174	1,341	1,379	1,624
Marlborough,	13	15	27	8	286	231	326	254
Newburyport,	35	27	25	26	502	254	562	307
Newton,	44	35	39	31	272	259	355	325
Somerville,	85	63	63	77	1,070	896	1,218	1,036
Springfield,	80	82	111	142	1,677	1,460	1,868	1,684
Williamstown,	15	10	20	1	74	21	109	32
DISTRICT.								
Barnstable, First,	8	9	14	5	21	141	43	155
" Second,	14	16	2	5	24	32	40	53
Berkshire, Central,	39	49	28	28	595	836	662	913
" Northern,	39	14	48	27	571	300	658	341
" Southern,	32	19	13	8	183	130	178	157

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

† Abolished in 1900, and new District Court of Eastern Essex established.

‡ Name changed to Central District Court of Northern Essex in 1899.

Number of Sentences imposed by Municipal, etc., Courts, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS AND TRIAL JUSTICES.	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES.							
	1. — AGAINST THE PERSON.		2. — AGAINST PROPERTY.		3. — AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, ETC.		AGGREGATE OF SENTENCES.	
	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.	1895.	1905.
DISTRICT — Con.								
Berkshire, Fourth,	10	56	4	31	41	276	55	363
Bristol, First,	72	76	38	24	574	774	684	874
“ Second,	266	250	127	207	1,245	1,215	1,638	1,672
“ Third,	172	119	84	82	1,347	1,063	1,603	1,254
“ Fourth,*	-	19	-	32	-	233	-	284
Dukes County,*	-	4	-	10	-	6	-	20
Essex, First,	54	88	47	79	1,123	776	1,224	943
“ Second,	33	21	12	14	183	72	228	107
“ Northern (Central),	-	87	-	62	-	786	-	925
“ Eastern,	-	77	-	19	-	430	-	526
Franklin,*	-	44	-	32	-	236	-	312
“ Eastern,*	-	8	-	13	-	26	-	47
Hampden, Eastern,	34	27	12	19	181	183	227	229
“ Western,	21	19	11	16	130	242	162	277
Hampshire,	26	47	16	13	466	491	508	551
“ Eastern,*	-	17	-	4	-	85	-	106
Middlesex, Central,	17	34	22	38	69	378	108	460
“ First Northern,	17	22	18	8	81	83	116	113
“ First Eastern,	94	78	111	77	1,189	422	1,384	577
“ Second Eastern,	42	26	34	25	579	364	655	415
“ Third Eastern,	81	72	126	175	2,459	1,376	2,666	1,623
“ Fourth Eastern,	70	42	29	32	731	609	830	638
“ First Southern,	30	13	21	9	117	190	168	212
Norfolk, Northern,*	-	58	-	40	-	477	-	575
“ East,	69	91	72	65	618	899	754	1,055
“ Southern,	25	37	8	24	167	226	200	237
“ Western,*	-	32	-	12	-	177	-	221
Plymouth, Second,	51	37	12	17	203	481	266	535
“ Third,	13	20	16	22	54	224	83	266
“ Fourth,	30	25	6	12	63	112	99	149
Worcester, Central,	132	182	158	242	1,462	2,040	1,752	2,464
“ First Northern,	20	23	24	20	265	191	309	234
“ First Eastern,	15	8	6	1	135	71	156	80
“ Second Eastern,	20	32	10	21	223	270	253	323
“ First Southern,	28	58	39	32	228	225	295	315
“ Second Southern,	31	40	19	18	133	121	183	179
“ Third Southern,	17	14	11	10	322	232	350	256
“ Western,*	-	13	-	13	-	128	-	154
Winchendon,*	-	8	-	6	-	65	-	79
TRIAL JUSTICES.								
Berkshire,	6	-	11	-	6	-	23	-
Dukes County,	8	-	8	-	13	-	29	-
Essex,	92	99	41	54	569	548	702	701
Franklin,	47	-	33	-	196	-	276	-
Middlesex,	36	11	13	12	278	317	327	340
Nantucket,	5	5	-	-	31	9	36	14
Norfolk,	77	-	62	-	555	-	694	-
Worcester,	61	33	56	36	656	226	773	295
Totals,	5,214	4,785	4,631	5,246	47,168	48,049	57,013	58,080

* Established since 1895.

Number of Search Warrants, etc., in the Municipal, Police and District Courts in the Year ending Sept. 30 1905.

COURTS.	WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR STOLEN PROPERTY.		WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR INTOXICATING LIQUORS.						OTHER SEARCH WARRANTS.		Number of Inquests.	Number of Fire Inquests.	
	Number issued.	Cases in which Property was found.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.	Liquor not found.	Number of Forfeitures.	Liquor returned to Claimant.	Cases appealed or pending.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.			
MUNICIPAL.													
Boston,	13	7	314	68	242	56	6	8	311	100	60	-	
Brighton,	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	
Charlestown,	15	7	23	14	9	10	4	-	3	1	4	-	
Dorchester,	1	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	3	3	5	-	
East Boston,*	8	6	9	8	1	5	-	3	10	3	-	-	
Roxbury,	12	5	23	16	6	16	-	-	8	8	5	-	
South Boston,	3	1	14	10	4	8	2	-	17	4	3	-	
West Roxbury,	2	1	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Brookline,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	
POLICE.													
Brookton,	10	-	231	134	95	117	17	2	11	3	11	-	
Chelsea,	9	7	36	19	17	17	2	-	6	6	8	-	
Chicopee,	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	
Fitchburg,	13	1	89	49	40	41	7	1	3	1	-	-	
Holyoke,	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	7	-	
Lawrence,	27	8	91	9	82	7	2	-	42	38	5	-	
Lee,	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lowell,	20	3	54	8	38	6	2	-	3	3	10	-	
Lynn,	17	12	33	16	17	16	-	-	14	12	10	-	
Marlborough,	1	1	5	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Newburyport,	6	2	18	12	6	12	-	-	1	1	3	-	
Newton,	11	3	4	4	-	4	-	-	3	1	9	-	
Somerville,	13	8	6	4	1	3	1	1	-	-	10	-	
Springfield,	2	2	10	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	30	-	
Williamstown,	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
DISTRICT.													
Barnstable, First,	7	3	8	5	3	5	-	-	1	1	1	-	
" Second,	-	-	5	4	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Berkshire, Central,	-	-	7	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	11	-	
" Northern,	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	6	-	
" Southern,	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
" Fourth,	10	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	
Bristol, First,	12	5	22	10	12	8	1	-	5	4	10	-	
" Second,	2	1	4	4	-	4	-	-	10	10	6	-	
" Third,	3	1	2	2	-	2	-	-	2	2	4	-	
" Fourth,	15	7	20	15	5	11	2	-	1	-	15	-	

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

Number of Search Warrants, etc. — Concluded.

COURTS.	WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR STOLEN PROPERTY.		WARRANTS TO SEARCH FOR INTOXICATING LIQUORS.						OTHER SEARCH WARRANTS.		Number of Inquests.	Number of Fire Inquests.	
	Number issued.	Cases in which Property was found.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.	Liquor not found.	Number of Forfeitures.	Liquor returned to Claimant.	Cases appealed or pending.	Number issued.	Number of Seizures.			
DISTRICT—Con.													
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Essex, First,	22	10	229	85	144	73	8	1	5	3	12	-	-
“ Second,	4	2	30	18	10	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
“ Northern (Central), . .	6	1	18	5	13	2	3	-	12	2	4	-	-
“ Eastern,	2	1	29	18	7	4	-	-	4	3	-	-	-
Franklin,	22	10	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
“ Eastern,	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Eastern, . . .	2	1	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
“ Western,	6	3	6	2	4	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Hampshire,	14	2	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	4	-	-
“ Eastern,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Middlesex, Central, . . .	7	-	19	12	7	11	1	-	13	1	11	-	-
“ First Northern, . . .	10	6	15	6	9	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
“ First Eastern,	13	5	31	16	15	14	-	2	3	1	5	-	-
“ Second Eastern, . . .	10	6	103	37	66	36	1	-	8	6	10	-	-
“ Third Eastern,	3	1	21	18	3	15	3	-	4	4	2	-	-
“ Fourth Eastern, . . .	1	1	55	14	41	12	-	2	-	-	4	-	-
“ First Southern, . . .	8	1	19	13	3	13	-	-	1	-	13	-	-
Norfolk, Northern, . . .	5	-	27	12	15	12	-	-	1	1	5	-	-
“ East,	27	9	104	54	50	48	6	-	9	9	10	-	-
“ Southern,	3	1	21	18	3	15	3	-	3	2	5	-	-
“ Western,	11	6	29	13	16	13	-	-	1	1	3	-	-
Plymouth, Second, . . .	6	2	125	75	40	73	2	2	4	2	3	-	-
“ Third,	11	8	19	14	5	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
“ Fourth,	3	2	24	20	4	19	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Worcester, Central, . . .	14	6	226	39	187	39	-	-	22	11	34	-	-
“ First Northern, . . .	10	5	19	9	9	8	1	-	-	-	2	-	-
“ First Eastern,	3	1	10	5	2	5	1	-	2	1	5	-	-
“ Second Eastern, . . .	2	2	34	18	16	15	2	1	-	-	2	-	-
“ First Southern, . . .	8	1	11	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
“ Second Southern, . . .	-	-	6	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
“ Third Southern, . . .	-	-	10	2	8	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
“ Western,	4	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	3	1	8	-	-
Winchendon,	1	1	10	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals,	497	197	2,301	974	1,285	852	80	24	558	253	415	-	-

COURTS AND PRISONS.

Showing Courts from which Prisoners were sentenced to State Prison, Reformatories and the State Farm in the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

COURTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	COURTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.
SUPERIOR.					DISTRICT—Con.				
Barnstable,	1	-	1	-	Essex, Second,	-	-	-	1
Berkshire,	1	5	-	1	“ Northern (Central), . .	-	2	3	8
Bristol,	11	11	1	2	“ Eastern,	-	-	-	11
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-	Franklin,	-	2	1	11
Essex,	19	24	5	11	“ Eastern,	-	-	-	-
Franklin,	-	12	-	-	Hampden, Eastern,	-	6	1	2
Hampden,	4	7	1	-	“ Western,	-	1	2	2
Hampshire,	3	3	-	2	Hampshire,	-	1	-	53
Middlesex,	19	35	2	15	“ Eastern,	-	1	-	7
Nantucket,	-	-	-	-	Middlesex, Central,	-	5	-	5
Norfolk,	7	5	2	7	“ First Northern,	-	-	1	2
Plymouth,	13	4	-	8	“ First Eastern,	-	2	1	18
Suffolk,	88	96	18	40	“ Second Eastern,	-	1	1	25
Worcester,	16	24	5	2	“ Third Eastern,	-	14	1	83
Totals,	172	216	35	88	“ Fourth Eastern,	-	5	1	17
MUNICIPAL.					“ First Southern,	-	-	2	7
Boston,	-	44	45	866	Norfolk, Northern,	-	-	-	1
Brighton,	-	-	2	29	“ East,	-	3	2	36
Charlestown,	-	3	1	13	“ Southern,	-	4	-	8
Dorchester,	-	2	-	1	“ Western,	-	-	3	12
East Boston,*	-	8	5	2	Plymouth, Second,	-	1	2	24
Roxbury,	-	10	5	13	“ Third,	-	-	5	6
South Boston,	-	12	4	67	“ Fourth,	-	1	1	9
West Roxbury,	-	-	-	1	Worcester, Central,	-	22	6	152
Brookline,	-	3	-	3	“ First Northern,	-	2	-	1
POLICE.					“ First Eastern,	-	-	-	6
Brockton,	-	3	4	99	“ Second Eastern,	-	-	9	5
Chelsea,	-	7	-	70	“ First Southern,	-	1	-	4
Chicopee,	-	2	-	-	“ Second Southern,	-	-	-	-
Fitchburg,	-	7	2	7	“ Third Southern,	-	1	-	13
Holyoke,	-	16	2	2	“ Western,	-	4	4	-
Lawrence,	-	22	12	69	Winchendon,	-	2	1	-
Lee,	-	2	1	6	Totals,	-	320	180	2,257
Lowell,	-	24	17	134	U. S. COURTS.				
Lynn,	-	4	1	120	U. S. Circuit,	3	10	-	-
Marlborough,	-	1	-	3	TRIAL JUSTICES.				
Newburyport,	-	1	1	9	Essex,	-	2	-	15
Newton,	-	2	1	18	Middlesex,	-	1	-	6
Somerville,	-	3	1	33	Nantucket,	-	-	-	1
Springfield,	-	6	5	13	Worcester,	-	1	-	-
Williamstown,	-	-	-	-	Totals,	-	4	-	22
DISTRICT.					RECAPITULATION.				
Barnstable, First,	-	1	-	2	Superior courts,	172	216	35	88
“ Second,	-	-	-	-	Municipal, police and district courts,	-	320	180	2,257
Berkshire, Central,	-	5	2	1	U. S. courts,	3	10	-	-
“ Northern,	-	7	4	7	Trial justices,	-	4	-	22
“ Southern,	-	4	1	2	Totals,	175	550	215	2,367
“ Fourth,	-	3	3	-					
Bristol, First,	-	1	3	58					
“ Second,	-	17	3	31					
“ Third,	-	5	4	11					
“ Fourth,	-	6	1	9					
Dukes County,	-	-	-	-					
Essex, First,	-	8	2	24					

* This is a district court, but for convenience it is put with the other Boston courts.

† Includes one who also had a sentence from superior court of Suffolk County.

‡ Includes one who also had a sentence from superior court of Bristol County.

INDUSTRIES IN ALL THE PRISONS.

In the preceding pages of the report there is an occasional reference to the work of the prisoners, but the tables immediately following have been prepared to give full particulars concerning the industries in the State Prison, the Massachusetts Reformatory, the Reformatory Prison for Women, the State Farm and the jails and houses of correction. In addition to the regularly established industries, some prisoners have been employed during the year at the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners in Rutland, and it is necessary to include this number in some of the tables to account for the entire population.

Table showing how Prisoners were occupied in the State Prison, the Massachusetts Reformatory, the Reformatory Prison for Women, the State Farm, and the Industrial Camp on Sept. 30, 1905.

EMPLOYMENTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Industrial Camp.	Totals.
ON PRODUCTIVE INDUSTRIES.						
Box,	36	-	-	-	-	36
Brush,	34	-	-	-	-	34
Chair caning,	-	34	-	164	-	198
Cloth,	58	195	-	-	-	253
Clothing,	83	-	-	-	-	83
Dairy,	-	-	2	-	-	2
Hand-made shoe,	54	-	-	-	-	54
Harness,	50	-	-	-	-	50
Hosiery,	45	-	-	-	-	45
Laundry,	-	-	28	-	-	28
Printing,	-	14	-	-	-	14
Sewing,	-	-	10	-	-	10
Shirt,	-	-	43	-	-	43
Shoe,	200	163	-	-	-	363
Sundries,	-	1	-	-	-	1
Trunk,	14	-	-	-	-	14
Wood chair,	-	55	-	14	-	69
Totals,	574	462	83	178	-	1,297
ON MISCELLANEOUS WORK.						
Attendants in hospital,	4	9	-	27	-	40
Barbers,	4	6	-	10	-	20
Blacksmiths, pipers, tinmiths, etc.,	9	-	-	4	-	13
Carpenters and helpers,	20	11	-	11	-	42
Clerks,	13	6	-	-	-	19
Firemen,	2	6	-	8	-	16
Gardeners, etc.,	2	14	-	-	-	16
Houseworkers, sweepers, etc.,	31	34	72	232	-	369
Machinists,	2	-	-	-	-	2
Painters and whitewashers,	8	9	-	15	-	32
Printers,	7	-	-	-	-	7
Runners and waiters,	87	52	-	-	-	139
Yard hands,	36	13	-	36	-	85
In engineer's department,	-	13	-	44	-	57
In farm work, etc.,	-	30	-	225	52	307
In library,	3	2	-	-	-	5

Table showing how Prisoners were occupied, etc. — Concluded.

EMPLOYMENTS.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Industrial Camp.	Totals.
ON MISCELLANEOUS WORK — Con.						
In repair shop,	23	15	-	18	-	56
In sewing room for prison,	-	-	25	42	-	67
In storehouse,	2	6	-	-	-	8
Totals,	253	226	97	672	52	1,300
NOT AT WORK.						
Confined to cells,	5	21	-	-	-	26
In hospital for treatment,	11	9	9	77	-	106
In trade schools for instruction,	-	115	-	-	-	115
Unemployed, including the aged, infirm, etc., not under the doctor's care,	-	-	-	195	-	195
Unassigned,	-	19	-	-	-	19
Totals,	16	164	9	272	-	461
RECAPITULATION.						
On productive industries,	574	462	83	178	-	1,297
On miscellaneous work,	253	226	97	672	52	1,300
Not at work,	16	164	9	272	-	461
Whole number of prisoners,	843	852	189	1,122	52	3,058

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INDUSTRIES.

Under the present law, no prisoners can be employed under the contract system, — that is to say, where their services are paid for by the day. The piece price plan is limited to cane-seating chairs and making umbrellas; all the other work must be done on public account, which includes the making of goods for public institutions, commonly known as the “public use system.” The restrictions as to the number of prisoners that may be employed in any given way are applied to particular industries, and not to institutions. At the State Prison and the Reformatory Prison for Women there is no piece work whatever, all the prisoners being engaged on the public account plan. The Massachusetts Reformatory employs some prisoners in caning chairs by the piece, — a form of work that is used mainly as an occupation for prisoners in the third grade; all the other work is done on public account. The main occupation at the State Farm is the cultivation of the land, but there is a little chair work carried on by a few prisoners, and at times quite a large number are engaged in cane-seating. Public account work is done in the houses of correction at Cambridge, Dedham, Deer Island, New Bedford and Pittsfield, also at the jail

in Lowell. All other work in the county prisons, which consists of chair caning, except at Springfield where umbrellas are made, is done under piece price agreements.

The kinds of work at each prison are sufficiently indicated in the following tables, and it is needless to describe them in detail. In the separate reports concerning the State Prison and the reformatories there are detailed financial accounts of the industries, showing the earnings from each kind of work ; and the income, stated in the following tables, is quoted from those accounts.

Table showing the Highest and Lowest Number of Prisoners employed in Each Industry in the State Institutions during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	STATE INSTITUTIONS.							
	STATE PRISON.		MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.		REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.		STATE FARM.	
	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.
Box,	38	33	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brush,	35	34	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chair caning,	-	-	36	24	-	-	189	110
Cloth,	64	56	214	190	-	-	-	-
Clothing,	85	65	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dairy,	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-
Hand-made shoe,	60	51	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harness,	50	48	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hosiery,	59	42	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laundry,	-	-	-	-	29	24	-	-
Printing,	-	-	15	14	-	-	-	-
Sewing,	-	-	-	-	14	3	-	-
Shirt,	-	-	-	-	57	36	-	-
Shoe,	200	190	175	160	-	-	-	-
Sundries,	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Trunk,	17	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wood chair,	-	-	60	51	-	-	14	14

Statement showing Expenditures and Receipts on Account of Each Industry in the Jails and Houses of Correction, together with the Highest and Lowest Number of Prisoners employed thereon, during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.	INDUSTRIES.	EXPENDITURES.				Receipts.	BALANCES.		NUMBER OF PRISONERS EMPLOYED.	
		Materials.	Salaries.	Tools and Imple- ments.	Totals.		Gain.	Loss.	Highest.	Lowest.
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	{ Broom, . . .	\$1,760 78	\$900 00	\$10 80	\$2,671 58	\$3,211 09	\$539 51	-	9	4
	{ Brush, . . .	5,432 54	6,600 00	63 40	12,095 94	12,022 03	-	-	45	45
	{ Mat, . . .	2,433 03	1,200 00	62 77	3,695 80	3,645 90	750 10	\$3,073 86	17	11
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	{ Shoe heels, . . .	3,264 15	1,105 00	358 05	4,727 20	4,724 88	1,497 68	-	75	42
	{ Clothing, . . .	35,547 32	1,523 33	608 42	37,679 07	36,467 99	-	-	184	103
Deer Island House of Correction, . .	{ Stone, . . .	11,373 09	2,385 00	2,301 04	16,059 13	25,236 92	9,177 79	1,211 08	93	19
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	2,766 31	2,766 31	-	86	41
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	1,274 12	1,274 12	-	30	7
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	542 30	542 30	-	14	14
Lowell Jail, . . .	{ Sorting waste, . . .	15,041 53	800 00	-	15,841 53	16,556 62	1,015 09	-	25	11
New Bedford Jail and House of Cor- rection, . . .	{ Flexible shoe soles, . . .	4,969 39	2,242 61	105 25	7,317 25	8,701 00	1,383 75	-	66	34
	{ Leather-board, . . .	13,332 24	2,215 36	204 87	15,752 47	19,396 33	3,643 86	-	66	34
Northampton Jail and House of Cor- rection, . . .	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	976 88	976 88	-	40	14
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	{ Shoe heels, . . .	1,910 60	936 00	51 91	2,898 51	2,984 54	86 03	-	47	23
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	840 51	840 51	-	54	26
Salem Jail and House of Correction, .	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	1,799 92	1,799 92	-	60	32
Springfield Jail and House of Correc- tion, . . .	{ Umbrella, . . .	-	1,296 00	494 51	1,790 51	3,576 66	2,086 17	-	104	53
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	{ Chair caning, . . .	-	-	-	-	3,316 55	3,316 55	-	123	88
Totals,	\$98,274 67	\$21,203 30	\$4,251 02	\$123,728 99	\$151,639 62	\$32,195 57	\$4,284 94	-	-

NOTE.—The above table shows only expenditures and receipts, and does not completely represent the state of the industries, as this could be shown only by taking into account the stock on hand. In those cases where the cash balance is on the wrong side, the industry would show a balance on the right side if the stock on hand and outstanding accounts were considered. The figures for Deer Island do not include some payments for salaries and a small receipt on account of chair caning, as that work has been discontinued in this prison.

If the stock on hand and accounts due were included in the statements the balance would be materially changed in some places. For example, in Cambridge the brush account has a balance on the wrong side, whereas, if the outstanding accounts were considered the industry would show a gain. The same observation applies to the clothing industry at Deer Island, where the stock on hand at the end of the year was considerably larger than at the beginning, and if taken into account would more than off-set the excess of expenditures over receipts. It should be noted that the earnings in county prisons where the balance is on the right side exceed the amount given as net income for the jails and houses of correction. The aggregate net income is found by deducting from the earnings the sum of \$1,784.25, which is the exact excess of expenditures over receipts at Cambridge.

Table relating to the Income from Industries in All Prisons during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, and showing the Proportion of Sentenced Prisoners engaged upon the Industries on that Date.

PRISONS.	Average Number of Prisoners employed.	Net Income.	SEPT. 30, 1905.		
			Whole Number of Sentenced Prisoners.	Number employed at Remunerative Industries.	Percentage employed at Remunerative Industries.
State Prison,	565	\$42,752 99	843	574	68
Massachusetts Reformatory,	474	15,099 82	852	462	54
Reformatory Prison for Women, . . .	83	10,225 24	189	83	44
State Farm,	154	2,587 82	1,122	178	16
Jails and houses of correction, . . .	927	27,910 63	3,005	956	32
Totals,	2,203	\$98,576 50	6,011	2,253	37

NOTE. — The figures for the State Farm and for the jails and houses of correction are based on cash transactions only, and do not include the stock on hand or the outstanding accounts.

In addition to the number remaining as above stated, there were also, at the Industrial Camp for Prisoners in Rutland, 52 prisoners who had been transferred from the State Farm and from houses of correction.

Table showing Prisoners employed in the Jails and Houses of Correction during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, with the Earnings, and the Percentage of Sentenced Prisoners employed on the Industries on that Date.

JAILS AND HOUSES OF CORRECTION.	NUMBER EMPLOYED.			Earnings.	SEPT. 30, 1905.		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.		Number of Sentenced Prisoners.	Number on Industries.	Percentage Industries.
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	71	60	66	—	282	69	24
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	75	42	49	\$1,497 68	98	70	71
Deer Island House of Correction,	277	122	224	*7,966 71	1,274	223	18
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	86	41	56	2,766 31	111	82	74
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	30	7	18	1,274 12	27	13	48
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	59	14	40	542 30	135	31	23
Lowell Jail,	25	11	22	1,015 09	94	22	23
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	132	77	107	5,026 61	170	93	55
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	40	14	24	976 88	46	28	61
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	47	23	36	86 03	71	40	56
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	54	25	41	840 51	56	48	86
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	60	32	49	1,799 92	103	42	41
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	104	53	78	2,086 17	193	98	51
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	123	88	117	3,816 55	170	97	57
Totals,	—	—	927	\$29,694 88	2,830	956	34

* Some payments for salaries and a small receipt on account of chair caning are not included in these figures, as that industry has been discontinued at Deer Island. The instructor who was employed in the chair shop has been transferred to the maintenance account.

Table showing the Number of Prisoners engaged upon Industries in All the Prisons, Sept. 30, 1905.

INDUSTRIES.	State Prison.	Massachusetts Reformatory.	Reformatory Prison for Women.	State Farm.	Jails and Houses of Correction.	Aggregates.
Box,	36	-	-	-	-	36
Broom,*	-	-	-	-	7	7
Brush,	34	-	-	-	45	79
Chair caning,	-	34	-	164	341	539
Cloth,*	58	195	-	-	-	253
Clothing,	*83	-	-	-	162	245
Dairy,	-	-	2	-	-	2
Flexible shoe soles,	-	-	-	-	46	46
Hand-made shoe,*	54	-	-	-	-	54
Harness,	50	-	-	-	-	50
Hosiery,*	45	-	-	-	-	45
Laundry,	-	-	28	-	-	28
Leather-board,	-	-	-	-	47	47
Mat,	-	-	-	-	17	17
Printing,	-	14	-	-	-	14
Sewing,*	-	-	10	-	-	10
Shirt,	-	-	43	-	-	43
Shoe,	200	163	-	-	-	363
Shoe heels,	-	-	-	-	110	110
Sorting waste,	-	-	-	-	22	22
Stone,	-	-	-	-	61	61
Sundries,	-	1	-	-	-	1
Trunk,	14	-	-	-	-	14
Umbrella,	-	-	-	-	98	98
Wood chair,	-	55	-	14	-	69
Totals,	574	462	83	178	956	2,253

* Goods made for public use only.

MAKING GOODS FOR PUBLIC USE.

The plan of making goods for the use of public institutions has now been in operation since 1898, and in the last year there was a considerable increase in the quantity of goods sold to the different institutions. It is desirable to extend this system as far as possible, and when the opportunity offers, additional articles will be supplied by the labor of prisoners. In the report of last year there was a reference to the possible need of some board of classification, which should prescribe the kind and quality of the goods to be made for public use; and it is again suggested that a committee, consisting of representatives of the various interests, might be able to formu-

late a plan at the beginning of the year that would allow the prisons to make more satisfactory goods than can be produced under the present system. As far as possible, every effort is now made to meet the needs of the respective institutions, and the officers in charge of these places have generally shown ready co-operation with the prison authorities by furnishing advance information as to what is required ; but the suggested amendment might give better results.

The State Prison continues to make the clothing sold to the different penal and charitable institutions. The clothing is made of cloth produced at Concord. Boots and shoes and hosiery, and some of the coarser kinds of cotton cloth, are also supplied from Charlestown. Some of the prisoners are engaged in weaving blankets ; these are not sold at Charlestown, but are returned to the reformatory at Concord to be finished.

The Massachusetts Reformatory makes all the woollen cloth that is disposed of for public use, and this year some improvements have been made in the manufacture which it is believed will produce a more satisfactory article. The blankets, some of which are woven here and some at Charlestown, have been generally approved, although in some cases there has been a call for a much cheaper article than it has been practicable to make. There have been some sales of chairs for public use, and a few other pieces of furniture have been made on special orders.

The Reformatory Prison for Women maintains a sewing-room, where women's dresses, men's outing shirts and many other garments are made for use in the different places ; and it also supplies, from the general industry, such white shirts as are ordered by the institutions.

At the house of correction in Cambridge brooms are made for public use, and this place also sells some brushes and mats in the same way.

The entire sales on account of public use amounted to \$169,687.59, an increase of \$12,521.75 over the sales of the preceding year. The following statement shows the receipts on this account for the year ending Sept. 30, 1905 : —

Sales of Goods to Institutions during the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905.

From the State Prison,	\$86,491 74
Massachusetts Reformatory,	72,102 34
Reformatory Prison for Women,	6,048 80
Cambridge House of Correction,	5,044 71
	<hr/>
	\$169,687 59

TEMPORARY INDUSTRIAL CAMP FOR PRISONERS.

When the industrial camp for prisoners was established at Rutland, it was supposed that the only work of any considerable amount would be that of reclaiming and cultivating the land; but during the present year it has been necessary to do so much in the way of building, that work on the land has been very much restricted. The superintendent reports a considerable lot cleared of brush, and some of it ploughed and planted. He says that the crops were unfavorably affected by the unusual condition of the weather at the time of harvesting. A fair crop of vegetables was raised, however, and under good conditions the product can be largely increased. In the general report at the beginning of this document there will be found a statement of the miscellaneous building work carried on at Rutland, with a detailed reference to the new hospital prison, which is intended for prisoners suffering from tuberculosis.

LIBRARIES.

No very marked changes have occurred in the number of volumes in the libraries in the different prisons. An addition of 215 books has been made to the library at the State Prison during the past year, and 74 volumes have been added to those formerly reported at the Reformatory Prison for Women; at the Massachusetts Reformatory a decrease of 524 appears, as compared with a year ago. In the jails and houses of correction the total number of volumes is substantially the same; in some instances a few less are reported than the year previous, and in others a slight gain. The total number of volumes in all the prisons is 28,580.

*Table showing the Average Number of Prisoners for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1905, and the Number of **Volumes** in the **Library** of Each Prison named in this Report.*

INSTITUTIONS.	Average Number of Prisoners.	Number of Volumes in Library.
State Prison,	852	8,563
Massachusetts Reformatory,	898	4,476
Reformatory Prison for Women,	186	1,847
State Farm,	1,049	800
Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners,	29	-
Barnstable Jail and House of Correction,	12	90
Boston Jail,	219	685
Cambridge Jail and House of Correction,	854	1,260
Dedham Jail and House of Correction,	91	500
Deer Island House of Correction,	1,369	5,441
Edgartown Jail,	-	-
Fitchburg Jail and House of Correction,	101	500
Greenfield Jail and House of Correction,	42	300
Ipawich House of Correction,	53	125
Lawrence Jail and House of Correction,	143	800
Lowell Jail,	106	294
Nantucket Jail and House of Correction,	-	-
New Bedford Jail and House of Correction,	199	456
Newburyport Jail,	10	-
Northampton Jail and House of Correction,	46	300
Pittsfield Jail and House of Correction,	74	512
Plymouth Jail and House of Correction,	76	150
Salem Jail and House of Correction,	144	236
Springfield Jail and House of Correction,	201	950
Taunton Jail,	40	120
Worcester Jail and House of Correction,	220	675
Total,	-	28,580

REPORT OF THE AGENT FOR AIDING DIS- CHARGED PRISONERS.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

During the year ending Sept. 30, 1905, assistance was furnished to 1,833 discharged male prisoners.

Nine hundred and ninety-seven who had been inmates of the Massachusetts Reformatory, and 293 men from the Temporary Industrial Camp for Prisoners, in Rutland, were helped from the State appropriation for that purpose, as follows :—

Railroad fares to homes or places of employment,	\$1,382 36
Board while seeking work,	2,066 30
Clothing,	1,241 01
Tools,	160 26
Miscellaneous (employment fees, medicine, etc.),	129 40
Total,	\$4,979 33

One hundred and ninety-three men released from the State Prison in this and former years were aided as follows :—

Railroad fares,	\$515 46
Board,	1,454 96
Clothing,	628 83
Tools,	174 34
Miscellaneous,	94 46
Total,	\$2,868 05

Of the other 350 prisoners, 346 were from the county prisons of Massachusetts, and 4 were from prisons in other states. These men were aided from the funds of the Massachusetts Society for Aiding Discharged Convicts, at an expense of \$1,525.68.

In addition to the 1,833 men who have been helped in a manner that involved the expenditure of money, fully one-half as many more have applied for aid, who, through repeated failures to help *themselves*, had proved that they were unworthy.

That it is both right and wise to give every man from prison an opportunity for a new start in life, no well-intentioned person will deny ; but when the same man, after being repeatedly helped, shows that he has no real desire to work, but prefers to live by dishonest practices, he forfeits the goodwill of society, and should bear the consequences without complaint.

To their credit, the majority of discharged prisoners are willing to make an effort to live honestly ; and many succeed. There are some who lack the qualities essential to prosperity ; they seem to be the "crooked sticks" of the world, that will not fit anywhere. That they are utterly hopeless I do not presume to say, but nothing apparently other than the working of a miracle will seem to change them. Let us hope that in their cases the miracle may be worked, and that either through the influence of religion, education or bitter experience they may learn to keep from the evils that lead to imprisonment.

Of 177 men released from the State Prison during the year, but 2 have been returned for other crimes, although 25 were sentenced to that institution who had served terms there before. In considering these figures, one is led to regret that the good resolutions that tend to keep so many out for the first year are not longer lived up to.

Sincerely thanking those who have contributed to the success of this work in the past, and trusting in their continued support and encouragement,

I am very respectfully yours,

GEORGE E. CORNWALL,

Agent.

ROOM 24, STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Oct. 2, 1905.

REPORT OF THE AGENT FOR AIDING DIS- CHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS.

To the Board of Prison Commissioners :

In the year covered by this report I find 1,734 women have been helped in various ways, 932 have been furnished employment, 661 sent to home and friends, 87 sent to hospitals, 9 to insane asylums, 35 have died and 10 have been married.

The expenditures for the year ending Oct. 1, 1905, have been as follows : —

For food and lodging,	\$642 50
Clothing,	649 45
Employment fees,	72 00
Travel,	1,000 00
Books, stationery, etc.,	99 55
Incidentals,	185 40
<hr/>	
Total,	* \$2,648 90

I realize more and more that the work of reformation among discharged female prisoners is a fearful responsibility. No end of disappointments mark the progress of each and every woman who is trying to reach the standard demanded of her by society. The requirements being increased and the standard higher, there are necessarily more failures to reach the goal. The dependence for help and instruction demanded by those who are trying to reform is often appalling in its magnitude.

A review of the year's work calls to mind two interesting cases where perseverance gained the victory over two "incurables." After repeated efforts on the part of one to break away from her old

* Out of the appropriation for 1905 there has been paid to the Temporary Asylum for Discharged Female Prisoners at Dedham the sum of \$264, for the support of women charged with crime whose cases were disposed of without sentence. In the preceding year there was paid to the Temporary Asylum the sum of \$354.50 for the same purpose.

habits, a letter came, asking for a few lines of advice to help her decide her future. I gladly gave what she asked for, and am happy to say this woman is now an honored wife, and happy in her home life. The other, after a hard struggle to lead an honest life, at last decided to join a band of workers, and is now on her way to the Philippines.

I find the indeterminate sentence law is working for good among the hopeful cases, — a marked improvement over last year.

Thus the work goes on, bringing shadows and sunshine to the workers engaged in the uplifting of these unfortunate women, and Christ is the end of the law for righteousness.

I wish to express my gratitude to all officials for their courtesy to me during the past year, and shall try to merit a continuance for the year to come.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGIA ABBIE RUSSELL,

Agent.

ROOM 9, STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Oct. 2, 1905.



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Superintendent, and a

Commissioner of Correction.

Prisoners.

Prisoners.

Prisoners and women.

of jail and houses of correction.

of Massachusetts Department.

of Department of Jail and House of Correction.

of State Prison.

Prisoners.

Prisoners and women, and a

Prisoners.

of jail and houses of correction.

of Massachusetts Department.

of Department of Jail and House of Correction.

of State Prison.

Prison and houses of correction, and a

Prison and houses of correction.

Prisoners, Jail and House of Correction at

Prisoners and houses of correction.

Prisoners, Jail and House of Correction at

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